# **Public Document Pack**

**Becky Shaw** 

Chief Executive

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3 March 2023

#### **Cabinet**

A meeting of the Cabinet will be held at 10.30 am on Tuesday, 14 March 2023 at County Hall, Chichester, PO19 1RQ.

## **Becky Shaw**

Chief Executive

# The meeting will be available to watch live via the Internet at this address:

http://www.westsussex.public-i.tv/core/portal/home.

### **Agenda**

### 10.30 am 1. **Declarations of Interest**

Members and officers must declare any pecuniary or personal interest in any business on the agenda. They should also make declarations at any stage such an interest becomes apparent during the meeting. Consideration should be given to leaving the meeting if the nature of the interest warrants it. If in doubt please contact Democratic Services before the meeting.

# 10.35 am 2. **Minutes** (Pages 3 - 8)

Cabinet Members are asked to agree the minutes of the meeting held on 31 January (cream paper).

# 10.40 am 3. **Performance and Resources Report - Quarter 3 2022/23** (CAB07\_22/23) (Pages 9 - 150)

Report by the Chief Executive and Director of Finance and Support Services.

Each of the Scrutiny Committee Chairmen will be invited to speak for up to three minutes to provide the views of their Committee on respective parts of the Quarter 3 Performance and Resources Report.

Each of the main Minority Group Leaders will be invited to speak for up to three minutes on the Quarter 3 Performance and Resources Report.

The Cabinet will discuss the report prior to taking any decision.

## 11.20 am 4. Urgent Matters

Items not on the agenda which the Chairman of the meeting is of the opinion should be considered as a matter of urgency by reason of special circumstances.

## 11.25 am 5. **Emerging Issues**

Cabinet Members are invited to provide any verbal updates on current significant issues for their respective portfolios which may benefit from discussion.

# 11.35 am 6. **Date of Next Meeting**

The next meeting of the Cabinet will be held on 26 April 2023.

#### To all members of the Cabinet

### Webcasting

Please note: this meeting is being filmed for live and subsequent broadcast via the County Council's website on the internet. The images and sound recording may be used for training purposes by the Council.

Generally the public gallery is not filmed. However, by entering the meeting room and using the public seating area you are consenting to being filmed and to the possible use of those images and sound recordings for webcasting and/or training purposes.

#### Cabinet

31 January 2023 – At a meeting of the Cabinet held at 10.30 am at County Hall, Chichester, PO19 1RQ.

Present: Cllr Marshall (Chairman)

Cllr Crow, Cllr Hunt, Cllr A Jupp, Cllr N Jupp, Cllr Lanzer, Cllr Russell, Cllr Urquhart and Cllr Waight

Apologies were received from Cllr J Dennis

Also in attendance: Cllr Baxter (virtual), Cllr Boram (virtual), Cllr Britton, Cllr Lord (virtual), Cllr Montyn and Cllr Wall (virtual)

#### Part I

#### 22. Declarations of Interest

22.1 No declarations of interest were made.

#### 23. Minutes

23.1 Resolved – that the minutes of the meeting held on 29 November 2022 be approved as a correct record and that they be signed by the Chairman.

# 24. Council Plan and Revenue Budget 2023/24 (CAB05\_22/23)

- Cabinet considered a report by the Director of Finance and Support Services. The report was introduced by Cllr Jeremy Hunt, Cabinet Member for Finance and Property who outlined the proposed budget and recommendations. The Cabinet Member emphasised the focus on the County Council's priorities in the Council Plan and the underpinning theme of climate change. He described the main pressures, details of the local government finance settlement, which had been more favourable than anticipated, the deferral of Adult Social Care reform and of the introduction of the care cost cap. The Council continues to lobby government for realistic funding to meet the challenges ahead, however the Cabinet Member was pleased to present a balanced budget for 2023/24 without unnecessary use of reserves and whilst increasing investment into frontline services. The Cabinet Member explained the proposal to increase the Council Tax by 2.99% for general fund services and 2% for Adult Social Care and advised of an additional recommendation for residual funds from the Council Tax Support Grant to be used to support the continuation of discretionary hardship schemes for those eligible and in receipt of Council Tax Reduction across the Districts and Boroughs.
- 24.2 The Cabinet Member set out the challenges and risks ahead including economic impacts, cost of living, cost and demand of services and the changes to Government legislation in the pipeline.

- Assumptions will be tested throughout the year to help understand short and long-term pressures. Monitoring will also continue through the performance reports against the Council Plan.
- 24.3 The Chief Executive, Becky Shaw, explained outcomes of a recent meeting with a wide cross section of partners who welcomed the engagement and opportunity to comment on the Council Plan and Revenue Budget 2023/24. An enthusiasm for joint lobbying and a continued focus on growth for the County economy were key themes from the session, as is the challenge of inflation faced by partners and the voluntary sector.
- 24.4 Chairmen from the Health and Adult Social Care, Fire and Rescue Service, Communities, Highways and Environment and Performance and Finance Scrutiny Committees supported the budget for 2023/24 whilst recognising the continued financial uncertainties and challenges ahead. Scrutiny Chairmen welcomed the additional investment in frontline services and particularly the one-off £4.5m for highways.
- 24.5 Cllr Kirsty Lord, Leader of the Liberal Democrat Group discussed the national context and the challenges faced by residents including cost of living and energy cost pressures. She considered the longer-term position and challenges faced with setting the budget, but supported the approach of forward planning.
- 24.6 Cllr Caroline Baxter, Leader of the Labour Group thanked officers for presenting a balanced budget for 2023/24. She considered Key Performance Indicators in areas of Social Care and Children's Services and felt these crucial services are underfunded by Government and welcomed an opportunity to support lobbying for fairer funding for West Sussex. Cllr Baxter explained the challenge and concern of increased council tax for residents amidst cost of living pressures and suggested an annual budget survey be undertaken which involved residents in future proposals.
- 24.7 The Leader thanked the Minority Group Leaders and Scrutiny Chairmen for their contributions and help in shaping the budget. The following points were made by Cabinet Members in discussion:
  - ➤ Cllr Jacquie Russell, Cabinet Member for Children and Young People welcomed the proposals as set out in the report and discussed the focus on holistic prevention work in 2023/24 to reduce the number of children entering care. Improvement work will continue in the service. Placements for children remain a challenge but the investment in the Capital Programme will improve the sufficiency of accommodation for children the County Council cares for.
  - ➤ Cllr Nigel Jupp, Cabinet Member for Learning and Skills outlined the net expenditure for the portfolio once grants have been passported to schools. Home to school transport remains the biggest challenge with cost pressures increasing. Cllr Jupp discussed the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) deficit and hoped there would be Government clarification on the

- issue soon. Cllr Jupp highlighted the Government announcement for increased funding for schools.
- Cllr Duncan Crow, Cabinet Member for Community Support, Fire and Rescue said the difficult decisions made in previous years have enabled the Council to be in a strong position to focus on areas that make the biggest difference to the County. He explained expenditure across his portfolio which includes libraries, records services (births, deaths, marriages), Community Hub and Fire and Rescue Services. He explained the benefit of additional investment in the Fire and Rescue Service allowing for additional Firefighters and 7 day crewing for improved response times.
- ➤ Cllr Amanda Jupp, Cabinet Member for Adults Services described the budget as positive and the increased investment in the portfolio to support population increases and the rising complexity of care needs. The delay in Social Care Reform has been helpful for the budget.
- ➤ Cllr Bob Lanzer, Cabinet Member for Public Health and Wellbeing welcomed the budget and considered the Council Tax increase of 4.99% as competitive when compared to the rate of inflation and increase of charges for other services. Cllr Lanzer explained the Public Health Grant settlement is awaited and services can be maintained through reserves in the meantime. The establishment and launch of the Integrated Care System will seek to improve lives and maximise the approach to partnership working.
- ➤ Cllr Steve Waight, Cabinet Member for Support Services and the Economy outlined the major change programmes underway and the benefits to be gained from the smarter working programme, including more flexible working options, a reduction in emissions and rationalising the operational office estate. Cllr Waight highlighted the proposed capital spend and the work ongoing in the digital area which will bring new business to West Sussex. The Council are on track to exceed Government targets for rural connectivity and growth programmes have levered additional investment from both Government and the private sector.
- ➤ Cllr Deborah Urquhart, Cabinet Member for Environment and Climate Change and Deputy Leader endorsed the Council Plan and Revenue Budget 2023/24 and advised of the income from solar projects, decarbonisation of the estate and Operation Watershed. Cllr Urquhart outlined the significant investment in frontline services and congratulated the Cabinet Member for Finance and Property.
- ➤ Cllr Paul Marshall, Leader of the Council explained the principal aim of the budget is to deliver the Council Plan and its underpinning theme of climate change. Whilst there is still uncertainty, the budget is robust, and the gross spend is significant. The cost of inflation and contracts for commissioned services are significant but funding these is important so that the Council can continue to provide vital services for residents. The additional provision for corporate pressures is not likely to be available in future and will still be tested in terms of deliverability. Census data shows the

County has seen a population increase of over 9% since 2011 which therefore reflects increased demand upon services. The Leader was pleased to present a balanced budget which continues to invest in services, commits to deliver positive outcomes for residents and businesses whilst meeting the needs of the most vulnerable within it.

24.8 Cllr Hunt thanked colleagues for their comments and reassured members and residents that despite the challenges, the County Council is in a sound financial position with a continued focus on the priority outcomes in the Council Plan.

#### 24.9 Resolved – that Cabinet:

- 1. Endorses the County Council budget for 2023/24, as set out in Appendix A including the recommendations listed on pages 13-15 and Annex 1, the Capital Strategy set out in Annex 2(a) and the Treasury Management Statement set out in Annex 2(b), for approval by County Council on 17 February 2023.
- 2. Endorses an allocation of £0.4m be made available from the Covid-19 reserve to provide funding to support the continuation of the Council Tax hardship schemes across the West Sussex district and boroughs for 2023/24.

## 25. Appointments to Outside Bodies (CAB06\_22/23)

- 25.1 Cabinet considered a report by the Director of Law and Assurance.
- 25.2 Resolved that Cabinet:
- Appoint Cllr Sean McDonald and Cllr Ashvin Patel to the Littlehampton Harbour Board for the remainder of the council term (May 2025)
- 2. Add the Shelley Copthorne Educational Foundation to the County Council list of Outside Bodies
- 3. Appoint Cllr Bruce Forbes to the Shelley Copthorne Educational Foundation for the remainder of the council term (May 2025).

# 26. Emerging Issues

26.1 Cabinet Members provided updates on possible and planned Trade Union strike action and mitigations in place to deal with the impact of these, particularly in relation to fire and rescue. Members will be updated accordingly on developments.

# 27. Date of Next Meeting

27.1 The next meeting of Cabinet will be held on 14 March 2023.

The meeting ended at 12.05 pm

Chairman



Key decision: Yes Unrestricted Ref: CAB07 (22/23)

## **Report to Cabinet**

14 March 2023

Performance and Resources Report - Q3 2022/23

# Report by the Chief Executive and Director of Finance and Support Services

Electoral division(s): All

# **Summary**

The Performance and Resources Report (PRR) provides an overview of performance across the County Council for the third quarter of 2022/23. The report in *Annex B* brings together information on performance, finance, workforce and risk management, all of which are reported on an outturn forecast basis and describes how the County Council is delivering its four priorities and overarching theme as set out in Our Council Plan.

The PRR is designed to be used by all Scrutiny Committees as the main source of the County Council's performance information. Annex A – How to Read the Performance and Resources Report, provides some key highlights on the structure, content and a detailed matrix of the sections of the report for the different scrutiny committees.

The latest performance targets measured against 'Our Council Plan' is currently reporting 54% 'Green', 25% 'Amber' and 21% 'Red'. Full details are set out in paragraphs 13 - 16 of the Summary Report and the individual Portfolio Sections.

The forecast revenue outturn position for 2022/23, as at the end of December 2022, is £11.386m against services but as a result of an overachievement on investment income of £4.3m, the overall position is a forecast £7.141m overspend. Full details are set out in paragraphs 38 - 40 of the Summary Report and the individual Portfolio Sections.

The Capital Programme is profiled to spend £132.5m in 2022/23, an increase of £19.5m when compared to the 2022/23 revised programme value of £113.0m. Full details are set out in paragraphs 73 - 78 of the Summary Report, individual Portfolio Sections and Appendix 3.

Of the 12 Workforce Key Performance Indicators, nine are rated 'Green', two 'Amber' and the self-declaration employee disclosure rate is rated as 'Red'.

#### Recommendations

That Cabinet: -

- (1) Notes the information contained in the Q3 Performance and Resources Report in Annex B,
- (2) Agrees the allocation of £4.409m from the Contingency Budget to Service Portfolio Budgets to fund the nationally agreed £1,925 pay award for NJC, HAY, SMG and Public Health staff from April 2022.

## **Proposal**

# 1 Background and context

- 1.1 The attached Performance and Resources Report (PRR) provides an overview of performance across West Sussex County Council during the third quarter of 2022/23; bringing together information on performance, finance, workforce and risk management, all of which are reported on an outturn forecast basis.
- 1.2 The County Council is focused on delivering the four priorities as set out in Our Council Plan: keeping people safe from vulnerable situations, a sustainable and prosperous economy, helping people and communities fulfil their potential and making the best use of resources. These are all underpinned by tackling climate change. For the third quarter, the measures reported:
  - 54% (28 of 52 measures) as 'Green'
  - 25% (13 of 52 measures) as 'Amber'
  - 21% (11 of 52 measures) as 'Red'
- 1.3 During the third quarter of the year, the council has continued to respond to on-going challenges which have impacted the operations and priorities of the council; with the County Council supporting the fallout of the on-going war in Ukraine, the cost-of-living pressures and national recruitment issues all impacting how we deliver services for our residents.
- 1.4 The forecast outturn position for 2022/23 is currently projecting a £7.141m overspend. This overall position assumes that identified in-year costs related to the Covid-19 pandemic will be fully funded from government grants received. A further review of the costs and impact of the Covid-19 pandemic within service areas is underway which may lead to further expenditure being charged to the Non-Ringfenced Covid-19 Grant before the closure of the financial year. This position excludes the use of the general contingency budget which is held separately.
- 1.5 Key financial risks arising across services include:
  - Increasing inflation price rises on energy, goods and services,
  - Uncertainty in the growing demand and complexity of need in adults and children's,
  - Increases in the cost of adult lifelong services provision,

- The high use of external placements for children,
- The cost of children in need of secure or specialist placements,
- The rising numbers of children requiring high needs education,
- The non-delivery and delays in achieving savings.
- Recruitment and retention issues within the workforce.
- 1.6 Of the 12 Workforce Key Performance Indicators, nine are rated 'Green', two 'Amber' and one 'Red'. The 'Red' measure relates to the self-declaration disclosure rate which has reduced this quarter.

# 2 Proposal details

- 2.1 The main purpose of this report is for Cabinet to note the latest forecast outturn position as at the end of December 2022. However, there remains a decision for Cabinet in relation to the allocation of Contingency Budget towards staffing pay awards.
- 2.2 In November, the National Joint Council (NJC) Local Government Services pay agreement was settled. A flat rate payment of £1,925 for each scale point was agreed, along with an additional day annual leave from 2023/24. HAY, SMG and Public Health employees have also agreed to these same terms. The Fire and Rescue Service and Soulbury 2022/23 pay awards remain unsettled.
- 2.3 It is proposed that £4.409m of funding is drawn from the Corporate Contingency Budget and allocated to Portfolio service budgets to fund the additional pay award cost over and above the 3.75% which has been held in service budgets during 2022/23.

# 3 Other options considered (and reasons for not proposing)

3.1 The additional costs associated with the nationally agreed NJC pay award could be charged directly to the service budgets without additional funding allocated from corporate contingency. However, as part of the 2022/23 budget, a pay contingency budget was created for this purpose and therefore it is appropriate to allocate the funding to individual service budgets.

## 4 Consultation, engagement and advice

- 4.1 The Executive Leadership Team and Cabinet Members have considered the Performance and Resources Report and the proposed updates to the Key Performance Indicators.
- 4.2 All scrutiny committees review their specific sections of the Performance and Resources Report quarterly, with the Performance and Finance Scrutiny Committee having an overview of the whole document. Committees can make recommendations to the relevant Cabinet Member and/or refer issues to other scrutiny committees as appropriate.

#### 5 Finance

5.1 The financial implications are as set out in the Performance and Resources Report.

# 6 Risk implications and mitigations

6.1 A summary of the Corporate Risk Register is included within the Performance and Resources Report, reflecting the key risks facing the council and the planned action to mitigate the risks where possible.

# 7 Policy alignment and compliance

7.1 Reporting on the council's performance and activities through the Performance and Resources Report to Cabinet is part of the governance of the council, ensuring transparency in its reporting arrangements and enabling scrutiny by members and the public.

Becky Shaw Taryn Eves

Chief Executive Director of Finance and Support Services

**Contact Officer:** Rebecca Taylor, Financial Planning Manager, 0330 222 6878, rebecca.taylor@westsussex.gov.uk

# **Appendices**

Annex A - How to Read the Performance and Resources Report

Annex B - Performance and Resources Report - Q3 2022/23

Portfolio Sections - 1-10

Appendices - 1-5

## **Background papers**

None

# **How to Read the Performance and Resources Report**

The Performance and Resources Report is separated into three sections:

- a. **Summary Report** This is an overall summary of the County Council's performance for the latest quarter, including:
  - Performance highlights of the County Council's priorities,
  - Overview of the revenue and capital financial outlook across the organisation,
  - Key corporate risks with a severity graded above the set tolerance level,
  - The latest workforce overview.
- b. Sections by Portfolio (Sections 1-10) There is a separate section for each Portfolio:
  - Section 1 Adults Services
  - Section 2 Children's and Young People
  - Section 3 Learning and Skills
  - Section 4 Community Support, Fire and Rescue
  - Section 5 Environment and Climate Change
  - Section 6 Finance and Property
  - Section 7 Highways and Transport
  - Section 8 Leader
  - Section 9 Public Health and Wellbeing
  - Section 10 Support Services and Economic Development

Each Portfolio covers the following aspects in detail which enables the Section to be viewed as a stand-alone report:

- Updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, including Climate Change performance measures.
- The KPI measures compare the last three periods this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.
- The arrows on the KPI measures represent the direction of travel compared to the previous quarter:
  - A green upward arrow <sup>7</sup> shows that performance is improving,
  - A red downward arrow > shows performance is worsening, and,
  - An amber horizontal arrow → shows no change to performance.
- Overview of the revenue financial position, risks and issues and savings update.
- Overview of the capital financial position and latest capital performance.
- Details of the corporate risks which have a direct impact on the specific portfolio.

# c. **Supporting Appendices –** Other documents within the report include:

- Appendix 1 Revenue Budget Monitor and Reserves
- Appendix 2 Service Transformation
- Appendix 3 Capital Monitor
- Appendix 4 Corporate Risk Register Summary
- Appendix 5 Workforce

# **Scrutiny Committee Documents**

The relevant elements of the Performance and Resources Report will be made available to Scrutiny Committees prior to being considered by Public Cabinet.

A detailed matrix of the Performance and Resources Report's Sections and Appendices by Scrutiny Committee responsibility is shown below.

The areas in 'dark green' indicate the Scrutiny Committees areas of responsibility and the areas in 'light green' denote areas of the report which should be included in the Committee papers for context and consideration where appropriate.

# **PRR Matrix – Documents for Scrutiny Committees**

		CYPSSC	HASC	CHESC	FRSSC	PFSC
Summary Report						~
Section 1	Adults Services Portfolio		V			V
Section 2	Children and Young People Portfolio	~				V
Section 3	Learning and Skills Portfolio	~				~
Section 4	Community Support, Fire and Rescue Portfolio			~	V	V
Section 5	Environment and Climate Change Portfolio			~		~
Section 6	Finance and Property Portfolio					V
Section 7	Highways and Transport Portfolio			~		V
Section 8	Leader Portfolio					V
Section 9	Public Health and Wellbeing Portfolio		~			~
Section 10	Support Services and Economic Development Portfolio					V
Appendix 1	Revenue Budget Monitor and Reserves					~
Appendix 2	Service Transformation					~
Appendix 3	Capital Monitor					V
Appendix 4	Corporate Risk Register Summary	~	V	~	V	V
Appendix 5	Workforce					V

KEY:		
	Specific Committee Responsibility	
	To Be Included In Committee Papers	

# Performance and Resources Report - December 2022

The County Council's business performance, financial performance (revenue and capital), savings delivery, workforce and risks are monitored through the Quarterly Performance and Resources Report produced for consideration by senior officers, Cabinet and all members including Scrutiny Committees.

## Introduction

1. This report provides an overview of the performance across West Sussex County Council for the third quarter of 2022/23 (October - December). It brings together information on performance, finance, workforce and risk management, all of which are reported on an outturn forecast basis and describes how the County Council is delivering on our Council Plan - as refreshed in February 2022. The Council Plan sets out four priorities: keeping people safe from vulnerable situations, a sustainable and prosperous economy, helping people and communities fulfil their potential and making the best use of resources. These are all underpinned by tackling climate change.

## **National Context**

- 2. Rishi Sunak became the Leader of the Conservative Party and Prime Minister in October 2022. The Chancellor delivered his Autumn Statement on 17<sup>th</sup> November 2022, which included several key announcements, including:
  - Adult Social Care reforms planned to be implemented with effect from October 2023 have been delayed until at least October 2025. The funding allocated by the Government for the implementation of the reforms has been repurposed to provide financial support with current adult social care pressures.
  - Local authorities have been given increased flexibility in setting council tax by increasing the referendum limit to 3% per year from April 2023; and local authorities with adult social care responsibilities being able to increase the adult social care precept by up to 2% per year. Any increase above the 5% would legally require the local authority to hold to hold a referendum.
  - Core schools' budgets to increase by £2.3bn in 2023/24.
  - Existing expressions of interest for Investment Zones, including the West Sussex bids, will no longer be taken forward with the government refocusing on the current Investment Zone programme.
  - A further £1 billion of funding in 2023/24 for an extension of the Household Support Fund.
  - The household energy price cap will be extended for one year beyond April 2023 but made less generous with typical bills capped at £3,000 a year instead of £2,500.

- From April 2023, business rate bills will be updated to reflect changes in property values since the last revaluation in 2017. Targeted support packages worth £13.6 billion over the next five years will support businesses as they transition to their new bill. Local authorities will be fully compensated for the loss of income because of these measures.
- State pension payments, means-tested benefits based on a person's income and savings and disability benefits will increase in-line with inflation by 10.1%.
- The pensions 'triple lock' will be kept.
- 3. The Office of Budget Responsibility (OBR) published its economic and financial outlook alongside the Autumn Statement, which indicated that the economy is now in recession and forecasts that the economy will shrink by 1.4% in 2023, before bouncing back to growth in 2024.
- 4. Within November's Autumn Statement, the Government re-confirmed its commitment to the Levelling Up White Paper which set expectations about a move towards devolution 'County Deals' for most counties by 2030. It also signalled a range of challenges which are likely to impact on West Sussex County Council as the government's focus and funding is deliberately shifted away from the Southeast. Further devolution deals were announced with deals agreed with Suffolk County Council, Norfolk County Council and with local authorities in the Northeast devolution agreement.
- 5. The Government has commissioned an independent review of integrated care systems. The review, undertaken by Rt Hon Patricia Hewitt will examine governance arrangements and the aim of reducing health disparities and improving outcomes. It is due to make recommendations to the Government in March 2023.
- 6. In December, the Education Secretary announced that The Schools Bill, "will not progress" to its third reading in the House of Lords, although ministers "remain committed" to its objectives. The Government had wanted to use the Schools Bill to legislate on issues such as the structure and regulation of academies, school attendance and school funding.
- 7. The Bank of England's Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) sets its monetary policy to meet a 2% inflation target. The Committee has continued to raise interest rates during the quarter, from 2.25% in September to 3.0% in November and 3.5% in December to help curb inflation. The Bank warned that further increases in interest rates may be required as it tries to meet its inflation target and on 3<sup>rd</sup> February 2023, rates increased to 4%.
- 8. The UK's gross domestic product (GDP) measured by the Office for National Statistics, reports that GDP fell by 0.3% in the three months to November 2022.
- 9. The latest figures from the Office for National Statistics (ONS) on the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and Retail Price Index (RPI) shows that the level of inflation has overall remained static during the quarter, but with some early optimism that rates maybe starting to reduce. The monthly rates are reported in **Table 1** below.

Table 1 - Inflation Table - CPI and RPI Rates

	April 2022	June 2022	Sept 2022	Oct 2022	Nov 2022	Dec 2022
Consumer Price Index (CPI)	9.0%	9.4%	10.1%	11.1%	10.7%	10.5%
Retail Price Index (RPI)	11.1%	11.8%	12.6%	14.2%	14.0%	13.4%

- 10. Inflation continues to add significant pressure on the County Council's finances, as well as on residents, businesses and the local economy. Whilst managing these pressures, the County Council continues to focus spend on those areas that contribute to the delivery of the County Council's priority outcomes as set out in the Council Plan.
- 11. Global inflationary pressures have also continued during the quarter. The unrelenting increasing energy prices, which is also affecting the cost of general goods and services, is fuelling rises in inflation; although there has been some small relief in petrol and diesel prices, which remain volatile. This is alongside the continuing supply and demand pressures caused by the conflict in Ukraine and continued impact of the Covid-19 pandemic around the world. These global events are contributing to rising cost-of-living pressures which is increasing household expenses for families and the deterioration in the outlook for UK growth.
- 12. The UK's unemployment rate in November increased to 3.7%, an increase of 0.2% since August. In West Sussex, the unemployment rate in November was 2.7%, slightly below the South East average of 2.8%. Growing recruitment and retention challenges are expected to continue and may be further exacerbated by wider job market conditions. Areas of pressure include social workers, care workers and occupational therapists; planners, property specialists, transport and development experts; and lawyers. A new way of working post pandemic, the cost-of-living pressures and a tighter job market means that there is significant competition in roles across services. This is having an impact on the County Council's ability to recruit and retain staff.

# **Performance Summary - Our Council Plan**

13. This section reports the latest performance position against Our Council Plan measures. **Table 2** displays the performance by priority with details of each measure reported in each respective Portfolio Section. The values within the table refer to the number of KPI measures included within each portfolio.

**Table 2 - Performance by Portfolio/ Priority** 

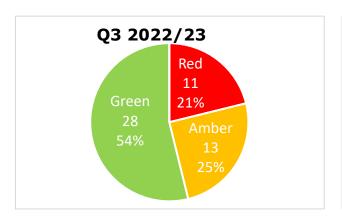
Portfolio / Priority	RAG Status	Keeping People Safe from Vulnerable Situations	A Sustainable and Prosperous Economy	Helping People and Communities to Fulfil Their Potential	Making the Best Use of Resources
	R	1	0	2	0
Adults Services	Α	0	0	3	0
	G	3	0	1	0
	R	2	0	0	0
Children and Young People	Α	2	0	0	0
	G	1	0	0	0
-	R	0	0	3	0
Learning and Skills	Α	0	0	0	0
	G	0	1	3	0
Community Cunnert Fire and	R	0	0	0	0
Community Support, Fire and	Α	1	0	0	0
Rescue	G	1	0	4	0
	R	0	0	0	0
Environment and Climate Change	Α	0	1	0	0
	G	0	1	0	0
	R	0	0	0	1
Finance and Property	Α	0	0	0	0
	G	0	1	0	2
	R	0	1	0	0
Highways and Transport	Α	0	0	1	0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	G	0	2	0	0
	R	0	0	0	0
Leader	Α	0	0	0	0
	G	0	3	0	0
	R	0	0	0	0
Public Health and Wellbeing	Α	1	0	3	0
_	G	2	0	0	0
Command Commission and Form	R	0	0	0	1
Support Services and Economic	Α	0	0	0	1
Development	G	0	0	0	3

Key:

Cells highlighted in blue indicate the KPIs which include a **Climate Change** (CC) measure. Overall, there are three Climate Change measures.

14. **Table 3** and **Graph 1** below provides a comparison of the latest RAG status on the 52 measures with the previous reporting period.

**Graph 1 - Performance Comparison With Previous Reporting Period** 



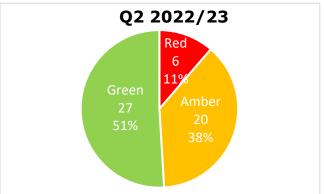
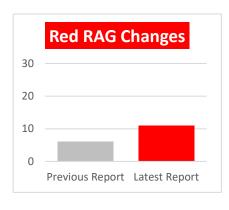
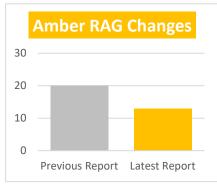
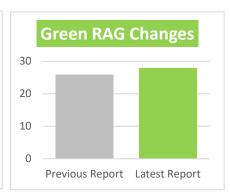


Table 3 – Performance Comparison With Previous Reporting Period







- 15. The quarter three performance position reports the following:
  - 54% (28 of 52) met target (Green). An increase of one when compared to the previous quarter.
  - 25% (13 of 52) close to meeting their target (Amber). A net decrease of seven measures from the previous quarter.
  - 21% (11 of 52) target not met (Red). A net increase by five measures from the previous quarter.
- 16. The overall number of measures monitored has reduced from 53 to 52 following the decision in the Q2 Performance and Resource Report to no longer measure Measure 4 (Suspected scam victims receiving a pro-active intervention from the Trading Standards Service). There are few new referrals received from the National Trading Standards Scam Team which means this is no longer a robust measure.

# **Performance Summary by Priority**

17. During this period, the key focus has been on the ongoing global energy crisis, cost of living and inflation which is impacting operations across the council. The County Council has no additional resources to address the impact and is anticipating additional cost and demand pressures in many services. The County Council with focus on partnership working, continues to help those most in need to access the range of support that is available.

# **Keeping People Safe from Vulnerable Situations**

- 18. As in previous quarters, the health and social care system in West Sussex continues to experience significant pressure and this dominates the work of the Adults Social Care Service. The reasons for this are complex but include high demand from our partners, in particular our NHS partners requiring support in the timely and safe discharge of patients from hospitals within the county.
- 19. Performance within the Children and Young People and Learning and Skills Portfolios continues to be focused on maintaining a strong trajectory of improvement as we prepare for the imminent Inspection of Local Authority Children's Services (ILACS) by Ofsted. Recent activity has focused on individual teams where the overall level of performance has fallen below the standard we expect. The service has therefore maintained a strong focus with staff and managers on providing evidence of the impact of our improvement activity at a child and family level. The Children First Transformation programme continues to provide a strong framework for service delivery and is on track with the implementation of Phase 2 of the Family Safeguarding model and the implementation of the Phase 2 Fostering Service Redesign. Both will support the improvements in practice and performance in readiness for a full Ofsted inspection.
- 20. To ensure we are ready for the ILACS, the Practice Improvement Plan has been reviewed and supports activity across all service areas within children's social care and early help. This activity remains closely aligned to performance reporting and is reported to the independent Improvement Board monthly. The Improvement Board has acknowledged the hard work being undertaken and that there is evidence that the service is maintaining the trajectory of improvement.
- 21. During the third quarter, we have continued to see levels of high demand within the areas of early help and social care, and the service has managed this well. Recruitment remains a high priority the successful recruitment of 35 qualified social workers from the South Africa programme are now being inducted into the service from January 2023.
- 22. Teasel Close children's home in Crawley, which is run by the County Council, received an Ofsted rating of 'good' in all areas following an inspection in November 2022. This means the five Council run children's homes that are currently open are rated good or outstanding.
- 23. Working closely with district and borough councils and charities, the County Council is using its £4.8m Household Support Fund from Government, to provide a package of financial and practical assistance to people over the winter. The Community Hub continues to offer direct support to vulnerable households, providing essentials such as food and supplies, as well as grants to those who are eligible. The Council used some of the Household Support Fund to provide food vouchers for every West Sussex child who receives benefits-related free school meals over the October half-term and the Christmas school holiday. Over 17,000 children were given a £15 supermarket voucher for October and a £30 voucher for Christmas supporting around 10,000 households.
- 24. Library staff are on hand to help and advise people on a range of topics, from money management to energy saving, job seeking and benefits guidance. Regular library events such as 'Story Time' are free for families of young children. The 'Here

To Help - Cost Of Living' webpages, also has practical advice and information about how to apply for extra local and national support.

# A Sustainable and Prosperous Economy

- 25. With more than three-times the average rainfall in November, the highways network in West Sussex experienced significant flooding. The teams have been working hard with contractors to keep the roads open and repair any subsequent damage to the carriageways that has been caused by the water.
- 26. A total of £7.4m worth of road surface improvement schemes were completed at 197 sites countywide in the six months to October. 138km of road were either completely resurfaced or had surface dressing or micro-asphalt treatments. Approximately 22,000 potholes were filled. Three programmes of work include 38 resurfacing schemes, totalling approximately 25km in length and representing a total investment of £3.4m. The new road surfaces are more durable and resilient to potholes and the material used has 11% less carbon emissions than traditional methods. Micro-asphalt treatment was used at 113 sites, with a total of 44km roads treated and representing a £2m investment and 46 sites, totalling 69km of road, received surface dressing treatment, representing an investment of £2m.
- 27. Construction is also progressing well at three Active Travel Fund schemes in West Sussex which will all provide improvements for cyclists and pedestrians. Findon/Findon Valley involves construction of a 2km-long shared cycleway/walkway route, the A283 Steyning Road in Shoreham includes construction of a crossing for both pedestrians and cyclists to access the river-side footway and cycleway and improve connectivity for schoolchildren. The A259 Drayton, near Marsh Lane will provide improvements for pedestrians, cyclists and bus passengers
- 28. Bus services are still recovering from the impacts on patronage from the pandemic, therefore, a national 'BusIt' campaign has been launched to attract older people with free bus passes to return or start to use buses again. Additionally, a national £2 capped bus fare launched on 1st January 2023.
- 29. Bidding as part of a South-East consortium, the council has been successful in securing funding from the Department of Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS) to deliver the Create Growth programme across the county to provide support for high-growth potential businesses in the creative industries. The consortium has been awarded funding of £1.275m to deliver business support as part of the programme, over three years. The programme will work to develop the network of investors in the region and build their understanding of the benefits of investing in this sector. This will increase the ability of creative businesses in the South-East to access private investment in the future. The programme is being set up now and will launch in January 2023.

# **Helping People and Communities Fulfil Their Potential**

30. Recent events to help residents stay safe include free electric blanket testing, free kitchen fire safety events at Worthing and the relaunch of the road safety show 'Safe Drive Stay Alive'. Biker Down workshops run by firefighters have also taken place, which teaches vital skills that could save a life in the event of a road traffic

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collision involving a motorcycle. A new free online interactive home fire safety check tool has also been launched.

31. Outbreaks of avian bird flu in captive birds, both domestic and commercial, were confirmed in West Sussex for the first time. Working with DEFRA's Animal and Plant Health Agency, 3 km control zones were established around premises in Billingshurst (October), Arundel (November) and Horley (December) and Trading Standards Officers conducted doorstep visits within those areas to identify keepers of birds and ensure that they were being suitably housed whilst DEFRA vets dealt with the outbreaks.

# **Making the Best Use of Resources**

- 32. Ongoing investment in low carbon and renewable energy by the County Council continues to help towards offsetting the increase in the authority's own energy bills and to lead by example in demonstrating the importance to invest in clean energy. The County Council also works with a specialist energy partner to market the energy it generates and operate its batteries to deliver the best financial return.
- 33. The County Council's draft Budget and Council Plan for 2023/24 was published and subject to review by the Performance and Finance Scrutiny Committee in January, an all-Member Day and budget and Council Plan session with key stakeholders. The Cabinet is proposing that the Council will spend £1.86 billion (gross) next year to deliver vital services to a growing population of 882,676 residents and 37,400 businesses across West Sussex. Final decisions on the budget are to be made at the Full Council meeting on 17<sup>th</sup> February.

# Responding to the Challenges Posed by Climate Change

- 34. A new zero-carbon school in Burgess Hill has been approved that will generate its own energy and offer excellent educational facilities to 900 local children. The County Council has approved capital funding of £57m to build the secondary school. Its position will provide maximum sunlight to nearly 1,000 solar photovoltaic panels generating an estimated 296,000 kWh of energy a year. The LED lighting will be controlled automatically by daylight and movement detection. The main building will have fresh air ventilation, keeping the school a comfortable temperature, even in extreme heat. The school will include a Special Support Centre enabling children with special educational needs and disabilities to be supported to learn in a mainstream school.
- 35. Government funding of up to £1.8m has been awarded to the West Sussex Chargepoint Network, which is providing electric vehicle (EV) chargepoints for residents in areas which have no off-street parking. Working with district and borough council partners this will help fund up to 450 on-street chargepoints and 100 in public car parks.to encourage people to consider making the switch to electric vehicles.
- 36. Around £0.250m of funding was secured to undertake studies at 37 schools, which will identify site specific measures to decarbonise these sites. Within the next few weeks, we expect to have sufficient information to plan a future programme of school decarbonisation works and be ready to bid for funding to undertake the works.

37. The County Council has approved a £7.7m investment in solar PV and battery storage systems for schools and corporate buildings across the county. This investment builds on the council's existing portfolio of solar PV assets delivered through the Solar Power for Schools Programme. The PV and battery systems will help to reduce energy costs and contribute to achieving net zero operation. Following approval, the Energy Services team has started a procurement exercise to commission an installer to deliver the programme over the next three years.

# **Finance Summary**

- 38. The forecast outturn position for 2022/23 is showing an overspend on services of £11.386m as at the end of December, but overall, **a net £7.141m overspend** when non-service budgets are factored in. This is a decrease of £2.349m when compared to September. This reduction in overspend is largely due to a £4.3m increase in forecast investment income following in-year increases in interest rates and a £1.7m one-off repayment in relation to our recycling and waste handling contract. There has however been an increase in overspending of £3.5m within the Children and Young People Portfolio overspend position, largely due to the cost of Children We Care For placements.
- 39. This overall position assumes that any in-year costs related to the Covid-19 pandemic will be fully funded from government grants received. The overall position of £7.141m overspend excludes the use of the general contingency budget which is held separately.
- 40. **Table 4** details the revenue outturn position by Portfolio and full details are set out in the Portfolio Sections at the end of this report.

Table 4 -Year End Outturn Position and Variation MOVEMENT PROJECTED OUTTURN CURRENT NET VARIATION SINCE Q2 VARIATION **PORTFOLIO** BUDGET % (£'000) (£'000) (£'000) Adults Services 216,645 0.0% 0 0 Children & Young People 140.707 9.0% 3.530 12,600 28,922 (430) Learning & Skills 2.9% 841 (102)Community Support, Fire & Rescue 46,181 -0.1% -66 Environment & Climate Change 64,097 -4.6% (880) -2,980 Finance & Property 24,171 -1.8% (273)-423 Highways & Transport 38,744 500 1,600 4.1% Leader 3,056 -9.8% (212)-300 Public Health & Wellbeing 0 0 0.0% 0 Support Services & Economic Development 41.813 114 0.3% (157)Non Portfolio 49,169 -4,245 (4,325)0.0% Total 653,505 7.141 1.1% (2.349)-6,000 -2,000 2,000 6.000 10,000 14,000 (£'000) and Provides a view of the O2 projection and Reports the Q3 projection

# **Contract Inflationary Pressures**

- 41. The overspend reported in service budgets of £11.386m includes £7.4m of identified service specific inflationary pressures, largely in relation to energy prices and contract inflation increases. Of this £7.4m, £7.0m had been forecast at quarter two.
- 42. This quarter three report has identified a further £0.7m of inflationary pressure within Fire and Rescue and Highways and Transport but also a reduction of £0.335m for SEND transport and highways maintenance. A full breakdown is set out in **Table 5**.

Table 5 – Projected Inflation Costs Above Budgeted Assumption – (i.e Above What Was Built Into Service Budgets in February 2022 - Excluding Pay)

Estimated Addition	Overspend Reported	
Various Portfolios	Previously reported inflation – Q1 and Q2 Performance and Resources Reports	£6.991m
Fire and Rescue	re and Rescue Joint Control Centre – Estimated inflationary price rise	
Learning and Skills	SEND Home to School Transport – Reduction in estimated inflation pressure due to running costs	(£0.135m)
Highways and Transport	Highways Maintenance – Reduction in previous forecast inflation price rise	(£0.200m)
Highways and Transport	Street Lighting PFI – Forecast energy price rise	£0.400m
Total Net Additional Inf	£7.356m	

## **Pay Inflation**

- 43. A number of pay awards were settled in quarter three. As a result, £6.1m of cost pressure has been identified. This increase is not included in the £11.386m overspend reported above but instead will be funded through corporate contingency.
- 44. The 2022/23 National Joint Council (NJC) local government services pay agreement was settled on 1<sup>st</sup> November 2022. A flat rate payment of £1,925 for each scale point was agreed, along with an additional day of annual leave from 2023/24. HAY, SMG and Public Health employees have also agreed to these same terms.
- 45. Following the transfer of the Capita contract staff on 1<sup>st</sup> October, it has been agreed that these staff, excluding Accounts Payable, should also receive a £1,925 pay increase, in-line with the NJC settlement. The Accounts Payable staff have received a pay award following a review of the structure and the assimilation onto the NJC pay scales. These two items together create a pressure of £0.200m.
- 46. However, there are two pay award agreements which remain unknown at this time:

- Fire and Rescue The latest offer of 7% for 2022/23 is currently being considered by unions. If agreed, this will create an additional pressure of £0.900m.
- Soulbury In December 2022, unions rejected the Soulbury national employers' pay offer of £1,925 increase on all pay points. The national employers will be meeting to consider its response. It should be noted that many of the County Council's Soulbury paid staff are funded through the Dedicated Schools Grant and therefore will not significantly impact on the financial position.
- 47. Full details of pay awards funded through corporate contingency are set out in **Table 6**.

Table 6 -Details of the Staffing Pay Award Budgeted Assumption

Estimated Additional Funding Required to Cover 2022/23 Pay Awards	Total
NJC, HAY, SMG – Funding required to be drawn from Contingency Budget to fund agreed pay award settlements - £1,925 pro-rata per scale point. This is in addition to the 3.75% held in service budgets.	£5.010m
In-year National Insurance savings.	(£0.601m)
Pay Award -Q3 Requested Contingency Draw Down	£4.409m
Earmarked Funding - Fire and Rescue Pay Award - 4%. This is in addition to the 3% held in Fire and Rescue Service budgets.	£0.900m
Earmarked Funding - Staff transferred from Capita in October. Agreed £1,925 pay award in-line with NJC agreement. Estimated value.	£0.200m
Soulbury – Service budgets are holding pay award of £1,925 pro-rata per scale point.	£0.000m
Pay Award – Estimated Total Additional Funding Required	£5.509m

# **Contingency Budget Overview**

48. The County Council's Contingency Budget for 2022/23 is £9.156m. In addition, £4.969m is being held in an Inflation Contingency Reserve. Therefore, the **total corporate contingency available is £14.125m**. Based on the pressures from the pay award as set out in **Table 6**, Cabinet is asked to agree the draw-down of £4.409m from the Contingency Budget and to continue to hold £1.1m within contingency towards the unsettled pay agreements. This means that £8.616m of contingency remains unspent and will be used to mitigate the £7.141m overspend set out in this report.

## **Covid-19 Grant Overview**

- 49. The cost of the Covid-19 pandemic to the County Council continues to be monitored separately from the portfolio budgets agreed by County Council. It is expected that all the costs of the pandemic incurred in 2022/23 will be funded from existing government grants that are being held in reserves.
- 50. **Table 7** details the remaining Covid-19 grants carried forward into 2022/23, and the 2022/23 and 2023/24 expenditure projections. Details on planned expenditure are reported in each portfolio section of this report.

Table 7 - Listing of Revenue Covid-19 Grants Transferred into 2022/23 and Commitments

Covid-19 Grant	Details	Grant Balance 2022/23 (£)	2022/23 Projected Use (£)	2023/24 Projected Use (£)
Non-Ringfenced Grant	Non-Ringfenced Grant – Supporting pressures created by the pandemic	£12.976m	£6.692m	£0.384m
Local Council Tax Support	Non-Ringfenced Grant – To fund the local council tax hardship scheme	£3.000m	£2.600m	£0.400m
Contain Outbreak Management Fund	Ringfenced Grant – To help reduce the spread of coronavirus and support public health.	£3.651m	£2.043m	£1.608m
Emergency Active Travel Fund	Ringfenced Grant – To protect and increase travel services.	£0.170m	£0.170m	£-
Travel Demand Management	Ringfenced Grant – Support in developing travel demand management programme.	£0.021m	£0.021m	£-
Total		£19.818m	£11.526m	£2.392m

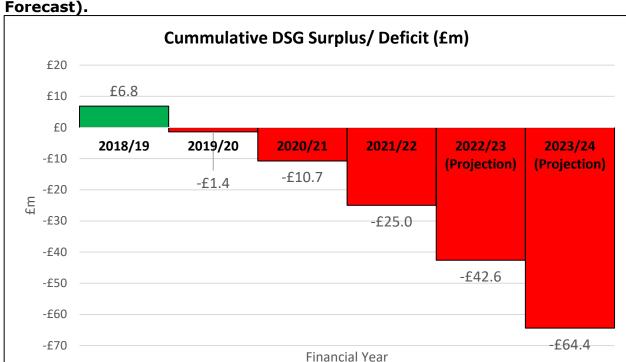
- 51. The end of year forecast as set out in this report, assumes that £6.692m of the Non-Ringfenced Grant is used to fund Covid-19 expenditure this year. A review by services is underway to identify any further costs being incurred that are a direct result of the pandemic. The funding of these and whether there is further eligible spend above the £6.692m of grant already assumed to be used will be considered as part of the year end process and included in the quarter four report.
- 52. With regards to the Contained Management Outbreak Fund (COMF), the UK Health Security Agency has confirmed that COMF funding can be carried forward into 2023/24. It is currently forecast that £1.6m will be available in 2023/24 to help control any further outbreaks of Covid-19 and its consequences and any on-going costs that are being incurred.

## Financial Outturn - Service Portfolios

- 53. The individual portfolio sections within the report explain the key movements which have occurred during the year, however the main areas to note within and across portfolios include:
  - Increasing inflation price rises on energy, goods and services,

- Uncertainty in the growing demand and complexity of need in adults and children's,
- Increases in the cost of adult lifelong services provision,
- The high use of external placements for children,
- The cost of children in need of secure or specialist placements,
- The rising numbers of children requiring high needs education,
- The non-delivery and delays in achieving savings,
- Recruitment and retention issues within the workforce.
- 54. **The Adult Services Portfolio** is currently operating in a turbulent environment because of the multiple priorities. These challenges are being compounded by staff vacancies, both within the service itself and within the financial assessment teams due to the critical inter-dependency that exists which is impacting on the overall service provided. Amongst the implications is that key information sources have become less reliable and less timely than usual which is impacting on the service and also the ability to accurately forecast. Plans are being put in place for improvements.
- 55. Between the budgets for Older People and Lifelong Services cohorts, the aggregate overspending on care costs is forecast to be around £14.1m. However, the forecast overall continues to be a balanced budget because the pressure is still expected to be mitigated from a mix of largely one-off opportunities including underspend from staffing vacancies and the use of one-off income. Further information on the Adults Services Portfolio is detailed within **Section 1**.
- 56. The **Children and Young People's Portfolio** is projecting a £12.6m overspend, an increase of £3.5m when compared to the September position. This increase arises primarily from an increase in the forecast for Children We Care For placement costs, increases in the cost for Direct Payments and a downturn in the expected in-year savings being delivered. All current savings are on-track to be delivered in 2023/24. Further details on the Children's and Young People's Portfolio position are detailed within **Section 2**.
- 57. The **Learning and Skills Portfolio** is projecting a £0.8m overspend, a reduction of £0.4m when compared to the September position. This is largely due staff vacancies, a reduction in forecast transport inflation costs and a reduction in the SEND transport projection as more school transportation routes are being undertaken internally by the County Council's Transport Bureau.
- 58. The **Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)** Reserve is currently reporting a £25.0m deficit, with a further £17.6m projected overspend in 2022/23 currently forecast. This is expected to increase the overall DSG overspending position to £42.6m by the end of the financial year. This remains a key concern for the County Council and work is underway through the Delivery and Better Value Initiative and work with an external expert, to consider options to address these pressures.
- 59. The Government has confirmed that the statutory override for the DSG deficit will remain off the County Council's balance sheet for a further three years, however the deficit will continue to have an adverse effect on the County Councils cash flow and return on investments. In 2022/23 it is expected to have resulted in £0.7m of lost income.
- 60. **Graph 2** shows the cumulative DSG surplus and deficit which has amounted over the last five years. Further details are reported within **Section 3**.

Graph 2 - Six Year DSG Reserve Balance (Including 2022/23 and 2023/24



Footnote:

An additional £0.5m retrospective adjustment relating to the Early Years allocation for 2021/22 has been received from the Department for Education. Therefore, the reserve balance for 2021/22 reported above has been updated from the £25.5m deficit reported in Q2.

- 61. The **Environment and Climate Change Portfolio** is reporting a £3.0m underspend, a £0.9m increase in the projected underspend when compared to September. Within this service, the value of recyclate has fallen significantly as supply and demand markets start to return to pre-pandemic normality. The largest driver of recycling income is waste paper with the value of this commodity strengthening from £95 per tonne in March 2022 to a high of £124 in August 2022. Since this time, the value has decreased significantly each month, and as at November, the value was £18 per tonne; its lowest level since August 2020. Therefore, the forecast additional income generation has been reduced from £2.8m projected in September, to £1.7m.
- 62. Following a review by the Waste Team of the contractual and accounting obligations under the Recycling and Waste Handling Contract, it was agreed that a £1.730m repayment was due to the County Council, relating to the year-end cash position of the service provider in 2017/18. This repayment is due to be received in February 2023 and has now been included in the forecast. Further details are reported within **Section 5**.
- 63. The **Highways and Transport Portfolio** is reporting a £1.6m overspend, an increase of £0.5m when compared to September. Inflationary cost pressures remain the major issue within the portfolio.

- 64. The **Support Services and Economic Development Portfolio** is reporting a small overspend of £0.1m, a reduction of £0.2m when compared to the September forecast. Further details are reported within **Sections 7 and 10**.
- 65. Community Support Fire and Rescue, Finance and Property, Leader and Public Health and Wellbeing Portfolios are all reporting an overall underspend or balanced budget. Further details are reported within Sections 4, 6, 8 and 9.
- 66. Within the **Non-Portfolio** budget, the County Council has benefited from the recent in-year rises in the Bank of England's interest rates. In April 2022, the Bank Rate was 0.75% and the investment income budget for 2022/23 was set on that basis. However, this has increased incrementally during the year to 3.5% in December 2022 and recently increased to 4% on 3rd February 2023. This growth has affected the return on investments and has led to an increase in forecast **Investment Income** of £4.3m. This additional income is helping to mitigate the in-year overspending position on service budgets.
- 67. A review of the County Council's **Doubtful Debt** is currently underway. Early indications suggest that further funding will be required to add to the Doubtful Debt Provision before the completion of the financial year. Further details will be provided within the Q4 Outturn Performance and Resources Report.

# **Savings Update**

- 68. The 2022/23 savings target across all portfolios is £11.0m. In addition to these planned savings, there remains £12.4m of 2020/21 and 2021/22 savings which were not delivered on an on-going basis; largely due to the Covid-19 pandemic. Therefore, the **overall savings to be achieved in 2022/23 totals £23.4m**.
- 69. To ensure that all savings are monitored with the same robustness and urgency, **Table 8** has amalgamated all the savings which need to be delivered; including several savings within the Adults Services Portfolio which have been reviewed and updated to reflect revised saving plans. These amended plans have been created and supported by an external service provider and have been developed for each individual workstream. Although the delivery of savings to date within Adults Services has been limited, these savings plans are on track to be delivered going forward.
- 70. Of the total £23.4m savings:
  - £11.0m (47%) is currently judged as on track and has either been delivered as originally envisaged or the saving has been achieved via a different way,
  - £2.3m (10%) is judged as amber where further work is required to ensure the saving can be achieved. If these savings are not achieved, the projected overspend position will increase, and
  - £10.1m (43%) is judged as red with no expectation of delivery in year. Red savings are reflected within the forecast outturn position.
- 71. The savings area of highest concern relates to Adult Services where £8.6m of savings are no longer expected to be achieved in year and a further £2.3m are judged as 'at risk' due to setbacks in the ability to instigate saving plans to deliver a

full year effect. These savings are expected to be fully delivered in 2023/24. Any of the £2.3m not delivered in full may increase the forecast overspend. The 2023/24 budget set on 17 February 2023, assumes that any undelivered savings in 2022/23 are delivered in full in 2023/24.

72. **Table 8** summarises the savings position by Portfolio. Details of each saving is included in the separate portfolio sections.

**Table 8 - Savings by Portfolio** 

	RED	AMBER	GREEN	BLUE	
Total Savings 2022/23	Significant Risk Not Delivered (£000)	At Risk (£000)	On Track Delivery In Year (£000)	Delivered On an On- Going Basis (£000)	Total (£000)
Adults Services	8,595	2,308	4,045	890	15,838
Children & Young People	1,000	0	1,900	300	3,200
Learning & Skills	150	0	0	750	900
Community Support, Fire & rescue	0	0	70	0	70
Environment & Climate Change	20	0	900	650	1,570
Finance & Property	150	0	0	0	150
Highways & Transport	0	0	426	0	426
Leader	0	0	0	0	0
Public Health & Wellbeing	0	0	0	0	0
Support Services & Economic Development	200	0	400	438	1,038
Non-Portfolio	0	0	0	250	250
TOTAL	10,115	2,308	7,741	3,278	23,442

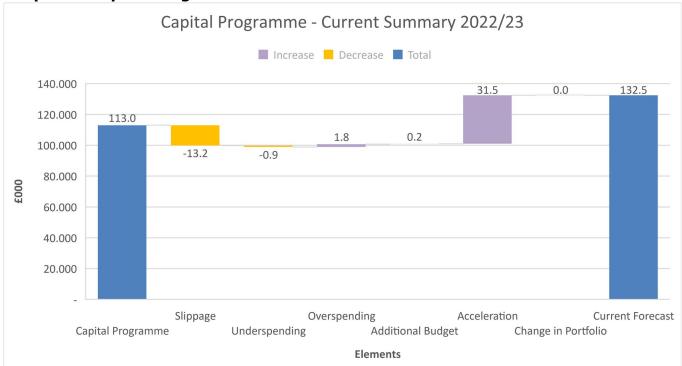
Savings Key:

R Significant Risk A At Risk G On Track B Delivered

# **Capital Programme Summary**

- 73. The Capital Programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a Capital programme totalling £120.3m for 2022/23. The Performance and Resources Report at Outturn 2021/22 agreed £7.3m of this programme, originally profiled to spend in 2022/23, be accelerated into 2021/22, revising the capital programme for 2022/23 down to £113.0m.
- 74. Within the year, profiled spend has increased overall by £19.5m, to give a forecast spend for 2022/23 of £132.5m. **Graph 3** demonstrates movements from the revised capital programme to the current forecast.





#### Key:

Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years.

Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget.

Additional Budget – Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

# **Capital Programme Inflation Risk**

- 75. Inflationary pressures are also impacting on the Capital Programme; but the impact varies by project and is dependent on the stage of each scheme and the type of material required. The Department of Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy (BEIS) publish monthly statistics on the cost of key areas of business, including the cost of building materials and components. The BEIS reported material price index for 'All Work' increased by 15.5% in October compared to the same month the previous year.
- 76. Some in-flight projects have contingency or inflation provision built-in to their agreed funding allocation. Also, block maintenance and annual works programmes can be managed through delivering less schemes in the short-term. This is likely to compound the problem in future years and would require more funding at a later date for the maintenance and work programmes to get back on track. This will need to be considered through future budget setting and the annual review of the capital programme.
- 77. Any projects which require additional funding to cover inflation will continue to go through the County Council's set governance procedure as set out in the Capital Strategy which ensures all aspects are assessed on a case-by-case basis. The Capital Programme contained a £7m inflation budget, earmarked to specifically support inflation pressures.

78. The Capital Programme Budget Monitor, as at December 2022, is presented in **Appendix 3** and in detail within the individual portfolio sections.

# **Transformation Projects**

79. The County Council has a number of transformation projects currently underway which include the Smartcore Programme, Insourcing and Procurement of IT Services, Better Use of Technology within Children Services, Support Services Programme, Smarter Ways of Working Programme and Adult Services Professional Services Support. As at December 2022, £5.3m of project costs have been incurred in 2022/23. Detail around the progress of these projects is included in **Appendix 2 -** Service Transformation and Flexible Use of Capital Receipts Summary.

# **Corporate Risk**

- 80. The County Council's risks are reviewed regularly to ensure risks are understood and appropriate mitigation takes place. The Risk Register is reported to the Regulation, Audit and Accounts Committee. Risks are scored considering their likelihood and impact and full details can be found in the council's Risk Management Strategy report.
- 81. There have been no overall changes to the scores during the quarter. The latest Corporate Risk Register Summary can be found in **Appendix 4.** The full Corporate Risk Register is scrutinised by the Regulation, Audit and Accounts Committee. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.

## Workforce

- 82. The Workforce Key Performance Indicators, detailed in **Appendix 5**, reports that of the 12 KPIs with a RAG status indicator, nine are 'Green', two are 'Amber' and one is 'Red'.
- 83. The 'Amber' and 'Red' measures relate to:
  - The number of new apprentice starters since the start of the financial year excluding schools (Amber),
  - A continuing high-level of sickness recorded on the rolling 12-month average calendar days lost to sickness (Amber), and
  - Lower than targeted self-declaration disclosure rate (Red).

# **Sections and Appendices**

Section 1: Adults Services Portfolio

Section 2: Children and Young People Portfolio

Section 3: Learning and Skills Portfolio

Section 4: Community Support, Fire and Rescue Portfolio Section 5: Environment and Climate Change Portfolio

Section 6: Finance and Property Portfolio
Section 7: Highways and Transport Portfolio
Section 8: Leader (including Economy) Portfolio
Section 9: Public Health and Wellbeing Portfolio

Section 10: Support Services and Economic Development Portfolio

Appendix 1: Revenue Budget Monitor and Reserves

Appendix 2: Service Transformation and Flexible Use of Capital Receipts Summary

Appendix 3: Capital Monitor

Appendix 4: Corporate Risk Register Summary

Appendix 5: Workforce Information



# **Adults Services Portfolio – Summary**

# **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
  - The County Council's priority continues to be providing support to individuals who need critical and urgent care or where there are urgent safeguarding concerns, ensuring people are supported immediately or within 24-48 hours. The service continues to do everything it can to reduce the delay people may be experiencing and are working closely with partners to ensure that vulnerable people are kept safe and well, in line with the commitment set out in Our Council Plan. Even with this pressure the County Council is continuing to stay within target in respect of the percentage of contacts to adult social care that progress to a social care assessment; reflecting the impact of interventions throughout the customer journey to meet people's needs through information and advice as well as the provision of preventative services. In addition, due to the retrospective nature of measuring the percentage of adult social care assessments that result in a support plan, with quarter one data updated to 67.4%, this shows that the service is performing within the target range for this measure.
  - Following a review of data collation, the percentage of adults with a learning disability in paid employment has risen to 3% this quarter and is now much closer to the 3.8% performance target. Moving into quarter four, as set out in the report, work will continue to engage the market to support people to prepare and access paid employment, with a plan to develop a Peer Support role, within Adult Social Care and continued strength-based customer reviews which should increase the numbers of people in paid employment further.
  - More and more people in West Sussex are caring for our most vulnerable residents with 30,000 carers now registered for information, advice and support with our partner Carers Support West Sussex. Carers Rights Day fell within the quarter and was central to a communications campaign to highlight the support that is available to carers across the county. This year there was a particular focus on the support available to carers juggling work and care or looking to return to work or training following a period of caring. This work is integral to the commitments set out in Our Council Plan and the Adult Social Care Strategy to provide the necessary help and support to families/close support networks and ensure people are kept safe and well.
  - During the third quarter, the Domestic Abuse and Sexual Violence team within Community Safety and Wellbeing received 195 victim/survivors allocated across the team. This equated to 164 victim/survivors referred into our highrisk Independent Domestic Violence Advisory (IDVA) service, 19 adult victim/survivors into our Independent Sexual Violence Advisory (ISVA) service and 12 young people referred into our Young Person's Sexual Violence Advisor (YPSVA). Across the team we currently have an active and open caseload of 403 victim/ survivors accessing our support.
  - Worth Services saw a significant increase of referrals into the service throughout November and December 2022 compared to 2021 and 2020. This

spike in referrals correlated with the World Cup 2022 and the festive season. For quarter three, there were 482 referrals compared with 300 in 2022 and 253 in 2021. This is a 61% increase in referrals into the service in this quarter from last year.

During this quarter, there have been 15 Multi Agency Risk Assessment
Conference's (MARAC) in West Sussex and three MARAC Plus meetings. This
has involved 302 case discussions for high-risk victims and perpetrators of
domestic abuse. The Worth training team within the Community and Safety
Team have also delivered seven various domestic abuse training sessions to
223 professionals working in West Sussex. This training has included
Domestic Abuse Awareness, Impact on Children, Risk Assessment and MARAC
and Domestic Abuse in Young Persons Relationships.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

	Adults Services	2022/23 Target	Performance	Over The Last 3	Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	<b>Measure:</b> Outcomes of safeguarding risk – where a risk was identified, the outcome/expected		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	2	
	outcome when the case was concluded for Section 42 enquires (% where risk remains).	8.26%	7.40%	9.47%	8.04%	7	G
13	Reporting Frequency: Quarterly						

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: The Q3 data shows a slight improvement towards the 2022/2023 target figure. A number of these enquiries will continue to have "risk remains" as people are able to choose to live with risk with no further action required from Adult Social care.

**Actions:** Audits have been undertaken and the findings are being analysed to help seek assurance that risk is appropriately being managed. Work continues to be undertaken on closing safeguarding enquiries open longer than 60 days.

<b>Measure:</b> Percentage of contacts to adult social care that progress to a		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	1	
social care assessment	20% -30%					G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly		23.2%	22.0%	23.7%	7	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: Performance continues to be within target continuing to reflect the impact of interventions throughout the customer journey to meet people's needs through information and advice as well as provision of preventative services. Improvements have been made within business-as-usual activity, which has resulted in increased resolution at Care Point 2. Further areas are being identified which along with access review programme should maintain or improve the position.

**Actions:** The Access Review Programme is ongoing and will provide a better understanding of the complexity of need being presented at the front door, to ensure ongoing good performance against this measure and maximising opportunities for resolution within the community. Business as usual activity is also identifying measures to make improvements in the pathway.

ing.	85.5%	Mar-21 85.5%	Jun-21	Sep-21				
rmance Analysis: Dec-22: Couing.		85 50/ <sub>2</sub>						
ing.		03.3 <sup>-</sup> /0	85.4%	81.3%	A			
<ul> <li>Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Council data is not available this quarter due to ongoing system issues that are reporting.</li> <li>Actions: Pathway and recording processes continue to be reviewed for reablement due to an ongoing in-year dat issue. The review is part of the wider adult social care programme, which is unlikely to be resolved by Q4. However reablement provider continues to undertake extensive recruitment drives to improve performance.</li> </ul>								
re: Percentage of adult social ssessments that result in a	65% -75%	Mar-22	Jun-22	Sep-22				
rt plan ing Frequency: Quarterly	65% -/5%	65.3%	67.4%	54.4%	A			
rmance Analysis: Dec-22: Per that the outcome of the assess updated due to the retrospective ns: This measure will be continuonal assessments.	ment and the nature of this	need for a support p measure and is nov	plan have been com w reporting as 67.4	npleted. Performan % and within the t	ce for Q1 has arget range.			
<b>Ire:</b> Percentage of adults that ase their service using a direct	27.40/	Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22				
ent cing Frequency: Quarterly	27.4%	27.3%	26.4%	25.5%	A			
Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Performance remains broadly in line with other authorities.  Actions: This measure will be monitored by the Adults Directorate Leadership Team and via the Performance, Quality and Practice Board, both chaired by the Director for Adults and Health.								
ure: Percentage of users of services and their carers that viewed and/or assessed in the 2 months	77.0%	Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	R			
ting Frequency: Quarterly	77.070	54.2%	52.5%	51.8%	2			
rmance Analysis: Dec-22: An es which will greatly improve the ns: The project continues to be prate Leadership Team and via the ealth, with an expectation that the	monitored on the Performance	, as well as embedd a monthly basis wit e, Quality and Pract	ling the strength-ba h a project manage tice Board, both cha	sed approach. ment approach by aired by the Direct	the Adults or for Adults			
ure: The percentage of adults learning disability in paid yment	3.8%	Mar-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	A			
ing Frequency: Quarterly		1.1%	2.1%	3.0%	7			
Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Performance has improved from 2.1% in the previous quarter following a review of data to ensure all people are being captured.  Actions: Work will continue to engage the market to support people to prepare and access paid employment. Work has also commenced to codesign a new specification for day, employment and volunteering to further improve performance. In addition, a proposal has been drafted, which sets out a plan to develop a Peer Support role, within Adult Social Care. In								
	-	-	e all people are being captured.	e all people are being captured.	e all people are being captured.			

	Adults Services	2022/23 Target	Performance	e Over The Last 3	Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	Measure: The percentage of adults in contact with secondary mental health services living independently		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	2	
40	with or without support  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	71.0%	69.0%	68.0%	69.0%	<b>\</b>	A

Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Performance remains stable and remains close to target.

**Actions:** Work will continue to promote a strength-based approach and reducing new admissions to residential care for customers with a mental illness. This is primarily an NHS measure, so social care have limited ability to influence the performance.

<b>Measure:</b> Time to complete outstanding 'deprivation of liberty'		Dec-21	Mar-22	Jun-22	2	
cases	4.4 Months	3.4 Months	3.4 Months	4.1	7	G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly		514 Pionens	514 Pionens	Months	-	

Performance Analysis: Dec-22: As in quarter 2, cases which would normally have been closed within the Adult Social Care client database system (Mosaic) have remained open due to linked internal processing issues. This has caused reported performance to appear to have deteriorated. Therefore, data has not been reported for this quarter. There have been increased referrals and limited capacity amongst external assessors which will be addressed throughout Q4.

Actions: On-going monitoring and work to rectify the process issues will continue.

<b>Measure:</b> Percentage of people affected by domestic violence and abuse who feel safe		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2	
upon leaving the service	85.0%					G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly			86%	97%	K	

**Performance Analysis**: Dec-22: In the last reporting quarter, the Domestic Abuse Service has seen 76 victim/survivors closed following a period of engagement with the service. The percentage of clients who reported feeling safer following engagement was 97%. In addition to the 76 clients closed in this period, we also submitted two "other contact" forms, clients who received a short-term intervention but whom were all provided with safety planning advice.

Current data reflects that we asked and recorded the clients' views of their safety on 79% of clients closed. The 21% reported missing data all relates to clients who disengaged from the service mid-support and is therefore linked with unplanned exits from the service, whereby the client disengaged, and we would not have been able to ask about their safety or views on this.

In addition to 97% of clients feeling safer, it is important to recognise that our data evidenced that clients exiting the service have also reported the following:

- 78% reported improved wellbeing.
- 73% reported their quality of life improved.
- 70% were optimistic about the future.
- 77% reported feeling more confident.

**Actions:** Due to the change in recording with the introduction of the Family Safeguarding Model we still need to establish more accurate reporting from the Domestic Abuse Practitioners in this service but the current picture does reflect the service from the high-risk domestic abuse service.

# **Finance Summary**

# **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic expenditure (Additional agency cost – seven day working)	£1.193m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£1.193m)	
Delays in delivering corporate savings (£8.595m) and internal planned service savings (£0.805m) due to timing and capacity restraints	£9.400m	Staffing vacancies within the service.	(£1.800m)	
Older People – Market-related pressure	£2.900m	Deferral of the use of the Market Management Fund	(£2.200m)	
Lifelong Services – Underlying overspending pressure	£1.800m	In year staffing budget surplus generated from the implementation of the new pay grades for social workers and occupation therapists	(£1.400m)	
		Reduction in the reablement block contract – lower level of service than sought is being delivered	(£0.700m)	
		Community Equipment Service – demand for equipment has been lower than expected	(£0.600m)	
		Use of Improved Better Care Fund	(£4.200m)	
		Other funding opportunities – including additional Better Care Funding	(£3.200m)	
Adults Services Portfolio - Total	£15.293m		(£15.293m)	£0.000m

# **Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

Narrative	Cost Driver	Q1		Q2		Q3		Q3		Action	Traject ory
Vou soct driver data	No. of older people with a care package  4,391  4,415  A  4,415  Despite the number of customers being higher than the second quarter, the proportion of older people with a care package relative to the size of the population remains on a falling trend.										
Key cost driver data influencing the trajectory of the Older People's care budget	% increase in the average gross weekly cost of a care package for older people	5.4%	7	5.4%	$\leftrightarrow$	5.6%	7	Although average costs are rising, the rate is lower than the uplifts agreed for providers in 2022/23, which is consistent with the savings target for customer reviews. The increase in the	$\leftrightarrow$		
	% increase in the average net weekly cost of a care package for older people	8.4%	K	8.5%	7	10.1%	7	net cost is expected to reduce once backlogs in financial assessments have cleared.			

## Key:

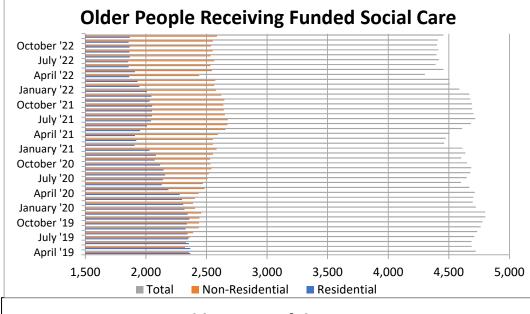
Arrow:	Decreasing	Ŋ	Increasing	7	Static	$\leftrightarrow$
Colour:	Improving		Worsening		Static	

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 3. Adult social care is currently operating in a turbulent environment because of the multiple priorities that it is needing to manage. The challenges that this is bringing are being compounded by high levels of staff vacancies. Amongst the implications is that key information sources have become less reliable and less timely than usual.
- 4. Although the total number of Older People receiving funded social care rose marginally in December, the continuing trend is of care packages remaining below their number pre-Covid. The increase in the relative proportion of non-residential customers to residential is also in keeping with the ambitions on which the Adult Social Care Strategy is based.
- 5. Whilst there is no reason to believe the trend is misleading, the true position is expected to be understated in relation to demand because there will always be a lag between a care package being put in place for a customer and all of the associated administration being completed.
- 6. Alongside this it is clear that the cost of care, especially for residential placements, is rising. Despite the County Council having agreed average uplifts for older people providers of approximately 9% for 2022/23, prices recently have come under increasing pressure. In part this is because of the additional funding that Government has made available to enable people to be discharged from hospital as soon as they are medically fit to leave. This is intensifying competition for beds and, in areas of the market, is leading to an excess of demand chasing limited supply. It is also resulting in some people being placed into residential care whose needs would best be met in the community. Inevitably this is translating into price rises when new placements are being made. Pre-pandemic, approximately 20% of residential beds were bought at an agreed rate negotiated with a provider, rather than at the County Council's relevant usual maximum price. That figure has now virtually doubled to 39%, with around 70% of new placements in 2022/23 having been bought at an agreed higher rate.
- 7. Progress against some savings targets has been slower than planned. The occupancy of the Shaw contract has dropped from a peak of 86% to 82%, against a target of 90%.
- 8. Overall, the outcome is that the overspending pressure on the older people's budget has increased from £3m in September to £5.8m in December.
- 9. Delays in delivery of savings continues to be the main factor affecting the Lifelong Services budget. Similar to the older people cohort, the magnitude of the risk is not apparent when measured by a high-level presentation of weekly expenditure. After allowing for the price uplifts agreed by the County Council for 2022/23, it shows a position which is relatively stable. However, the level of spending remains greater than the budget can afford because of the delay in delivery of savings.
- 10. There are a number of discussions with third parties about financial responsibility for customers, which are subject to legal processes. Assumptions are included about the prospective outcome of these, but they remain

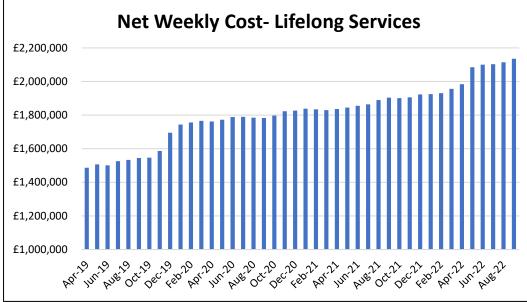
- uncertain. There was an underlying pressure of £1.8m brought forward from 2021/22, which means the overspending forecast for Lifelong Services has risen by £0.6m from £7.7m to £8.3m.
- 11. Between the budgets for older people and Lifelong Services, the aggregate overspending risk on care costs is £14.1m. Due to the uncertainty that affects many of the key variables, in practice it is important that this is seen as falling over a range with potential for variation of between +/- £2m. Modest assumptions are included for savings in the fourth quarter, especially as the part-year benefits that will result will be limited. However, this does not mean that the scale of savings activity is being reduced. It remains the case that the shortfall in 2022/23 is due to timing factors and these savings are expected to be delivered in 2023/24.
- 12. The forecast overall continues to be a balanced budget, because the pressures described above are still expected to be mitigated. It is anticipated that £9.9m of this will arise from a mix of largely one-off opportunities. These include:
  - £1.8m. Vacancy savings. Within parts of the social work teams and occupational therapy, turnover is still running at 20% or above. In addition, in-house day services are operating below pre-Covid activity levels.
  - £2.2m. Market management fund created as part of the fees uplift decision report.
  - £1.4m. New pay grades for social workers and occupational therapy. The budget recognises the potential full cost of arrangements that were introduced in May. Since staff will reach the top of their new pay scales over time, there will be underspending during the intervening years.
  - £0.7m. Reduction in the reablement block contract because lower levels of service are being delivered by the provider.
  - £0.6m. Underspending within the community equipment budget. Growth of £0.5m was allocated for 2022/23 in expectation of demand increases in line with previous trends. This has not materialised, partly as a result of some efficiency changes being introduced.
  - £3.2m. Other funding opportunities, including in relation to the Better Care Fund where there has been an increase in the County Council's allocation for protection of social care.
- 13. This leaves a balance of £4.2m, some of which may be appropriate for charging against Covid-19 funding due to the on-going impacts that the pandemic is still having. The residual amount will be drawn from the £6m of uncommitted resources carried forward from 2021/22 in the Improved Better Care Fund.

#### **Cost Driver Information**



This graph shows a snapshot position of customers recorded at the end of each respective month. Although the total rose marginally in December, the continuing trend is of care packages remaining below their number pre-Covid.

The increase in the relative proportion of non-residential customers to residential is also in keeping with the ambitions on which the Adult Social Care Strategy is based.



This graph shows the net weekly cost of Lifelong Services care packages since April 2019.

After allowing for the price uplifts agreed by the County Council for 2022/23, this graph suggests a position which is relatively stable, once known changes are taken into account.

#### **Savings Delivery Update**

- 14. Since 2020/21, a number of planned savings within the Adults and Health Portfolio have been significantly impacted by the pandemic. As part of the budget setting process for 2022/23, £9.0m of previously unachieved on-going corporate savings were reviewed to ensure realistic savings plans were in place.
- 15. This review led to the £9.0m of the unachieved 2020/21 and 2021/22 savings being re-cast, with new plans developed for each of the individual saving workstreams. These savings, along with the £6.8m 2022/23 planned savings means that the portfolio has an overall savings target of £15.8m.
- 16. Delivery to date has been limited with £8.6m currently reported as 'At Significant Risk' and a further £2.3m reported as 'At Risk'.

Saving Activity	Saving to be Delivered in 2022/23 (£000)	Decembe	er 2022	Narrative	2023/24	
Review of in-house residential services	640	640	В	A decision to close Marjorie Cobby House was made by Cabinet in November 2021 and has now been implemented.	В	
Review of Shaw day services	250	250	В	A decision to close Shaw day services was made by Cabinet in November 2021 and has now been implemented.	В	
Increase supply and use of shared lives carers	448	448	G	Recruitment and training of additional shared lives carers has taken place, which should be the trigger for the delivery of the saving.	G	
			G	Savings from activity to date.	G	
Community Care (Including Redirecting residential customers to home-based care saving)	8,200	818	А	Expected savings during the remainder of 2022/23 once financial benefits are received from all reviews undertaken to date and from activity that is planned between January and March.	А	
	Savings that will not be delivered in 2022/23 because of limited resources. Delivery in full planned in 2023/24.		А			
		1,143	G	Benefits reported by the County Council's reablement provider for the year to date.	G	
Non-residential customers to			4 000	23	А	Expected savings during the remainder of 2022/23.
remain at home with reduced package	1,990	824	R	Savings that will not be delivered in 2022/23. Capacity constraints due to provider staff shortages will result in fewer additional hours of reablement being delivered than the County Council has procured. This will result in underspending on the contract, which will enable around £0.7m of the shortfall to be mitigated.	А	
Continuing Healthcare	2,060	1,170	А	Discussions over the eligibility of customers for Continuing Healthcare are taking place with the Sussex Integrated Care Board. It is expected that this will result in some cost recovery during the third quarter.	A	
		890	R	Savings that will not be delivered in 2022/23 because of limited resources. Delivery in full planned in 2023/24.	А	
Placement costs	1,000	1,000	R	Savings that will not be delivered in 2022/23 because of limited resources. Delivery in full planned in 2023/24.	А	
Occupancy of Shaw contract	1,250	254	G	Savings from some increase in occupancy of the Shaw contract.	G	

Saving Activity	Saving to be Delivered in 2022/23 (£000)	December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
		297	A	Although occupancy has increased towards its target figure, processing reasons mean that the full extent of the financial benefits has yet to arise.	А
		699	R	Savings that are not expected to be delivered in 2022/23 because occupancy has yet to reach its target level.	А

Savings Key:			
R Significant Risk	A At Risk	G On Track	<b>B</b> Delivered

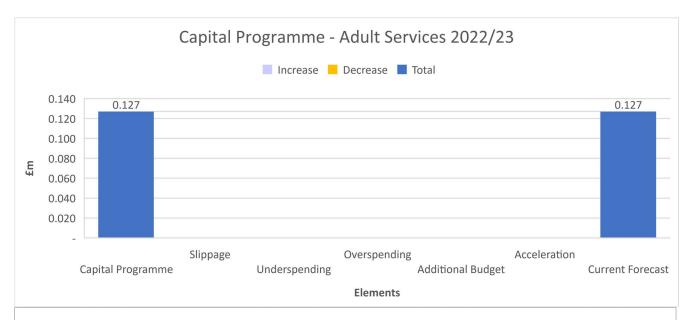
# **Capital Programme**

## **Performance Summary - Capital**

17. There are four schemes within this portfolio which are all in within their final retention phase. Further details of these schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

## **Finance Summary - Capital**

18. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £0.127m for 2022/23. As at the end of December 2022, the expected spend for the year has remained the same.



#### Kev:

Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget.

Additional Budget - Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast - Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

19. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

20. The following table summarises the risks within the corporate risk register that would have a direct impact on the portfolio. Risks to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections.

Risk No.	Risk Description	Previous Quarter Score	Current Score
CR58	The care market is experiencing an unprecedented period of fragility, particularly due to staff shortages and increasing demand. This has been further exacerbated by Covid-19, including the mandatory requirement for care staff to have a vaccination; however, this also extends to WSCC staff requiring access to these facilities (i.e., Social Workers, Occupational Therapists), and contractors. If the current and future commercial/economic viability of providers is not identified and supported, there is a risk of failure of social care provision which will result in funded and self-funded residents of West Sussex left without suitable care.	25	25
CR74	The overdue re-procurement of care and support at home services has been further postponed, meaning the contractual arrangements are non-compliant, inefficient to manage, difficult to enforce and present a risk of challenge and CQC criticism. The delay is to enable more time for the market to stabilise, to complete service reviews and to allow imminent legislative changes to take effect.	15	15

21. Further details on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.



# Children and Young People Portfolio – Summary

# **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
- The senior leadership team have maintained a strong focus on the key indicators and evidence base that is required for the imminent Inspection of Local Authority Children's Services (ILACS) in early 2023. Management activity has been focused on maintaining the trajectory of improvement in key practice areas and specifically on the timeliness of visiting, the quality of recording, ensuring all cases are allocated and that all staff have regular supervision.
- The service continues with the implementation of the Family Safeguarding model (Phase 2). The service has stabilised since the initial implementation phase and performance continues to improve. The new service model is being embedded and the service is now implementing Phase 2 of the model which will introduce dedicated adult service workers (mental health, substance misuse and domestic violence) into the teams.
- The Corporate Director and the senior leadership team have continued to provide a hands-on and visible approach to the improvement activity with regular workshop sessions with all team managers across the service. These Ofsted readiness sessions take place every month from November 2022 up to and during the ILACS. The quality assurance and performance management frameworks ensure that senior managers are able to understand where there are issues in performance and to implement improvement activity immediately.
- The workforce development workstream has maintained activity to significantly increase our numbers of permanently recruited staff and drive down numbers of interim agency staff. The first tranche of recruitment activity in South Africa has been completed and a second tranche is planned for early February 2023. The first tranche of activity resulted in the service successfully recruiting 35 qualified and experienced social workers and they are being inducted into the service from January 2023.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

	Children and Young People	2022/23 Target	Perform	ance Over The Last	3 Periods	DoT	Year End Forecas
	<b>Measure:</b> Percentage of re-referrals to Children's Social Care within 12 months		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	2	
	of the previous referral  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	22.0%	25.0%	24.0%	31.0%	7	A
1	Performance Analysis: Dec-22: There I of referrals was lower than in November b Actions: Service Managers continue to re	ut re-referra	Is numbers are very	similar, increasing the	e percentage.		l number
	Measure: Percentage of Early Help Plans closed with outcomes met		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	2	
	Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	74.0%	69.3%	69.2%	67.7%	7	A
	Actions: The service has struggled with a continue to reduce.  Measure: Stability of children looked after placements – (3 or more placements during the year) - WSCC		recruitment but this  Jun-22	is improving and it is  Sep-22	expected that  Dec-22		
		10.0%	10.5%	10.1%	10.6%	7	Α
7	Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Whilst moves has been stable and we are seeing placement stability and use of unregistere. Work has been ongoing since January in rwith the right support in place. The number above local and national averages and we placement at over 230 with 10 children apparents. A restructure of commissioning activity in the most efficient way to get go	that we are d placements espect of screer of children have sustain proved in the services has	performing ahead of s as well as children putinising at Entry to on the in West Sussex under good performance last 4 weeks.	our statistical and loo placed at distance. Care Panel that childr er 16 in the same pla e in terms of children	en are in the r cement for 2+ being in agre- target placem	in area right pla years ed perr	as such as acements remains nanent
	<b>Measure:</b> Support for care leavers to achieve their aspirations – Percentage of care-leavers aged 17-21 who are in		Mar-22	Jun-22	Sep-22	2	
	Employment, Education or Training  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly in arrears	64.0%	63.0%	64.0%	65.0%	7	A
8	Performance Analysis: Sep-22: We have employment or training compared to June participation service who are due to start  Actions: There is now a dedicated Person people who are Not in Employment, Education including running the Bridging the Gap prowith Crimsham Farm who offer education supporting our specific cohort of asylum-segographic discrepancies.	. Positively was soon as chal Advisor (Fation or Train ogramme, meand training	ve have also recruited necks have been received.  PA) who is leading on ing (NEET) and have beeting someone from opportunities and we	d two care leavers to eived.  I tracking and suppore a number of develope Care Leavers Covence are also setting up a	apprenticeship ting other PA's ments for imp ant and workin working grou	posts s aroun roving ng in pa	in the d young these, artnership ok at

	Children and Young People	2022/23 Target	Performa	ance Over The Last	3 Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	Measure: Positive outcomes on child protection in 12 months - percentage of Child Protection Plans that result in		Jun-22	Sep-22	Sep-22 Dec-22		
9	'step-down' within 12 months  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	83.0%	57.0%	67.0%	53.0%	7	R
	<b>Performance Analysis</b> : Dec-22: There c protection plans. This is having an impact				ecoming subje	ect to ch	nild

**Actions:** There is ongoing work to identify any trends which may be contributing to the increase in number of child protection plans but the numbers remain within a normal range.

# **Finance Summary**

# **Portfolio in Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic expenditure (Overseas Social Workers)	£1.000m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£1.000m)	
Placement costs for Children We Care For (mainstream)	£13.350m	In-house residential staffing underspend	(£1.300m)	
Homecare and transport costs for Children with Disabilities, including increase in Direct Payments average cost.	£1.860m	Early Help staffing underspend	(£1.360m)	
Delays in saving delivery – Local House Project	£1.000m	Savings to be delivered through planned improved placement commissioning	(£0.330m)	
One-off implementation costs and part-year adult staffing costs for Family Safeguarding - DFE funding not awarded.	£0.280m	Reduction in Intentionally Homeless families requiring accommodation support	(£0.580m)	
Family Safeguarding –Section 17 and Children We Care For Non-Placement Costs	£0.500m	Review of child psychology arrangements	(£0.700m)	
Family Safeguarding – additional agency staffing	£0.365m	Delays in appointing to new posts within the Fostering Service redesign.	(£0.500m)	
Fostering allowance inflationary pressure	£0.300m	Business support vacancies	(£0.200m)	
King's Counsel legal costs	£0.150m	Other variations	(£0.235m)	
Children and Young People Portfolio - Total	£18.805m		(£6.205m)	£12.600m

## **Key Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

Narrative	Cost Driver	Baseline	Q1		Q2		Q3		Action	Traject ory
Despite the overall number of Children We Care For being lower than forecast during budget setting, there are more children than budgeted for in more costly external residential placements than budgeted for.  This is leading to a pressure on the placement budgets. Baseline shows the % upon which the budget was set.	% mainstream children in external residential placements	10.8%	14.3%	7	15.1%	7	15.1%	<b>\$</b>	At the end of December 2022, there were 29 more children placed in external residential than the number on which the budget was set. This alone adds a pressure of c£7m to the placement budgets, however when also taking into account the expenditure on external placements costing more than £9k per week, and the number of unique care and support arrangements which have had to be arranged, then the full scale of the budget pressure is projected to be c£13.4m.	7

#### Key:

Arrow:	Decreasing	7	Increasing	7	Static	$\leftrightarrow$
Colour:	Improving		Worsening		Static	

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 3. At the end of December 2022, the Children and Young People Portfolio has a projected an overspend of £12.6m, an increase of £3.7m since September 2022. This increase arises primarily from an increase in the forecast for Children We Care For placement costs, a downturn in the expected in-year savings and increases in the cost for Direct Payments.
- 4. **Mainstream Placement Costs.** The mainstream placement forecast has increased by £2.1m since September with the projected overspend now reported at £13.4m. This excludes in-year improved commissioning actions which are expected to deliver £0.3m of mitigation towards this position.
- 5. The increase is largely due to the following factors:
  - An increase in demand for external residential placements. During the third quarter, a higher number of children started to be cared for compared to the number of children ceasing to be cared for. Alongside this, there were a higher number of external fostering placement breakdowns, resulting in an increase in externally commissioned residential care. During the same period however, there was an increase of nine children placed within internal fostering which has partly mitigated this demand. The net effect on the projection is an increase of £0.770m.
  - An increase in the number of high-cost external residential placements. There have been a further six external residential placements with a weekly cost of over £9k per week during the quarter. The financial impact of these high-cost placements is an increase in costs of £0.240m.

- An increase in the number of unique care and support arrangements in unregistered settings. There have been an additional nine young people subject to these arrangements since September. This cohort specifically relates to children and young people where there were critical incidents resulting from complex health and wellbeing needs. These placements were made because the service had no other alternative but to provide a 'bespoke' package of care to fulfil its statutory duty. These children are assessed as being highly vulnerable, complex and high risk, and these packages are being provided in the absence of any other specialist placements being available. All such cases are subject to close monitoring and scrutiny, and many prove to be short term arrangements to manage a period of crisis. However, the high costs have a disproportionate financial effect. The impact of the changes since September is an increase of £1.140m on the forecast.
- 6. The updated table below shows the position against each of those issues.

	Based on	Values As AT Th	ne End Of Decer	mber 2022				
Type of Placement (Excluding Asylum)	Budgeted Number of Children We Care For (CWCF)	Budgeted Average Weekly Cost (£)	Current Number of Children We Care For (CWCF)	Current Average Weekly Cost (£)	CWCF Variation	Projected Overspend (£) (Based on Budgeted Cost and CWCF Number)		
External Residential *	81	£4,474	110	£5,532	29	£7,235,000		
Independent Fostering	211	£963	200	£1,007	-11	(£691,000)		
Independent Parent & Child Fostering	5	£1,450	7	£1,369	2	£59,000		
In House Fostering	212	£386	213	£410	1	(£73,000)		
In House Parent & Child Fostering	2	£731	2	£1,091	-	£85,000		
Kinship	98	£209	83	£220	-15	(£155,000)		
Placed for Adoption/Placed with Parents	60	£0	45	£0	-15	£0		
External Residential Family Unit	3	£3,958	1	£3,255	-2	(£170,000)		
Secure Unit	2	£7,211	1	£9,032	1	£314,000		
Other Placement Types	80	N/A	66	N/A	-14	N/A		
SUBTOTAL	754		728		-26	£6,604,000		
External Residential - Additional Costs. 18 of the External Residential cases (included in the table above), cost significantly more than the average placement rate. The extra cost of these placements over the average £5.5k per week is reported separately. The weekly cost of these 18 placements range from £9.3k to £17k.								
Unique Cost and Support Arrangements for spe £33.6k per week.	ecific CWCF. Co	sts range betwe	en £9.5k and			£4,250,000		
TOTAL						£13,350,000		

#### Note

7. The mix of placement types continues to be significantly different from that assumed when the budget was set. Currently 15% of the children we care for (excluding disability and asylum) are placed in external residential care, compared to 10% for our statistical neighbours. A detailed recovery and action plan is in place to address areas within care planning and management practice, which will assist in reducing the proportion of children in external residential placements to a level more in line with our neighbours.

<sup>\*</sup> There are 110 CWCF External Residential placements as at the end of December. This cohort includes 18 children whose placements cost in excess of £9k per week (statistical outliers). The £6.6m overspend reported as External Residential only includes up to £5.5k of these costs to demonstrate a comparable average unit cost against the budget set. The cost over the £5.5k for these 18 children (£2.5m), is shown separately to illustrate the financial impact of these specific cases.

- 8. The weekly Entry to Care panel acts as the gateway for standard requests for children becoming looked after. The panel is not able to respond to emergency or very short notice requests and it is those that usually lead to reactive and potentially inappropriate entry to residential placements or unregistered arrangements. Most emergency entrants to care arise within the Family Safeguarding Service and there has been assertive work over the past quarter to improve the planning and intervention for those young people. The highest cost arises when children are placed in an emergency in unregistered care arrangements, with a common pathway out of those arrangements being into high-cost residential care.
- 9. The number of unique high-cost care arrangements which have had to be put in place are volatile because they are driven by crisis events, and by their very nature, are complex and require a bespoke solution. The view of the service is that this demand has a direct correlation with the trauma that children and young people experienced and continue to be harmed from, both during and following the Covid-19 pandemic. It is not possible to predict whether or not any further arrangements of this type will be made within this financial year, however there is greater confidence about the management and oversight of this to ensure that any such arrangements are time-limited and appropriate exit plans are established at an early stage.
- 10. To address the number of external residential placements at significantly higher than average cost, the Children's Commissioning Service is designing and building a suite of new commissioning tools, which include a Market Position Statement to further strengthen and develop the Placement Sufficiency Strategy. It is anticipated that this will increase the utilisation of local private markets and be delivered in a more cost-effective manner in the next financial year.
- 11. Children With Disability Home Care and Transport Costs, Including Direct Payments. The projection for these budgets has increased since September, resulting in a projected overspend of £1.9m. The primary reasons for this increase relate to:
  - The number and type of care at home packages which are required to prevent family breakdown or when it has been agreed that the child does need to become looked after but there are no suitable placements available, and
  - The rising cost of Direct Payments. There is an agreed per hour limit for standard Direct Payments, which has not been reviewed for recently. Increasingly, parents are unable to source Personal Assistants (PA's) at this standard cost. This can result in the child's needs increasing, leading to an enhanced Direct Payment rate needing to be made, at a higher cost. The child's needs can become so great that a PA cannot be sourced at all, leading to a bespoke care at home package being required. There is a likelihood for this level of overspend to increase further still if it is necessary to arrange further care at home packages before year end.
  - There is a specific action plan in place to establish and maintain greater oversight and analysis of what is a large and very complex budget. While the finance action plan is still in the implementation stage, it should be noted that there is a significant risk regarding the outturn position of the children's disability budget overall, but detailed monitoring is in place.

- 12. **Local House Project Non-Delivery of £1.0m Saving.** In September 2022, it was reported that the project had delays and that the first young person was due to move into the project in November. Unfortunately, further delays have been experienced, particularly in relation to the recruitment of key staff who are required to ensure the project's success. A cohort of 12 young people have been identified as being suitable for the project, with profiling of further young people being undertaken. Subject to no further delays and dependent on the local housing providers in the County identifying suitable accommodation, the service is confident that the majority of the £1m saving will be delivered in 2023/24.
- 13. **Family Safeguarding Implementation and Adult Workers.** The initial projections for the one-off implementation and in-year costs of the adult-facing workers have been revised to reflect the likely staffing start dates. This has resulted in a reduction of £0.180m in the projection.
- 14. **Family Safeguarding Additional Agency Staff.** In order to stabilise the teams, ensure all statutory cases are allocated to a suitably qualified and experienced social worker and in preparation for the full Ofsted inspection anticipated before the end of the financial year, it has been necessary to increase the agency staff support for Family Safeguarding. This has resulted in the projected overspend increasing by £0.180m to £0.370m since September.
- 15. **Family Safeguarding Section 17/ Children We Care For non-placement costs.** While the primary reason for the overspend against these budgets remains the cost of care at home packages, the use of home support packages within the Family Safeguarding Service has significantly reduced over this quarter. Currently there are no such packages in place and any that may arise in the future will be time limited and directly overseen by the relevant Head of Service. As a result, the overspend has reduced since September 2022 and now stands at £0.5m.
- 16. Fostering Allowances Inflationary Pressure As previously reported, the annual inflation increase applying to in-house foster care allowances, special guardianship allowances and adoption allowances is linked to the staff pay awards for the NJC staff group. The pay award for that staff group has now been agreed and consequently, the allowances have been uplifted by 6.4% backdated to 1st April 2022. Within the 2022/23 budget, there is an allocation of 3.75% built-in, meaning that the increase to 6.4% has resulted in a £0.3m inflationary pressure. This shortfall has been addressed in the 2023/24 budget.

#### **Mitigations**

17. **In-house Residential Staffing.** The projected underspend in relation to inhouse residential staffing has not significantly changed since September and now stands at £1.3m. This forecast takes into account projected new starters however if any of those new starters choose not to begin or there are delays in their onboarding then the forecast will change. Recruitment is still actively taking place and an employee referral scheme for this service is now in place. The continued difficulty in recruiting staff means that Blue Cove children's home with three beds remains non-operational which is a contributing factor to the overspend on mainstream placement.

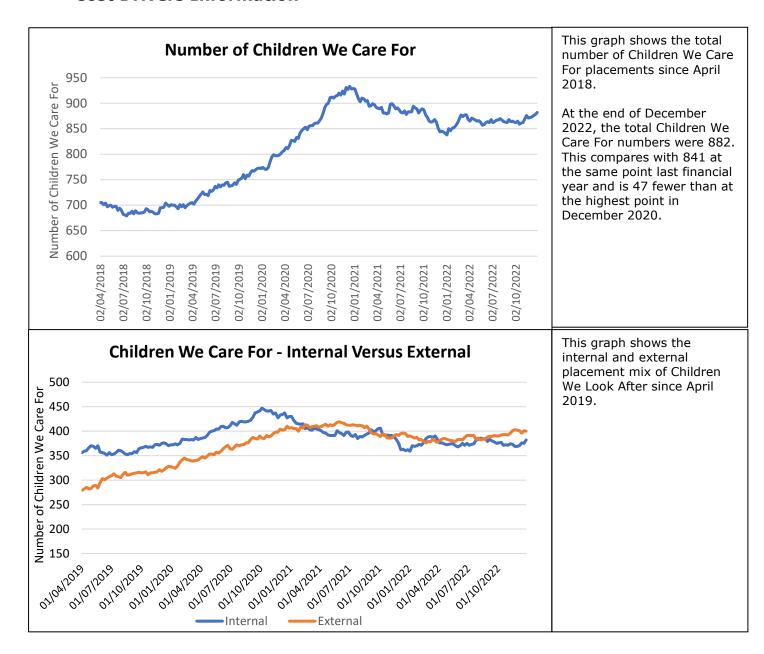
- 18. **Improved Commissioning** £1.170m of in-year mitigations are currently profiled to be delivered before  $31^{\text{st}}$  March 2023. These savings relate to the commissioning projects of 16+ step down from residential, Local House Project, and under-16 step down to fostering. For each of the strands, young people have been identified and dates for step downs or placement moves have been estimated, leading to the forecast of £1.170m cost reductions being achieved before year end.
- 19. **Early Help Staffing.** The underspend against Early Help staffing has increased slightly since September and now stands at £1.360m. Recruitment is still actively taking place and an employee referral scheme for this service is now in place. Recent rounds of recruitment have proved to be more successful and there is optimism that the service will be almost fully staffed going into the new financial year.
- 20. **Intentionally Homeless.** There has been little change to the projection for Intentionally Homeless since September, with the projected underspend now £0.580m. There has been a small decrease in the number of families being supported since September, but the future level of families requiring support still remains very uncertain.
- 21. **Conclusion.** The finance situation for the Children's portfolio remains volatile but there are appropriate actions in place to manage this and ensure all possible mitigations are in place. Whilst there is clarity about the reasons for the projected overspend (particularly against the placement budgets), being able to effect sufficient change to recover some or all of the current position in year remains a considerable challenge and the actions taken to date have not been able to reduce the level of demand and increased cost. There remains a risk that the financial position may deteriorate further still before year end, but senior managers continue to implement actions to try and mitigate against this.
- 22. The main ambition of the Children's Leadership Team is to reduce the proportion of children and young people in external residential placements to a level more in keeping with neighbouring authorities, but this will take time to impact and is dependent on the sufficiency of other placement arrangements such as fostering.

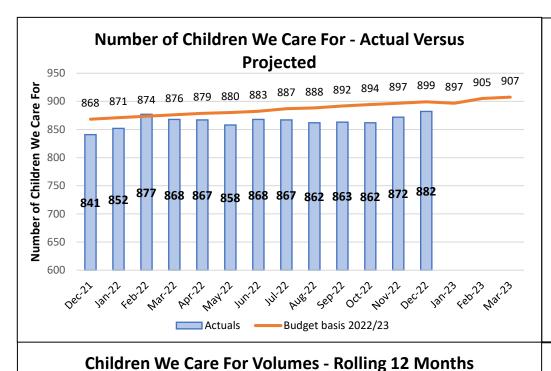
#### **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

- 23. Within the Children's and Young Peoples Portfolio, a project to recruit qualified social workers from overseas to assist the recruitment and retention challenges within social care has commenced. Thirty-five qualified and experienced social workers from South Africa have accepted offers of employment and resettlement.
- 24. Looking forward and reviewing likely future staffing vacancy levels, it is clear that a significant vacancy gap is likely to remain in 2023/24. Therefore, the Children's Leadership Team are planning to repeat this exercise and attempt to recruit further overseas workers in January 2023 with an expectation of the second tranche of workers starting in the summer of 2023.
- 25. The projected cost to recruit these two cohorts of Social Workers is estimated to be around £1.3m. It is proposed that the carry forward Covid-19 grant is utilised to fund these one-off project costs following the impact of the pandemic on the social work profession. The current budget position assumes £1.0m will be spent in 2022/23, with the remaining funds being drawn in 2023/24.

26. Further eligible Covid-19 expenditure has been identified within the Children and Young People's Portfolio relating to the increased cost of care provision due to the growing complexity of children's mental health and wellbeing. Further allocation of the remaining Covid-19 grant will be taken as part of the year end process.

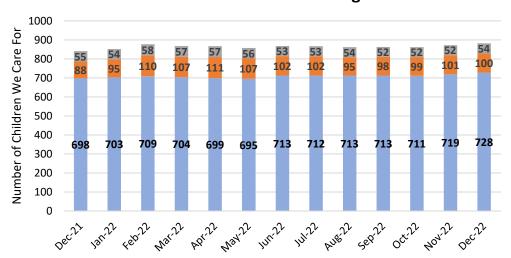
#### **Cost Drivers Information**





This graph shows the number of Children We Care For placements compared to the budgeted expectation.

The graph depicts that growth in numbers has not transpired as expected, however the shift in placement mix has led to the overspend reported.

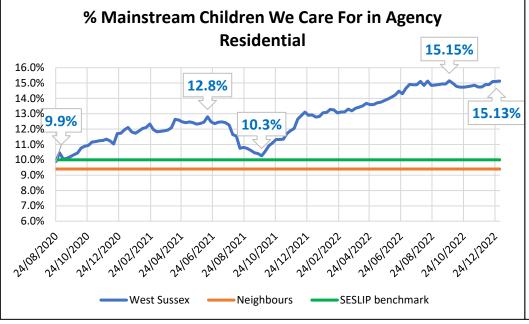


■ Mainstream ■ Asylum ■ Disability

This graph shows the total number of Children We Care For placements by:

- mainstream placements
- asylum seeking children
   and
- children with learning disabilities.

The Council's revised allocation of Unaccompanied Asylum-Seeking Children (UASC) under the National Transfer Scheme is 177. As at the end of December, the number of UASC was 100.



This graph compares the proportion of the mainstream Children We Care For who are placed in external residential placements compared with the South East Sector Led Improvement Programme (SESLIP) "best practice" figure and that of the Council's similar neighbours.

# **Savings Delivery Update**

27. In addition to the £2.150m of 2022/23 planned savings, there remains £1.050m of savings from the 2021/22 financial year which were not delivered on an on-going basis. To ensure that these savings are monitored and delivered, all of these savings are detailed in the table below:

Saving Activity	Savings to be Delivered in 2022/23 £000	Delivered in 2022/23 December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
National House Project	1,000	1,000	R	The House Project has been affected by delays in being able to recruit to key posts within the project. Based on the revised plan, the first young person is now expected to move into their tenancy during Q1 2023/24. Given this, it is realistic to expect that the majority of the £1m savings will be delivered in 2023/24.	G
In-house Residential Programme: Reduced independent placement costs	300	300	G	Delays in re-opening Blue Cove (formerly May House) mean that the permanent delivery of this saving will be delayed and may even fall into 2023/24. The saving is mitigated in year however, through underspending within the residential staffing budget given the current problems being experienced in recruiting sufficient staff to be able to safely re-open.	G
Improved Commissioning for Children's Social Care Service: Improved Joint Commissioning	400	400	G	Discussions in relation to the implementation of a pan-Sussex Resource Allocation System for children's continuing health care are continuing with partners in Health. In the meantime, a thorough review of cases which are jointly funded with Health has been undertaken during the first two quarters of 2022/23, the outcome of which is a decrease in expenditure on these cases for Children's Social Care. So long as the position for the first two quarters is maintained for the remainder of the year, this saving can now be rated as being on track.	В
Improved Commissioning for Children's Social Care Service: Under 16's Step Down to Fostering	700	700	G	The rating against this saving has been upgraded to green. Six children have already stepped down to a less costly placement with a further five expected to follow before the end of the financial year.	В
Improved Commissioning for Children's Social Care Service: Over 16's Step Down from Residential	500	500	G	Ten young people have now stepped down, with a further nine profiled to follow before the year end. If everything remains as profiled then this saving is on track to deliver £1.4m in total, providing mitigation against other savings targets which are either underperforming or have been delayed.	В
Improved Commissioning for Children's Social Care Service: Over 16's Recommissioning	100	100	В	Saving delivered by recommissioning of contracts for accommodation and support for young people aged 16+.	В
Early Help Restructure	200	200	В	Saving delivered.	В



# **Capital Programme**

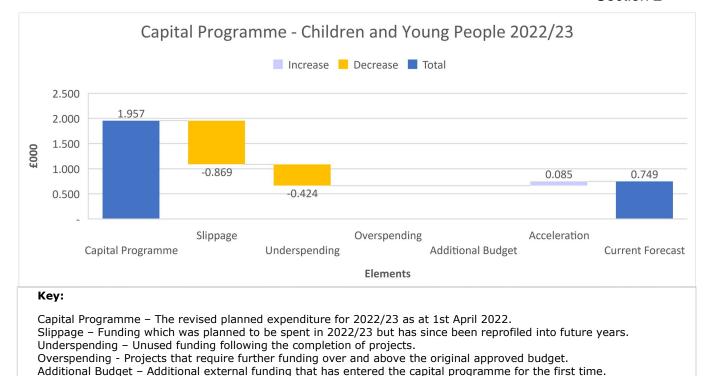
#### **Performance Summary - Capital**

28. There are five schemes within this portfolio and all five scheme in delivery are rated amber, indicating that there is an issue influencing the project, but that it can be dealt with by the project delivery team. An update on the progress of the schemes not rated green are detailed in the table below:

Scheme	RAG Status at Dec 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
Children's Emergency Accommodation Laundry Cottages	AMBER	Time delay as site visit discovered evidence of bats	AMBER	A nocturnal survey is to be undertaken in May 2023
Children's In-House Phase 2 – High Trees	AMBER	Time delay as the Planning Authority has requested an extension due to ecology and water neutrality issues	AMBER	Planning extension to Jan 2023 expected to be extended to Feb 2023
Children's In-House Phase 2 – Orchard House	AMBER	Time delay. Planning consent remains outstanding for access road.	AMBER	A tender relaunch is scheduled for Jan 2023
Children's In-House Phase 2 – 18 Teasel Close	AMBER	Time delay as the Planning Authority has requested an extension due to ecology and water neutrality issues	AMBER	Pre-Tender estimates indicate additional funding required
West Green Family Time Hub	AMBER	Time delay due to Planning Application submissions	AMBER	Planning Application to be submitted in Jan 2023, the impact of delay to be accessed

# **Finance Summary - Capital**

- 29. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £5.230m for 2022/23. Budget of £3.273m originally profiled to spend in 2022/23, was accelerated into 2021/22, revising this year's capital programme to £1.957m.
- 30. Since this time, the profiled spend has decreased overall by £0.749m to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £1.618m. Of this decrease, -£0.869m relates to slippage, -£0.424m relates to underspending on schemes where funding will be returned to enable future projects and £0.085m relates to a project where funding has been accelerated from future years.



- 31. Details of movements of the financial profiling within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: -£0.869m. Movement since Q2 report: -£0.869m.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years. Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- Supervised Contract and Early Help (£0.350m) Funding for these projects was included in the pipeline plan, however the business cases for these scheme are taking longer than first anticipated, therefore funding has been reprofiled into future years.
- Orchard House Children's Home (£0.519m) There have been delays in receiving tenders and obtaining a performance bond from the selected contractor. This has delayed the contract award and consequently the construction estimated start date. Funding has been reprofiled into 2023/24.
- The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in Appendix 3 and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

33. The following table summarises the risks within the corporate risk register that would have a direct impact on the portfolio. Risks to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections.

Risk No.	Risk Description	Previous Quarter Score	Current Score
CR61	A 'serious incident' occurs resulting in the death or serious injury of a child where the Council is found to have failed in their duty to safeguard, prevent or protect the child from harm.	15	15
CR69	If the council fail to make the necessary improvements to progress from the previous 'inadequate' rating, there is a risk that children's services will fail to deliver an acceptable provision to the community.	15	15
CR72	The government have stipulated that from 9 <sup>th</sup> September 2021, children in care under 16 will not be allowed to be accommodated in unregulated placements. This has strengthened existing regulations that stipulate that all children and young people who require residential care must be placed within registered children's homes. Due to a local and nationwide shortage of registered provision there is a risk that these <b>children and young people will not be cared for in settings that best meet their needs</b> , which could lead to safeguarding concerns and enforcement action against the providers of unregistered homes and local authorities.	12	12

34. Further details on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.

# **Learning and Skills Portfolio - Summary**

# **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
- Ofsted inspections of schools continue to provide positive outcomes leading to over 93% of West Sussex children attending Good or Outstanding schools. Work is being done to embed the newly implemented schools MIS system to better collate and analyse school attendance and the attendance of those children on part-time timetables. An attendance strategy is being developed with support from a DfE Attendance Adviser to establish a multi-disciplinary attendance team to support schools in tackling persistent absence by the end of this academic year.
- The Education and Learning Strategy 2022-25 has been through scrutiny in January and now being shared with partners and will remain an online document, recognising that national policy in education is uncertain and likely to be fleshed out further over the lifetime of the Strategy. Detailed workstreams and action plans are being developed to drive forward key initiatives. KPIs are also being aligned to County Plans. Our focus on tackling disadvantage and supporting the achievement of our most vulnerable children including those with SEND, in care or subject to exploitation or involved in crime is a key priority. This involves improving provision with our schools, targeting additional support, and ensuring sufficient specialist support for those children with SEND either in our mainstream schools or those specialist settings meeting the needs of our more complex students.
- An action plan and High Needs Recovery plan is in place to recover ground and increase the proportion of assessments for Education, Health and Care Plans (EHCPs) being completed within the 20 week deadline and the Council is involved with the government's Delivering Better Value (DBV) programme to reduce pressure on the High Needs Block and has also commissioned some work from IMPOWER, an organisation supporting local authorities nationally, to help develop strategies to decrease escalation for formal assessments where there are other alternative support mechanisms for children and schools rather than an EHCP.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

25

26

2022/23 Target	Performance	Over The Last :	3 Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	2020/21	2021/22	2022/2	23	
67.5%					G
	72.2%	75.2%	69.4%	7	J
	Target	2020/21 67.5%	Target 2020/21 2021/22 67.5%	Target 2020/21 2021/22 2022/2	Target 2020/21 2021/22 2022/23 67.5%

**Performance Analysis**: Dec-22: Due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, most exams and assessments did not take place in the 2019/20, or 2020/21 academic years. The government also announced that it would not publish school or college level results data on Compare school and college performance (also commonly referred to as school and college performance tables) in autumn 2020 or autumn 2021, and that this data would not be used to hold schools and colleges to account.

The DfE have also made clear that results data from 2020/21 will not be used in school and college level performance measures in future years. For 2022 results these are provisional data and further updates will be available during the Autumn/Spring Term 2022/23. The 2022 data shows that West Sussex has a much higher percentage of 4+ in English and Maths compared to England (64.3%) but a little lower than the South East (70.7%) and our statistical neighbours (70.1%). Latest National Rank = 60 and West Sussex is in Quartile B.

**Actions:** The local authority provides a programme of professional development for teachers and school leaders including work on curriculum, assessment and raising expectations. The annual conversation held with all schools identifies where schools may have underperformance and targeted visits and consultancy support is provided to those schools where performance and achievement is requiring improvement.

Managera Dercentage of schools with OESTED		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2	
Measure: Percentage of schools with OFSTED rating 'good' or 'outstanding'  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	90.0%	89.1%	88.4%	91.4%	7	G

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: The total for West Sussex schools that are judged good or outstanding is at an all-time high of 91.4%.

For December 2022, the percentage for each school phase is: Primary Schools = 89.9%; Secondary Schools = 97.4%; Special Schools = 100%

**Actions:** The local authority provides a programme of professional development for teachers and school leaders including work on curriculum, assessment and raising expectations. The annual conversation held with all schools identifies where schools may have underperformance and targeted visits and consultancy support is provided to those schools where performance and achievement is requiring improvement.

Measure: Percentage of pupils and students		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	.2	
accessing Ofsted 'good' or 'outstanding' schools	89.0%					G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly		90.1%	90.2%	93.6%	7	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: The total for West Sussex pupils in schools that are judged good or outstanding has increased to and all time high of 93.6%.

For December 2022, the percentage for each school phase is as follows: Primary Schools = 89.7%; Secondary Schools = 98.7%; Special Schools = 100%

**Actions:** The local authority provides a programme of professional development for teachers and school leaders including work on curriculum, assessment and raising expectations. The annual conversation held with all schools identifies where schools may have underperformance and targeted visits and consultancy support is provided to those schools where performance and achievement is requiring improvement.

Learning and Skills	2022/23 Target	Performance	Over The Last 3	3 Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
<b>Measure:</b> Percentage achieving expected standard in reading, writing and maths		2018/19	2019/20	2022/	23	
combined at the end of Key Stage 2  Reporting Frequency: Annually (October)	68.0%	61.8%	62.7%	55.0%	7	R

**Performance Analysis**: Dec-22: For Key Stage 2 in 2022 provisional SATS results have been released nationally and the picture is lower than in 2019, mainly due to the Covid-19 pandemic having an adverse effect on students, especially in Writing. West Sussex is lower than national and south east in most subjects, especially writing (and, therefore, Reading, Writing and Maths (RWM) Combined). West Sussex is in line with national outcomes for reading but 6% below national for writing. All areas have got a lower percentage, England and the South East was 59%, in RWM at expected standards compared to before the pandemic and this is particularly the case across the board in writing results. We have a marked trend of underachievement in writing. It is entirely teacher assessed. West Sussex manage the moderation of the writing. This will need to be evaluated as a process. It affects all groups of pupils, and it must be a priority to understand the reasons lying behind this underachievement and to address the root causes.

**Actions:** The local authority provides a programme of professional development for teachers and school leaders including work on curriculum, assessment and raising expectations. The annual conversation held with all schools identifies where schools may have underperformance and targeted visits and consultancy support is provided to those schools where performance and achievement is requiring improvement. Additional school led improvement projects are used to support schools in difficulty, where teaching and leadership requires additional support to improve, and where outcomes for pupils are too low.

Measure: Average attainment 8 score of students at Key Stage 4 including English and	40.0	2020/21	2021/22	2022/	23	
Maths	48.3					G
Reporting Frequency: Annually (October)		50.3	51.6	49.0	7	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: Due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic, most exams and assessments did not take place in the 2019/20, or 2020/21 academic years. The government also announced that it would not publish school or college level results data on Compare school and college performance (also commonly referred to as school and college performance tables) in autumn 2020 or autumn 2021, and that this data would not be used to hold schools and colleges to account. The DfE have also made clear that results data from 2020/21 will not be used in school and college level performance measures in future years. For 2022 results these are provisional data and further updates will be available during the Autumn/Spring Term 2022/23. Data for 2022 shows that West Sussex has a higher attainment 8 score compared to England (47.1) and our statistical neighbours (48.9) but a little lower than the South East (50.0). Latest National Rank = 57 and West Sussex is in Quartile B.

**Actions:** To improve performance, all secondary schools in the county have taken specific actions to address any areas of concern such as develop action plans, share practice with other schools, become examiners. The council brokers individual support for maintained and some academy schools that are vulnerable in some way through Area Inclusion Improvement Board (AIIB).

Measure: Percentage attainment gap of disadvantaged pupils compared with non-	22.00/	2018/19	2019/20	2022/	23	
disadvantaged peers at the end of Key Stage 2	20.0%	23.4%	25.3%		-	R
Reporting Frequency: Annually (October)		(Target in 2018/19: 24%)	(Target in 2019/20: 24%)	22.8%		

**Performance Analysis**: Dec-22: For Key Stage 2 in 2022, provisional SATS results have been released nationally and the picture is lower than in 2019, mainly due to the Covid-19 pandemic having an adverse effect on students, especially in Writing. However, provisional results show that the disadvantaged gap is only 0.4% worse than national (22.4%) but is 3.9% narrower than the South East (26.7%). We have a marked trend of underachievement in writing. It is entirely teacher assessed. West Sussex manage the moderation of the writing. This will need to be evaluated as a process. It affects all groups of pupils, and it must be a priority to understand the reasons lying behind this underachievement and to address the root causes.

**Actions:** Actions: Closing the gap that exists between disadvantaged students and their non disadvantaged peers remains a key priority nationally and for the local authority. As part of the Covid-19 recovery plan, the government have provided a national tutoring programme to provide additional support for children who may have fallen behind along with access to computers for those disadvantaged pupils who had more restricted access to technology at home. The local authority is not engaged in this directly as the relationship has been established directly between central government and schools. West Sussex County Council has provided a broad programme of professional development and support to schools which has included training courses, networks and a school to school led programme of training and support, targeted at those schools with a high differential between outcomes for disadvantaged and their non disadvantaged peers. This has involved an external partner.

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Learning and Skills	2022/23 Target	Performance	Over The Last 3	3 Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
<b>Measure:</b> Combined percentage of 16-17- year-olds that are Not in Education, Education and Training or whose activity is not known (3-		Jan-22	Feb-22	Nov-2	22	
month average Dec-Feb annually)  Reporting Frequency: Monthly for December - February only.	6.5%	5.5%	6.0%	11.8%	7	G

**Performance Analysis**: Dec 22: Under the Education and Skills Act 2008 (ESA 2008) local authorities have a duty to track 16- and 17-years old's Education, Employment or Training (EET) status. The 3-month LA assessed figures are only publicly comparable with other regions and Local Authorities in the 3-month assessed period of December-February in each cycle, as each LA has gone through the process at different stages for September through to November and through the tracking process during the winter. The DfE does not monitor 'not knowns' between June/July and September and, therefore, Local Authorities are advised not to benchmark their performance against others during this period. The first "benchmarking" period, which will be higher than other months, where figures will be released for the end of December 2022 in late January 2023. The combined figure for NEET and Not Knowns in for November 2022 was 11.8%, 2.0% better than the corresponding period last year.

**Actions:** Our team of careers advisors continue to offer support in a far more targeted way to help young people struggling to fulfil their career potential. Many are gradually re-engaging with education and training, many building up their confidence and skills by starting on short term employability courses before moving on to more full-time education, training or employment opportunities. There remains a number of young people with complex issues for whom we are working with our partners to ensure the right support is made available for them so that they can also progress.

# **Finance Summary**

#### Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations (Local Authority)

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year End Budget Variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic forecast expenditure - College placements and delayed Educational Psychologist assessments	£0.304m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£0.304m)	
Mainstream Home to School Transport costs- inflationary pressures on coach and public transport contracts.	£0.630m	Net staffing underspending - vacancies Educational Psychology Service, School Crossing Patrol and SEND and Inclusion Service.	(£0.392m)	
SEND Home to School Transport – including increasing Alternative Provision transport costs and internal escort provision	£0.100m	Minor variations	(£0.147m)	
Undelivered saving relating to traded services, following the DfE announcement that LA's will no longer be able to provide the role of Appropriate Body for Early Career Teachers and shortfall in Leadership and Governance income.	£0.150m			
Crawley Schools PFI – Inflation	£0.500m			
Learning and Skills Portfolio - Total	£1.684m		(£0.843m)	£0.841m

# **Dedicated Schools Grant - Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year End Budget Variation (£m)
Initial estimated budget deficit identified during 2022/23 budget setting	£6.000m	Staffing underspends within Education and Skills	(£1.316m)	
Independent and Non-maintained Sector Placements	£4.176m	Growth Fund balance	(£0.152m)	
Cost of temporary accommodation	£0.862m	Other minor underspends	(£0.425m)	
Post-16 Further Education Colleges	£1.502m			
Post-16 Independent Specialist Providers	£0.899m			
Exceptional Needs Funding and Top-Ups	£1.142m			
Specialist Support	£4.912m			
Dedicated Schools Grant - Total	£19.493m		(£1.893m)	£17.600m

# Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising (Local Authority)

Narrative	Cost Driver	Baseline (March 2022)	Q1		Q2		Q3		Action	Traje ctory
	No. of pupils with EHCP transported to a mainstream school / SSC	212 (10.1%)	211 (9.9%)	↔	208 (9.8%)	↔	228 (10.3%)	7	The number of complex cases continues to	
Destination mix of pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) receiving transport	No. of pupils with EHCP transported to a special school	1,316 (62.8%)	1,328 (62.3%)	Ŋ	1,346 (63.3%)	7	1,386 (62.8%)	7	increase and current special school places have now reached full capacity	
Approximately one third of our children with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)	No. of pupils with EHCP transported to independent placements	549 (26.2%)	568 (26.7%)	7	571 (26.8%)	children being educated in		in independent sector.	7	
also receive transportation to their school.	No. of pupils with EHCP transported to other placements	18 (0.9%)	23 (1.1%)	<b>△</b> N/Λ		N/A		and away from their communities also increases the costs of		
	Total no. of pupils with EHCP transported	Total no. of pupils 2,095 2,130 2,125 2,206 transport.								
Transport type mix of pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) receiving transport	No. of pupils with EHCP transported in an external taxi/minibus	1,421 (67.8%)	1,429 (67.1%)	7	1,346 (63.3%)	7	1,404 (63.7%)	7	The decision to have an internal fleet is a long-term strategic one. It means that in areas with	
Approximately one quarter of our children with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) who receive transport are transported on the County	No. of pupils with EHCP transported on County Council fleet	No. of pupils with 563 584 EHCP transported on (26.0%) (27.4%)		7	643 (30.3%)	7	654 (29.6%)	V	fewer suppliers or where prices are unsustainably high the Council can moderate the impact on our spending and overall	7
Council fleet. However, the majority are transported in an external taxi or minibus. This is an expensive option, and as a	No. of pupils with EHCP transported by parents	111 (5.3%)	117 (5.5%)	7	136 (6.4%)	7	148 (6.7%)	7	costs.  Whilst there are over 100 minibus routes, the insourcing last year	
result, a parental mileage rate has been introduced to encourage parents to transport their own child to and from school instead.	Total no. of pupils with EHCP transported	2,095 (100%)	2,130 (100%)	7	2,125 (100%)	K	2,206 (100%)	7	focused on expensive accessible vehicle routes and/or where the biggest cost reductions could be made.	

# Agenda Item 3 Section 3

Narrative	Cost Driver	Baseline (March 2022)	Q1		Q2		Q3		Action	Traje ctory
Total number of routes required to transport pupils with an Education, health and care Plan (EHCP).  The number of externally contracted routes being undertaken has been on the increase over the last few of years.	No. of transport routes	698	717	7	688	7	718	7		7
Percentage of pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) receiving transport requiring a solo taxi.  The biggest area of increased spend over the last couple of years has been in relation to solo taxis. Pupils receive solo taxi transport from home to school because of age, SEND or other circumstances e.g., behaviour. Analysis shows around 35% of the pupils travelling alone in a solo taxi is due to needs, whilst the remaining 65% are due to geography/only child at the school.	No. of single occupancy taxi routes	305	322	7	298	7	318	7	A review of taxi provision for SEND pupils was undertaken in 2019/20. This review appeared to help moderate the overall pressure at the time but since then numbers have continued to rise. The Special Educational Needs Assessment Team (SENAT) have also reviewed the solo taxi approval process, and these now all go through scrutiny panel with transport representative invited to the meeting.	7

## Key:

Arrow:	Decreasing	7	Increasing	7	Static	$\leftrightarrow$
Colour:	Improving		Worsening		Static	

# Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising- *Dedicated Schools Grant*

Narrative	Cost Driver	Baseline (March 2022)	Q1		Q2		Q3		Action	Traje ctory
Placement mix of pupils with an Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP)	No of pupils with EHCP in mainstream school	1,988 (30.5%)	2,073 (31.0%)	7	1,963 (28.9%)	Ľ	1,995 (29.2%)	7	West Sussex has significantly less learners with EHCPs in their mainstream secondary schools than the national picture. A small specialist	
Our High Needs expenditure within West Sussex is largely driven by the number of pupils with an Education and Health	No of pupils with EHCP in special school / SSC	2,273 (34.9%)	2,294 (34.3%)	Ŋ	2,286 (33.7%)	<b>2</b> ,292 (33.6%)		Ŋ	outreach team has been created as a two-year pilot to support the inclusion of these learners in their local mainstream school.	71
Care Plan (EHCP). The 22/23 budget has been set on the basis of a further 450 pupils this year. Overall growth so far this year is significantly above this, although the proportion	No of pupils with EHCP in independent placements	715 (11.0%) 737 (11.0%) $\leftrightarrow$ 729 (10.7%) $\checkmark$ 768 (11.2%) 768 approved a £1.2m from the DSG School block this year in or	Schools Forum has also approved a £1.2m transfer from the DSG Schools block this year in order to pay for more temporary	7						
of these children being placed in more costly placements within the independent sector has remained the same.	No of pupils with EHCP in post school placements	1,215 (18.7%)	1,192 (17.8%)	7	1,415 (20.8%)	7	1,348 (19.7%)	7	posts to increase capacity to support mainstream schools, support effective transition in early years and support annual	

Narrative	Cost Driver	Baseline (March 2022)	Q1	Q1 Q2 Q3			Action	Traje ctory		
	No of pupils with EHCP in other placement type	319 (4.9%)	398 (5.9%)	7	394 (5.8%)	<b>\$</b>	434 (6.3%)	7	reviews in post-16. The increasing level of placements in the independent sector is largely due to lack of	
	Total no of pupils with EHCP	6.510 (100%)	6,694 (100%)	7	6,787 (100%)	7	6,787 (100%)	7	capacity in WSCC's settings. In the medium term, it is expected that the number of independent sector placements will continue to rise at a faster rate.	

#### Key:

Arrow:	Decreasing	7	Increasing	7	Static	$\leftrightarrow$
Colour:	Improving		Worsening		Static	

## Financial Narrative on the Local Authority Portfolio's Position

- 3. As at December, the Learning and Skills Portfolio is projecting a £0.841m overspend, a decrease of £0.430m when compared to September. The main variations within the portfolio are described below.
- 4. **Mainstream Home to School Transport**. This budget continues to project an overspend of £0.6m due to inflationary wage pressure as a result of:
  - increases in the minimum wage,
  - fuel costs,
  - insurance costs and maintenance costs for vehicles,
  - inflation rises for season tickets and coach contracts.
- 5. **SEND Home to School Transport**. This area has come under pressure as fuel costs have soared. A number of taxi companies have handed back a number of school routes this year and some retendering exercises have seen cost increases in the region of 20%. As a result, the Transport Bureau have increased the fuel support payments to suppliers and also the mileage reimbursement rates paid to parents from 25 pence per mile to 30 pence from September 2022.
- 6. There is also an increasing demand for Alternative Provision transport due to increasing numbers of pupils requiring transport following the closure of the Worthing site at Northbrook College.
- 7. Since the beginning of the new academic year, more transport routes have been taken over by the internally managed fleet managed by Highways and Transport, and this has meant that the projected overspend within Education has fallen by £0.2m over the last quarter (whilst highways has seen a similar increase in their projection).
- 8. **Shortfall of Traded Income (Undelivered Savings).** Reduced traded income following the Department for Education's announcement that Local Authorities will no longer be able to provide the role of Appropriate Body for Early Career Teachers from September 2023. In view of this, the decision has

been taken for the County Council not to offer the Appropriate Body role for new two-year registrations from September 2022 (unless the Early Career Teacher will complete before September 2023). The 2023/24 budget includes £0.1m to cover this income loss going forward.

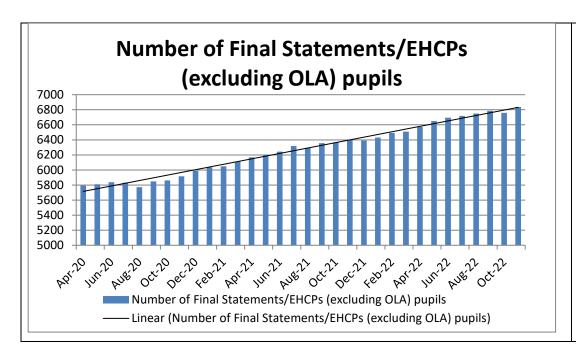
- 9. In addition, school trading income has not grown significantly following the Covid-19 pandemic, leading to a shortfall against income targets. Overall, the £0.150m planned savings from 2021/22 are no longer expected to be delivered.
- 10. **Crawley Schools PFI Inflation**. The budget is projected to overspend by £0.5m in 2022/23 due to inflationary pressure on the unitary charge payment and utility costs. Utility costs are reconciled in arrears under contract mechanisms, meaning a firm figure is unlikely to be known until later in the year and a risk of higher costs remains given the current market volatility.
- 11. **Staffing Vacancies**. £0.392m of staffing underspending within the Educational Psychology Service, School Crossing Patrol Service and SEND and Inclusion Service teams are forecast this year as services continue to experience recruitment difficulties.

#### Financial Narrative on the Dedicated Schools Grant Position

- 12. The Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) budget position, as at the end of December, is projecting an overspending of £17.600m against County Council's DSG allocation from government in 2022/23. This overspending will be transferred to DSG reserve at the end of the year, thereby increasing the DSG deficit to £43.2m. The main variations are described below.
- 13. **Independent and Non-maintained Sector**. The current projected outturn overspend of £4.176m is based on a continuation of the existing 793 placements at the end of December plus further growth of 15 over the remaining months of the year.
- 14. **Cost of Temporary Accommodation.** Temporary classrooms have now been installed at St Anthony's, Manor Green College and Cornfield special schools in order to help reduce the number of pupils being placed in the independent sector. Since these classrooms are being hired, the £0.862m cost incurred cannot be charged to the capital programme.
- 15. **Post-16 Further Education Colleges.** This budget overspent by £1.2m in 2021/22 due to the number of additional placements incurring a cost increasing by 53 during the year (compared to a budgeted increase of 17 placements). The £1.502m projected overspend in 2022/23 is based on a continuation of the number of pupils in the 2021/22 academic year.
- 16. **Post-16 Independent Specialist Providers**. This budget overspent by £0.7m in 2021/22 due to the number of additional placements incurring a cost increasing by 18 during the year (compared to a budgeted increase of three placements). The £0.899m projected overspend in 2022/23 is based on a continuation of the number of pupils in the 2021/22 academic year.

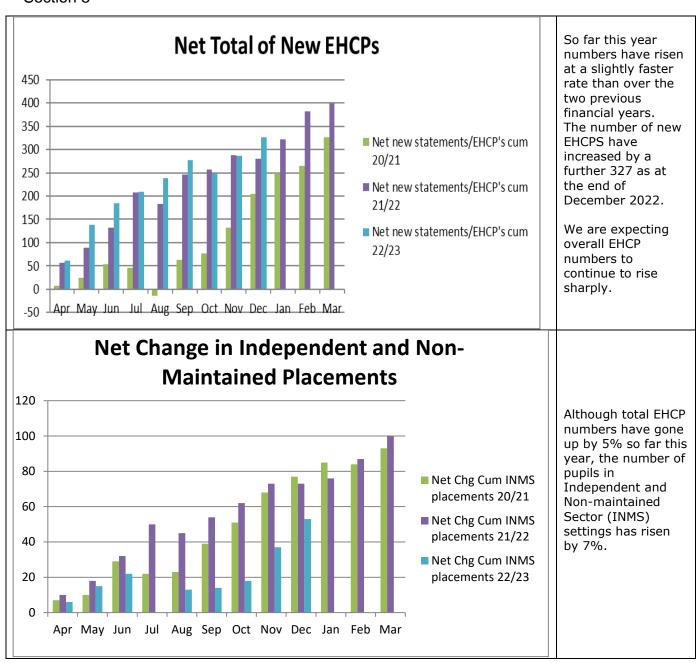
- 17. **Exceptional Needs Funding and Top Ups**. Increased budget shares in special school academies to reflect the increased number of planned places and additional pupils in mainstream schools receiving top-up funding through an Individually Assigned Resource (IAR). This has led to a £1.142m overspend being forecast.
- 18. **Specialist Support.** Expenditure for specialist support has grown significantly over the last couple of years, with this budget overspending by £1.4m in 2021/22. This pressure has increased during the current year due to increasing challenges in finding specialist placements, leading to a £4.912m overspend current forecast.
- 19. **Staffing Vacancies.** A £1.317m underspend from staffing vacancies is forecast, which primarily relate to the Early Years' Service which was restructured at the beginning of the year. In addition, there have been challenges in recruiting staff to support the change programmes.
- 20. **Growth Fund Commitments**. £2.415m has been allocated to 14 primary schools and 24 secondary schools (including five primary and 13 secondary academies) from the Growth Fund. A further allocation of £0.033m has also been made to one secondary school to top up its summer term funding. The remaining balance of £0.152m is unlikely to be spent this year.

#### **Cost Drivers Information**



There has been an increasing number of children and young people with an EHCP in each financial year since March 2015 (3,423 pupils).

This graph demonstrates the continuation of these increasing numbers since April 2020 (5,793 pupils). As at December 2022 there were 6,837 pupils with an EHCP.



#### **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

21. As the pandemic continues, there remains a need to provide quality services and assistance to residents. Within the Learning and Skills portfolio, some final invoices relating to the backlog of specific psychology assessments have been received, along with the final summer term for a number of specific college placements which were impacted by the pandemic. This has led to £0.304m of the non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant being earmarked for 2022/23.

#### **Savings Delivery Update**

22. In addition to the £0.225m of 2022/23 planned savings, there remains £0.675m of savings from the 2021/22 financial year which were not delivered on an on-going basis. To ensure that these savings are monitored and delivered, all of these savings are detailed in the table below:

Saving Activity	Savings to be Delivered in 2022/23 £000	Decemb	per 2022	Narrative	2023/24
		25	В	Saving achieved. Inclusion team have delivered their target.	В
Improve School Trading Offer	175	150	R	Any improved trading income has been offset by a shortfall of income within Leadership and Governance and reduced traded income following DfE announcement that LAs will no longer be able to provide the role of Appropriate Body for Early Career Teachers.	O
Home to School Transport – Increased Internal Fleet	340	340	В	Saving achieved. Phase 1 savings of £0.120m were delivered because of action taken in 2020/21. During 2021/22, 27 accessible minibus routes were insourced which has saved a further £0.220m in a full year.	В
Home to School Transport – Greater Taxi Competition	160	160	В	Saving achieved. This saving has been delivered through keener pricing from taxi firms at the beginning of the academic year in 2021/22.	В
Increase in Council's Top Slice of Early Years DSG to Compensate for Lost Central DSG Grant Funding Used for Wider Benefit of Children and Young People	225	225	В	Saving achieved. Centrally retained element of the Early Years DSG block was increased from 4.5% to 5% when the 2022/23 budget was set.	В



# **Capital Programme**

#### **Performance Summary - Capital**

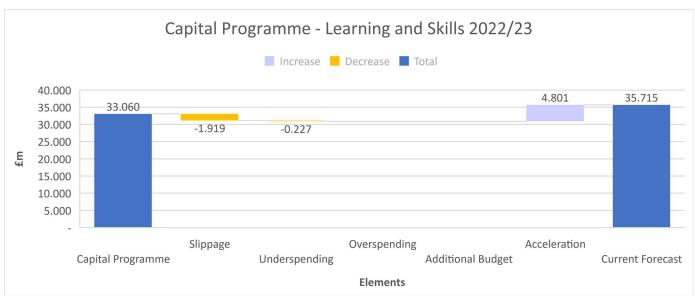
23. There are 47 schemes within the portfolio. Nine of the schemes in delivery are rated green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan and Nine schemes are rated at amber, indicating that there is an issue, but that it can be dealt with by the project delivery team. A further 12 schemes are rated red, indicating that there are significant issues requiring corrective action and 17 schemes that are within their final retention phase. An update on the progress of the schemes not rated green are detailed in the table below:

Scheme	RAG Status at Dec 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
Burgess Hill Academy	AMBER	Cost pressure	AMBER	Options being considered
Cornfield SEND	RED	Time delay - specification outstanding	RED	
Edward Bryant Special Support Centre	RED	Cost and time pressures	RED	Contractors forecast due
Felpham Community College SSC	RED	Time delay	RED	Planning have advised that demolition cannot commence until pre- commencement conditions have been discharged
Herons Dale SEND	AMBER	Time delay due to site survey requirements still ongoing	AMBER	Delays in obtaining topographical data required to carry out surveys
Maidenbower Infants SSC	RED	Time delay due school's requested change	RED	Options under review
Midhurst Rother College	RED	Time delay	RED	MDC being remobilised
Palatine School	AMBER	Time delay from adverse weather end Jan 2023. Handover not possible	AMBER	Contractors revised completion date is March 2023
Parklands Primary	RED	Ongoing, persistent defect- management continuing. Awaiting comment on the proposed settlement agreement	RED	
QEII Silver Jubilee School	AMBER	Time and cost pressures	AMBER	Handover Phase 2 now expected Jan 2023
Safeguarding Programme	AMBER	Final account indicates overspend	AMBER	
S106 Burgess Hill Academy	AMBER	Time delay	AMBER	
S106 Forest School AWP	RED	Time delay due to planning and water neutrality	RED	
S106 Downlands	AMBER	Time delay – only received one tender	AMBER	Three week delay due to tender extension
S106 infrastructure Programme	RED	Overall cost of programme exceeds budget	RED	
S106 Linfield Primary	AMBER	Cost pressure	AMBER	Options being reviewed

Scheme	RAG Status at Dec 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
S106 Slinfold	RED	Time delay	RED	Newt survey scheduled for May 2023
St Margaret's SSC	RED	Time delay	RED	Aug 2023 handover unlikely
West Park SSC	AMBER	Time delay	AMBER	
Whitehouse Farmland west of Chichester Primary School	RED	Milestone delay	RED	Awaiting instruction
Woodlands Meed	RED	Time delay	RED	Contractor revised completion date

#### **Finance Summary - Capital**

- 24. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £30.774m for 2022/23. Budget of £2.286m originally profiled to spend in 2021/22, was slipped into 2022/23, revising the capital programme to £33.060m.
- 25. Since this time, the profiled spend has increased overall by £2.655m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £35.715m. Of this increase, -£1.919m relates to slippage, £4.801m relates to projects where funding has been accelerated from future years and -£0.227m relates to underspending.



#### Key:

Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022. Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofit

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget. Additional Budget - Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time. Acceleration - Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 26. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between September and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: (-£1.919m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£1.919m).
    - Cornfield: (-£0.358m). This scheme is currently at feasibility stage; design is now expected to be early in the new financial year therefore funding has been reprofiled into 2023/24.
    - Heronsdale: £0.316m. This scheme is currently at feasibility stage, design is now expected to be early in the new financial year therefore funding has been reprofiled into 2023/24.
    - Felpham Special Support Centre: (-£0.235m). Funding has been reprofiled into 2023/24 due to delays in planning approval that has affected the timescale of the project.
    - The Forest School All Weather Pitch (-£1.010m). Funding has been reprofiled into 2023/24 due to planning delays and issues relating to water neutrality which has impacted the tender process and construction start date.
- 27. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

- 28. There are no corporate risks assigned to this portfolio. Risks allocated to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections. Further detail on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** Corporate Risk Register Summary.
- 29. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee</u> <u>Agenda</u> website.

# **Community Support, Fire and Rescue Portfolio - Summary**

## **Performance Summary**

1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:

#### Fire and Rescue Service

- Quarter three marked a significant milestone in our improvement journey as a service after the county council's Cabinet formally closed off our improvement plan. This was implemented following the service's HMICFRS inspection report in 2019 and was drawn up to address those concerns raised by the inspectorate and to ensure the service was on a sound footing. Work continues to monitor performance through our Assurance Framework which will now also include a continuous improvement report to replace the improvement plan.
- Significant progress was made on the breathing apparatus project. Workshops took place with suppliers to demonstrate the scope of the equipment they offer and included colleagues from East Sussex, Surrey and Kent. This is as an important piece of work towards operational alignment, and our collaborative approach with our neighbouring services will allow us to invest in and procure the very best equipment available.
- In December we launched the new policy for the non-attendance at automatic fire alarms in certain premises. This is a key priority set out in our Community Risk Management Plan and the change will deliver a targeted reduction in the numbers of Unwanted Fire Signals we attend creating greater capacity for prevention activity.
- The Fire Brigades Union formally opened its ballot for members on the issue of pay. This development initiated our business continuity planning process to begin preparing for potential industrial action. These are now well rehearsed arrangements which were implemented throughout the preparations for EU Exit and the Covid-19 pandemic.
- Children and young people continue to be a key target audience for our prevention messages. In this quarter ten students from Chichester College successfully completed the first ever IGNITE programme run by our Targeted Education Team. The project is aimed at young people aged 16 and over in further education who are willing to learn but struggle with low self-esteem, low self-confidence, and resilience. Over the five-day course, the students took part in a range of activities and drills, as well as learning about the physicality of being a firefighter and the importance of nutrition.
- Finally in this quarter we welcomed our 10 new wholetime firefighters to the service after their intensive 13-week training course. These colleagues will initially assist with workforce planning to maintain high levels of crewing and appliance availability. A further course will commence during the fourth quarter as these colleagues will begin to provide the additional crewing for the increases in establishment as part of the day crewed 7 proposals.

#### **Community Support**

- The newly formed Ukraine Support Team continues to respond to the needs of Ukrainians entering the UK under the Homes for Ukraine scheme and their hosts. Demand for support remains high from both guests and hosts in relation to accommodation needs, finances, education, transport and English lessons.
- To support the continuation of sponsor and guest arrangements and in recognition of cost-of-living pressures, the Council have increased monthly "Thank You" payments to sponsors with a sliding scale approach depending on number of guests. Communicated at the end of November this will be in place for 4 months with the uplift commencing in January.
  - o 1 − 3 guests is increased from £350 to £500
  - 4 5 guests is increased from £350 to £600
  - o 6 + guests is increased from £350 to £700
- In addition to monthly 'Thank you' payments for Sponsors a £400 milestone payment is being made at the 4-month stay point to offset some of the additional utility bill and household expense experienced as a result of hosting guests. The Council has expanded the milestone payments so that payments are now also made at the 8-month and 12-month milestone.
- The Community Hub remains available for residents, providing support with cost of living and distributing Household Support Funds. Skilled advisors provide information, advice, guidance, signposting and practical support, resolving issues where possible, and signposting internal/external services and support when needed. Household Support Fund (3) funding from national government runs until 31 March 2023; WSCC was allocated £4.8 million. Funding criteria apply with a focus on households in the most need, particularly those who may not be eligible for other government support, including families with children, pensioners, unpaid carers, care leavers and people with disabilities. Distribution of funds for the first three months has seen at least 26,256 households provided with support via this funding stream.
- Libraries have been supporting residents experiencing cost of living pressures as an integral part of their business-as-usual activity: providing an information, enquiry and signposting service; offering books, leaflets and online resources on relevant topics; delivering an events/activities programme for targeted audiences; and providing access to partner services (e.g., Citizens Advice). Our network of 36 Libraries is supporting people experiencing hygiene poverty through distribution of essential toiletries packs. Targeted promotion enabled households most in need to benefit, particularly pensioners, disabled people, carers and families with young children. Around 2000 packs were successfully distributed before Christmas. The model will be repeated with an initiative to support individuals experiencing period poverty.
- Cost of Living related scams and online safety information has been shared widely across partnership and community networks. A successful romance fraud themed webinar took place and an online harms talk was delivered to a range of professionals at the West Sussex Strategic Community Safety

Partnership conference. Digital Crime was the focus of the Communities, Highways and Environment Scrutiny Committee in November.

- During this quarter 277 residents/professionals engaged in digital safety training. 5,824 people are currently signed up to receive the monthly Staying Safe Online E-newsletter. Estimated over 200,000 people reached via sharing key online safety information by social media, radio, press release, blogs, local magazines and e-newsletters.
- A Storrington business whose employee sold alcohol without asking for proof of age received a 12-week suspension of its licence after selling alcohol to a West Sussex Trading Standards child volunteer.
- West Sussex currently has 84 licensed explosives stores of which 12 are bulk stores keeping between 250kg and 2,000kg of explosives. In the run up to 5<sup>th</sup> November, these stores were all visited to ensure explosives are being kept and stored safely. West Sussex also has three retailers who are licensed to sell fireworks all year round.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

3

#### **Fire and Rescue Service Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

Fire and Rescue	2022/23 Target		ce Over The Las Periods	st 3 D	οΤ	Year End Forecas
<b>Measure:</b> Fire Safety Order regulated buildings in West Sussex having received an		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2	
audit under the Risk Based Inspection Programme. Measured cumulatively in each financial year, from 1st April.	1,000	218	445	722	7	G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly					Ť	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: Q3 has seen the highest number of fire safety audits completed in any quarter since the start of 2020/21 when the revised performance framework was introduced. This is a very positive outcome considering the ongoing challenges with vacancies and long-term sickness absences in the department. The actions reported in previous reports such as watch based fire safety, use of retained duty staff and desk top audits are all starting to drive improvement in efficient audit delivery whilst maintaining a focus on quality risk-based inspections.

**Actions:** The department is 38 audits under target at the end of Q3. It is expected that the support from watch-based staff and retained duty colleagues will ensure that this will be made up in Q4 so that the target of 1,000 audits this year is met. Work continues to plan for next year's risk-based inspections to ensure we maximise our resources across West Sussex and that, as our inspectors achieve the requisite qualifications and we manage sickness, a further review of the target can be considered.

Fire and Rescue	2022/23 Target		ce Over The La Periods	st 3 D	оТ	Year E Forec
<b>Measure:</b> Number of Safe and Well Visits delivered to households with at least one vulnerability or risk factor. Measured		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	22	
cumulatively in each financial year, from 1st April.	4,000					G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Accumulative.		1,151	2,451	3,384	7	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: In Q3 we carried out 1,284 Safe and Well Visits and 773 home checks. We have seen a month on month increase in visits in the last 12 months which we attribute to the remedial actions taken, the ongoing development of referral pathways and more customers being receptive to having someone visit their home. Although our previous referrals have yet to return to their pre-Covid levels the reactive post-incident work by crews and proactive referral generation activity has led to a steady increase in prevention activity across the Service.

**Actions:** We continue to promote Safe and Well Visits through our health and social care partners and train their staff to recognise and respond to fire risk. In addition, customer details are being shared to increase referrals of Safe and Well Visits. Crews use local data to drive and target prevention activity to areas where our most vulnerable residents live and we make the most of every opportunity to deliver focused community safety activities following incidents at residential properties. This is leading to more prevention activity being delivered to those at risk, particularly those who are in the vicinity of an incident.

<b>Measure:</b> Percentage of 'critical fires' where the first appliance in attendance meets our		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2	
emergency response standard	89.0%					G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly.		91.0%	86.0%	89.1%	<b>N</b>	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: The improvement seen this quarter is largely down to the introduction of performance data on turn out times being available to our teams on stations and the focus on expectations and professional standards in service delivery. This means that appliances turn out from the station more quickly and inform Fire Control more immediately when they arrive at the scene. The number of occasions where crews turned out within 90 seconds improved by 1.86% and similarly the 60 seconds turn out target performance improved by 1.77%. The new Service Delivery Support team regularly analyse this data and have begun to deliver training on data accuracy.

**Actions:** We will continue to monitor and review the performance data locally on our stations. The Day Crewed 7 proposal within our Community Risk Management Plan to increase the cover in Mid-Sussex and Shoreham is planned to go live March 2023. This will ensure more resilience is available when facing occasions of high demand, contributing to maintaining good performance in this measure.

<b>Measure:</b> Percentage of `critical special service incidents' where the first appliance in		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2	
attendance meets our emergency response standard	80.0%	82.2%	81.4%	81.6%	7	G
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly.					·	

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: Critical special Service Calls can occur anywhere in the County and we measure these separately to critical fires. Performance this quarter remains high, providing further reassurance that the use of the Dynamic Cover Tool (which provides data on potential response times broken down to a district/local level to the control room operators) is now embedded in our ways of working. The initiative we have introduced to use our wholetime firefighters more proactively to support RDS availability and improvements in our turn out times is also having a positive impact on this core measure.

**Actions:** We continue to work with partner agencies to help improve the time taken to transfer calls and information. We also continue to undertake work at our fire stations to ensure we are doing everything we can to respond to incidents as quickly as possible as well as maximise the availability of RDS fire engines at times of the day when we know these incidents are most likely to occur using our Crewing Optimisation Group.

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# **Community Support Performance Measures**

	Community Support	2022/23 Target		ce Over The La Periods	st 3	оΤ	Year End Forecast		
	Measure: Use of virtual/digital library services		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2			
	by residents  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Accumulative	5.45m	1.39m	2.87m	4.50m	7	G		
3	Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Whilst customer use of virtual library services is stabilising, post-pandemic, this figure represents an 18% increase on Q3 last year, illustrating the continued growth trend for this provision.  Actions: Continue to support growing demand though investment in eLibrary platforms and production of virtual and online library events content.								
	Measure: Number of people reached and supported via the West Sussex Community Hub		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	2			
	during the Covid-19 pandemic  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Accumulative	36,000	85,840	87,298	89,957	7	G		
34	Performance Analysis: Dec-22: From September 2022 – November 2022 there have been 2,659 reached by the Community Hub for support with food, energy and wider essentials.								
	<b>Actions:</b> Measure is changing 2023/2024 to reflect quality rather than quantity to ensure positive outcomes at first point of contact for residents that require support from the Community Hub.								

# **Finance Summary**

# **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic forecast expenditure – Community Hub (£1.0m) and Fire and Rescue (£0.2m) expenditure	£1.206m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£1.206m)	
Fire and Rescue – Joint Control Centre additional inflationary costs	£0.300m	Fire and Rescue – Other minor variations	(£0.076m)	
Community Support – Additional coroner costs projected following work undertaken on long inquests	£0.340m	Community Support – Staffing underspends in Community Safety and Wellbeing, Library Service and Trading Standards.	(£0.540m)	
Community Support – Shortfall in libraries income relating to changes in customer behaviour post pandemic	£0.180m	Community Support – Additional ceremonies income projected as this is the first summer season in recent times with no pandemic restrictions	(£0.270m)	
Community Support, Fire & Rescue Portfolio - Total	£2.026m		(£2.092m)	(£0.066m)

## **Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

4. As at December, the Community Support, Fire and Rescue Portfolio is projecting a £0.066m underspend, an increase in underspending of £0.102m when compared to September. The main variations are described below.

#### **Fire and Rescue Service**

- 5. The Fire and Rescue Service is currently projecting to overspend by £0.224m. The County Council contributes to the cost of running the Joint Fire Control Centre based on actual costs incurred. Surrey County Council has recently provided figures that have indicated that there will be additional inflationary costs relating to the Joint Fire Control Centre. This has led to a projected £0.3m overspend for 2022/23 which also takes account of inflationary increases in goods and services.
- 6. The pay award for firefighters is still under negotiation but the current forecast assumes these costs can either be contained within existing budgets if funded through contingency.
- 7. Staffing vacancies within the Protection and Strategic Risk and Improvement Teams have helped to mitigate some of this additional pressure.

### **Community Support**

- 8. Overall, Community Support is projecting a £0.290m underspend as at the end of December.
- 9. The Coroner's Service is projecting an overspend of £0.340m which relates to increases in mortuary and pathology provision and inquests. Excess deaths have caused an increase in spend due to the need to use agency cover and external mortuary provision. In addition, the County Council has facilitated a number of inquests this year which have led to additional expenditure, including the recently concluded Shoreham Inquest.
- 10. The Library Service has continued to experience a shortfall of income which relates to changes in customer behaviour post-pandemic restrictions. It is forecast that there will be a shortfall of £0.180m in 2022/23.
- 11. These budgetary pressures have been partly mitigated by projected staffing vacancy savings of £0.540m and a forecasted increase in Registrar Service income of £0.270m. This increase is due to a surge of ceremonies being planned in 2022/23 following the relaxation of Covid-19 restrictions.

### **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

- 12. As the pandemic continues, there remains a need to provide quality services and assistance to residents. The Community Support Service are continuing to provide support to residents by working with local partners and helping vulnerable people through the Community Hub and other front-line services. Non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant of £1.0m has been earmarked to enable the Community Hub and other support to residents to continue and potentially increase if needed.
- 13. Within the Fire and Rescue Service, £0.2m has been earmarked from the non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant to cover a number of in-year pandemic pressures including additional cost arising from required firefighter isolation periods, sickness and overtime, as well as the provision of a one-year rural engagement officer within the Prevention Team to support vulnerable people living in rural areas who have been isolated during the pandemic.

## **Savings Delivery Update**

14. There remains £0.070m of savings from the 2021/22 financial year which were not delivered on an on-going basis. This saving is reported in the table below to ensure that it is monitored and delivered during the year:

Saving Activity	Saving to be Delivered in 2022/23 (£000)	December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
Community Support - Development of adapted Library Service offer in conjunction with Parish Councils	70			Saving mitigated in-year through staffing underspends. A permanent solution is still required for 2023/24.	A



#### **Capital Programme**

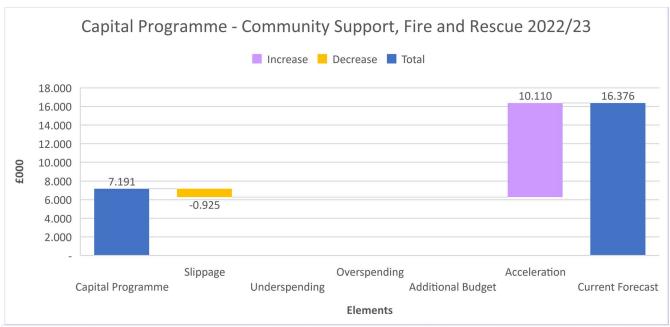
#### **Performance Summary - Capital**

15. There are five schemes within the portfolio. Four of the schemes in delivery are rated as green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan and one scheme is within its final retention phase.

#### **Finance Summary - Capital**

16. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £9.725m for 2022/23. Budget of £2.534m originally profiled to spend in 2022/23, was accelerated into 2021/22, revising the capital programme to £7.191m.

17. Since this time, the profiled spend has increased overall by £9.185m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £16.376m. Of this increase, -£0.925m relates to slippage and £10.110m relates to projects where funding has been accelerated from future years.



#### Key:

Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget.

Additional Budget – Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 18. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: (-£0.925m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£0.925m)
    - Fire and Rescue Estates Improvement Programme:(-£0.125m).
       The feasibility study is due to be completed imminently. Once options have been reviewed and approved through the relevant governance the expectation is that works will commence in 2023/24.
    - Fleet: (-£0.800m). Only the initial stage payments are now due in 2022/23 for the procurement of specialist fire vehicles, therefore funding has been reprofiled into 2023/24.
  - Acceleration: £10.110m. Movement since Q2 report: £6.110m
    - Live Training Centre and Horsham Fire Station: £6.110m. Works continue to progress quicker than first anticipated therefore funding has been accelerated from 2023/24 into 2022/23.

19. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

### Risk

- 20. There are no corporate risks assigned to this portfolio. Risks allocated to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections. Further detail on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** Corporate Risk Register Summary.
- 21. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee</u>

  Agenda website.



## **Environment and Climate Change Portfolio - Summary**

## **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
  - The County Council signed a pre-construction services agreement (PCSA) with Kier to complete the system design for the largescale battery storage site at Halewick Lane, Sompting. Kier will also provide support with a planning amendment to the South Downs National Park Authority (SDNPA): the footprint of the battery system now proposed will be smaller than the one outlined in the original planning application. Work to connect the site to the electricity grid at East Worthing is also nearing completion.
  - Brighton Energy Co-op are supporting our work with Manor Royal BID to launch the Local Energy Community (LEC) on Manor Royal Business District. They have a contract until the end of the current financial year to work with businesses, generate interest in the LEC and identify potential energy projects.
  - Six carbon literacy training courses were delivered with over 60 staff participating. Several hundred County Council staff have now received carbon literacy training and more are booked onto upcoming courses. The County Council also provided carbon literacy training for staff at Adur and Worthing District Council to support collaborative climate action in West Sussex.
  - Recruitment to posts to support delivery of the Climate Change Strategy was successfully completed enabling progress to be accelerated in key action areas as outlined to the Communities, Highways and Environment Scrunty Committee (CHESC) on 21<sup>st</sup> September 2022.
  - The Council responded as a statutory consultee to the consultation on potential changes to the onshore cable route for Rampion 2, the extension to the Rampion Offshore Wind Farm. The County Council also responded as a statutory consultee to the non-statutory consultation on changes to the design of the A27 Arundel Bypass. Both schemes are Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects that are being taken forward through the statutory Development Consent Order process. Responding to the consultations within the tight, externally imposed timeframes involved extensive partnership working internally and externally.
  - The Council worked in partnership with UK Harvest to pilot "Community Food Hubs" to encourage surplus food rescue. The project aims to clarify common misconceptions about food rescue services and explain who support is available to, and to provide tips and guidance on how to reduce food waste. A total of 418 people attended the nine events, and 1,389 people were fed. Residents in Bognor, Broadfield and Crawley were informed on how they could cook simple recipes during a Christmas cooking demonstration and education sessions during December.

• A collaborative project has begun with Chichester and Crawley College and Chichester University to improve the engagement and reach of 15–24-year-old residents, to inspire waste prevention and empower students and staff to demonstrate positive recycling and waste reduction behaviours. Due to the consistency between recycling on campus and recycling at home, this project will have a greater impact on waste prevention and recycling practice in West Sussex homes. 150 students were engaged at three events. The University Landlords Forum received a presentation and were given recycling bags and stickers. A waste composition survey has also been conducted, and the data is currently being analysed to determine next steps.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

	Environment and Climate Change	2022/23 Target	Performance Over The Last 3 Periods		Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	Measure: Equivalent tonnes (te) of CO2 emissions from WSCC activities (CC)		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	2	
	Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Accumulative.	22,910 CO2te	5,107 CO2te	8,556 CO2te	16,154 CO2te	7	G
22	of 28% compared to the same baseline compared to that of the baseline perior overall emission performance remains average, the highest emissions sit with colder temperatures and reduced dayli	pec-22: Recorded carbon emissions for the quarter total 7,598 tonnes, amounting to a decrease me baseline period. This reduction primarily results from reduced electricity and gas demand seline period, however, there is an increase in transportation related emissions.  The remains on track to meet the targeted annual reductions, though it should be noted that on one sit within the Q4 months, where both heat demand and streetlighting increase in response to duced daylight hours.  The actions set out in the Carbon Management Plan to achieve net zero carbon by 2030.					
	Measure: Household waste recycled, reused or composted (CC)		Dec-21	Mar-22	Jun-22	2	
	Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Reported two quarters in arrears.	55.0%	55.3%	53.7%	53.5%	7	A

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: The recycling rate for the first quarter of 2022/23 decreased marginally (0.3%) when compared to the same quarter in 2021 but the difference is within the margins expected through variables, notably volumes of wood stockpiled prior to offtake into the wood products market. Compared to the previous 12-month rolling figure, total local authority collected waste has decreased slightly. The return to pre-pandemic waste levels may be a result of either reduced working from home and / or the increases in the cost of living. The final statistics for 2021-2022 will not be published until April/May 2023, so this figure is currently unaudited.

**Actions:** Our contractor has informed us that the current stockpile is in the process of being cleared and has significantly reduced between September and November 2022, with the goal of being cleared entirely by March 2023.

## **Finance Summary**

### **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Corporate utilities - unit price increase on energy tariffs, affecting corporate buildings	£2.000m	Additional Solar and Battery Farm income due to an increase in unit prices	(£2.200m)	
Additional cost on waste contracts above budgeted inflation	£1.826m	Additional income from sale of recyclable material	(£1.650m)	
Additional waste tonnage largely due to Adur and Worthing bin strike in March 2022	£0.374m	Net waste disposal and recycling volume reduction – favourable waste profile	(£1.850m)	
Countryside Services – Inflation and demand pressures	£0.200m	One-off 2017/18 waste recycling contract settlement agreement	(£1.730m)	
Countryside Services – Delays in delivering saving	£0.020m			
Other minor variations	£0.030m			
Environment & Climate Change Portfolio - Total	£4.450m		(£7.430m)	(£2.980m)

## **Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

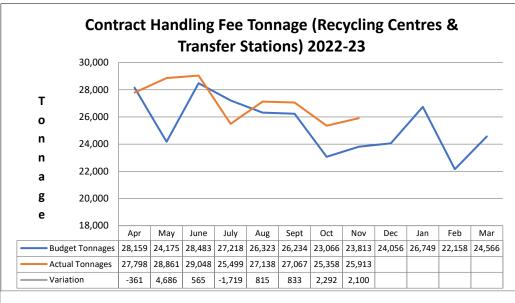
#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 4. The Environment and Climate Change Portfolio is currently projecting a £2.980m underspend, an increase of £0.880m when compared to the £2.1m underspend projected in September. The main variations are described below:
- 5. **Corporate Utilities**. Occupation of County Council buildings so far in 2022/23 is broadly similar to the 2021/22 occupation. Gas and electricity rates have risen sharply across Europe in the last year due to a combination of factors including the conflict in Ukraine which has added a considerable premium to market prices. The forward-buying strategy mitigated, to an extent, the impact of the 2021/22 increases, however as the value of the commodities continue to increase, a hedging strategy cannot completely protect the council from these rises in 2022/23. Based on known prices but with some uncertainty over building occupation, a £2.0m overspend is currently projected for 2022/23.
- 6. **Waste Contract Inflation.** The 2022/23 budget was set based on the September 2021 RPI rate of 5%, whereas the contracts are uplifted annually based on the February RPI, which equated to 8.2% for 2022/23. This has resulted in a £1.826m budget pressure.

- 7. **Countryside Services.** In addition to the projected £0.2m overspend due to inflationary and increased demand pressures, the delivery of the planned £0.020m saving from a review of Countryside Fees and Charges will not be delivered until 2023/24. New charging processes are being introduce, but it is unlikely that additional income will be realised until next year due to the submission and consultation timescales associated with applications.
- 8. **Solar and Battery Storage**. Based on the current elevated solar sale prices, income from the solar and battery storage farms are forecasting a £2.2m surplus of income. This forecast has been revised down by £0.4m due to an adverse difference in the p/kWh unit rate received compared to the forecast for July and August. It is a particularly difficult time to forecast rates, but the expectation is that the rates will rebound back to prior forecasts. In addition, there has been some income loss due to a technical issue with the battery modules at the Westhampnett site. The forecast assumes that the battery will be fully operational and generating income again by the end of January. The weather conditions in 2022/23 have been generally favourable and have contributed to energy output above expectation. It is important to note that, corporately, any gain in income from the solar projects may be offset by the increased cost in corporate utilities arising from the higher unit rate.
- 9. Recyclate Income. 2021/22 saw then-record recyclate rates with values largely continuing to rise throughout the year. The start of 2022/23 saw further increases in the rates but the second half of the year saw sharp drops across virtually all streams with values heading back towards or even below prepandemic values.
- 10. The largest driver of recycling income is waste paper and the value of this commodity strengthened from +£95 per tonne in March to a high of +£124 in August. Since August the value has decreased significantly each month to +£18 in November, its lowest level since August 2020 and an 85% drop in value since August.
  - Polypropylene plastic packaging increased in value from +£625 per tonne in March to +£825 in August. This has then decreased in value significantly since, to a low of +£395 in November.
  - Aluminium cans values have decreased from +£1,507 per tonne in March to +£1,267 in August. As at November, the value has remained static at +£1,257.
- 11. Due to the previous high value of recyclable material generally (particularly waste paper) and income from the first five months we have assumed a £1.650m surplus of income, due to the currently declining recyclate values though this figure could reduce further.
- 12. **Waste Disposal and Recycling.** The household waste recycling sites (HWRS) have seen waste volumes around 4% above 2021/22 tonnages so far this year. Additional waste came through the system in the early part of the year due to the impact of the delayed waste received from Adur and Worthing as a result of GMB strike action between 12<sup>th</sup> March 2022 and 12<sup>th</sup> April 2022.

- 13. The Material Recycling Facility (MRF) has seen 5% higher than budgeted waste volume due to the increase in household waste recycling collected at kerbside in part due to continued home working arrangements. This has however decreased from around 11% in the period to June.
- 14. However, the prolonged period of hot, dry weather has reduced the growing season considerably. This summer, there was a reduction of c.8,000 tonnes of garden waste compared to the June August 2021 period. This large reduction in green waste has helped to mitigate the waste disposal pressure.
- 15. **2017/18 Waste Recycling Contract Settlement.** Following a review by the Waste Team of the contractual and accounting obligations under the Recycling and Waste Handling Contract, it was agreed that a £1.730m repayment was due to the County Council relating to the year-end cash position of the service provider in 2017/18. This repayment is due to be received in February 2023 and is included within the forecast.

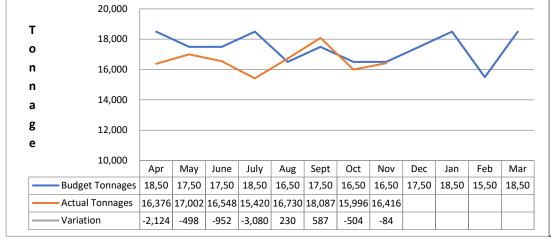
#### **Cost Driver Information**



This graph shows tonnages received at the Household Waste Recycling Sites (HWRS) and Transfer Stations.

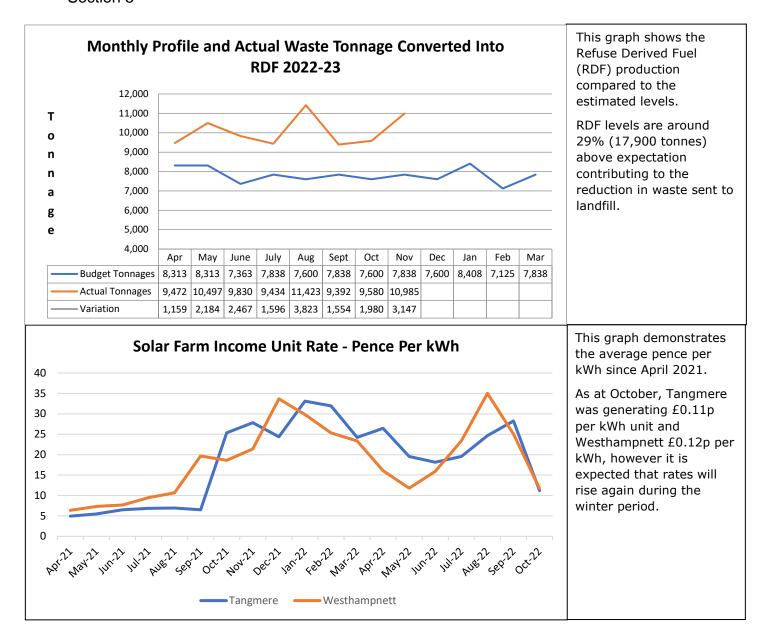
The tonnages received in as at November are 4% above the budgeted profile.

# Monthly Tonnage Profile and Actual Waste Entering the MBT and Waste Sent Direct to Landfill 2022/23



Waste is transferred to the Mechanical Biological Treatment Centre (MBT) with a small proportion directly sent to landfill, as the waste is not suitable for treatment through the MBT.

This graph demonstrates a 5% reduction in tonnes sent to the Warnham so far when compared to the forecast profile.



## **Savings Delivery Update**

16. In addition to the £1.450m of 2022/23 planned savings, there remains £0.120m of savings from the 2021/22 financial year which were not delivered on an ongoing basis. To ensure that these savings are monitored and delivered, all of these savings are detailed in the table below:

Saving Activity	Saving to be Delivered in 2022/23 (£000)	December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
Development of battery storage site	100	100	G		G
Reduction in MBT Insurance	650	650	В		В
Additional income from increased sales of recyclates	800	800	G		G
Review Countryside fees and charges	20	20	R	Expected to be delivered in 2023/24.	G

Savings Key:			
R Significant Risk	A At Risk	G On Track	<b>B</b> Delivered

## **Capital Programme**

## **Performance Summary - Capital**

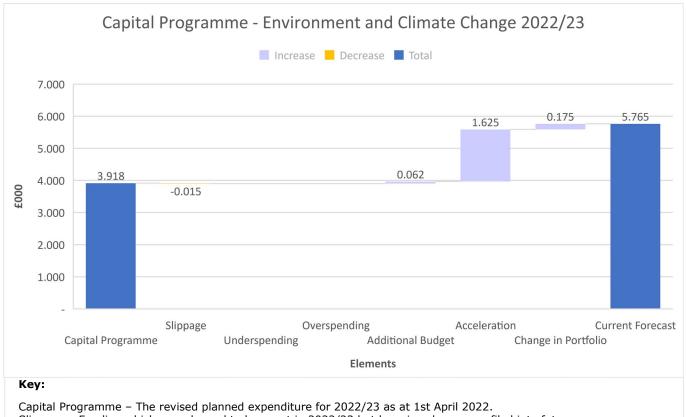
17. There are 10 schemes within the portfolio. Five of the schemes in delivery are rated green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan. Three projects are rated amber, indicating that there is an issue but that it could be dealt with by the project delivery team and two schemes are within their final retention phase. An update on the progress of the schemes not rated green are detailed in the table below:

Scheme	RAG Status at Dec 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
Carbon Reduction (Salix Recycling Fund – CHP)	AMBER	Time delay – asbestos found	AMBER	
Halewick Lane Development	AMBER	Time delay	AMBER	Design proposals to be reviewed at Jan 2023 Project Board
Schools Solar PV Installation	AMBER	Quality issues caused by one installer has caused some disruption to the programme	AMBER	Options being considered and proposals expected to come forward in Feb 2023

## **Finance Summary - Capital**

18. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £4.034m for 2022/23. Budget of £0.116m,

- originally profiled to spend in 2022/23, was accelerated into 2021/22, revising this year's capital programme to £3.918m.
- 19. Since this time, the profiled spend has increased overall by £1.847m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £5.765m. Of this increase, -£0.015m relate to slippage, £0.062m relates to the allocation of additional budget, £1.625m relates to projects where funding has been accelerated from future years and £0.175m relates to a change in portfolio.



Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget. Additional Budget – Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time. Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 20. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: (-£0.015m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£0.015m)
    - Carbon Reduction Programme: (-£0.015m). Minor re-profiling based on the updated estimates for 2022/23.
  - Acceleration: £1.625m. Movement since Q2 report: £0.230m
    - Climate Change, Climate Net Zero: £0.205m. Works have progressed quicker than first anticipated therefore funding has been accelerated from 2023/24 into 2022/23.

- Closed Landfill Sites General After Care Works: £0.025m. Minor re-profiling based on latest expenditure.
- Change In Portfolio: £0.175m. Movement since Q2 report: £0.175m
  - Transformation Projects (Waste): £0.175m. Budget has transferred from Support Services and Economic Development following a realignment of projects.
- 21. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

22. The following table summarises the risks within the corporate risk register that would have a direct impact on the portfolio. Risks to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections.

Risk	Risk Description	Previous	Current
No.		Quarter Score	Score
CR73	If there is a failure to adequately prioritise, finance and resource our efforts to deliver on WSCC Climate Change commitments (e.g., 2030 Carbon Neutrality), there is a risk that there will be insufficient capacity and capability to complete the necessary actions within the required timeframes. This will lead to prolonged variations in weather and adverse impacts on WSCC service provision.	12	12

23. Further detail on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.



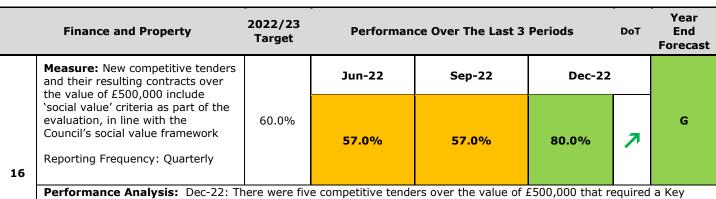
# **Finance and Property Portfolio - Summary**

## **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has the following performance highlight to report this quarter:
  - Property and assets continue to support a number of significant objectives of West Sussex County Council. During the period planning permission has been secured for the 6-form entry on Northern Arc (Brookleigh) with zero carbon principles (Passivhaus). Bids have been received from various contractors and these are being evaluated with a target appointment date of January 2023. Elsewhere public consultation has been completed for Horsham Enterprise Park (Larksfield Place) and MUSE are on target to submit a planning application late January 2023. In addition, other projects are moving forward at pace including the Housing Joint Venture where one planning consent has been achieved and another three are under consideration. Finally, the planning application for Broadbridge Heath is planned to be submitted in Spring 2023.
  - The County Council's draft Budget and Council Plan for 2023/24 has been published ahead of examination by the Performance and Finance Scrutiny Committee in January. The Cabinet is proposing that the Council will spend £1.86 billion next year to deliver vital services to a growing population of 882,676 residents and 37,400 businesses across West Sussex. Final decisions on the budget will be made at the Full Council meeting on 17<sup>th</sup> February.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.



**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: There were five competitive tenders over the value of £500,000 that required a Key Decision in the third quarter of 2022/23. Of these, four tenders (80%) had social value criteria as part of the evaluation in line with the social value framework of 10% or more; three evaluated at 10%, one evaluated at 14% and a one evaluated at 5%.

**Actions:** We continue to ensure we comply with obligations for Social Value and to measure the value and benefit it brings to our local economy.

	Finance and Property	2022/23 Target	Performan	ce Over The Last 3	Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	<b>Measure:</b> Square metres of operational property (e.g., offices, libraries, fire stations etc) that are		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22		
	in use  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	162,000 m <sup>2</sup>	150,869 m²	122,958 m²	120,702 m²	7	G
Performance Analysis: Dec-22: The square meterage of operational property continues to reduce. The significant reduction this year to date is largely attributable to the closure of Centenary House Worthing (8,300sqm) and other smaller service vacations which have achieved the annual 5% reduction target. Data on the footprint of the estates is now being drawn from the new Concerto Asset Database which went live earlier this year, this has necessitated a data cleanse and the reclassification of some assets resulting in a further reduction of 24,000 sqm. The baseline for 2023 / 24 will be re-set accordingly.  Actions: On-going review of our property portfolio.							
	<b>Measure:</b> The aggregated unit cost of our services compared to our	744 044		2019/20	2020/21	L	
	statistical neighbours  Reporting Frequency: Annually (March)	7th - 8th highest out of 15	New Measure - No Data	2 <sup>nd</sup> Highest out of 15	4 <sup>th</sup> Highest out of 15	7	Α
50	Performance Analysis: 2021/22 re Mar-22: WSCC had the 4th highest e an improvement to 8th position.  Actions: We are still in uncertain tin further fundamental reviews of financi upon what happens in other local aut	xpenditure on the control of the con	out of all comparable al Government Fina ted, the pandemic is	nce Settlement is onl s still with us, and ou	y for one year (2	2022/2	3) with
	<b>Measure:</b> New competitive tenders and their resulting contracts over		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22		
	the value of £500,000 include an appraised option for partnership working to assess opportunities for efficiency	40.0%	86.0%	100.0%	100.0%	$\rightarrow$	G
52	Reporting Frequency: Quarterly  Performance Analysis: Dec-22: The in the third quarter of 2022/23. All f						

options process.

**Actions:** We continue to ensure partnership working consideration is embedding in our working practices.

## **Finance Summary**

#### **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic forecast expenditure – PPE storage and distribution	£0.016m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£0.016m)	
Procurement – Forecast income shortfall including the non-delivery of saving (£0.150m)	£0.300m	Early savings generated from asset rationalisation	(£0.150m)	
Facilities Management net overspend - service pressures partly offset from staffing vacancies	£0.150m	Capital and Infrastructure – Backdated one- off rates rebates following successful appeals	(£0.600m)	
		Other minor variations	(£0.123m)	
Finance and Property Portfolio - Total	£0.466m		(£0.889m)	(£0.423m)

## **Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 4. As at December, the Finance and Property Portfolio is projecting a £0.423m underspend. This is a £0.273m increase in the forecast underspending when compared to September. This position includes the expected non-delivery of a £0.150m procurement saving alongside a further £0.150m income shortfall which, due to market forces, is no longer expected to be achieved this financial year. This pressure is expected to reduce in 2023/24.
- 5. In addition, Facilities Management are projecting a £0.150m overspend due to additional grounds maintenance costs, including tree safety works and a shortfall of income from service level agreements (SLA's) with schools and academies. This has been partly offset by a projected underspend on staffing due to difficulties in filling vacant posts.
- 6. To help offset these pressures, £0.150m of early savings have been generated from asset rationalisation and a significant backdated one-off rates rebate of £0.6m has been received following successful appeals with the Valuation Office Agency. In addition, other smaller variations within the portfolio are also contributing towards the underspending position.

## **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

7. Within the Finance and Property portfolio, £0.016m has been earmarked from the non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant to cover personal protective equipment (PPE) storage and distribution.

### **Savings Delivery Update**

8. The Portfolio has one saving outstanding from the 2020/21 financial year. Details of this saving is shown in the table below:

Saving Activity	Savings to be Delivered in 2022/23 £000	December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
Charging for Frameworks and Amazon Business Accounts	150	150	R	Work is currently underway to explore other saving delivery options.	А

Savings Key:		
R Significant Risk A At Risk	G On Track	<b>B</b> Delivered

## **Capital Programme**

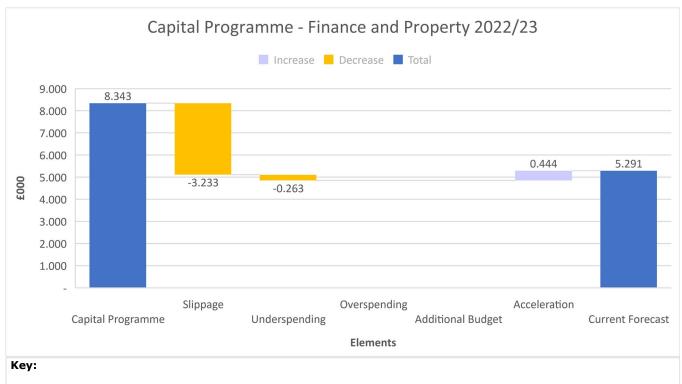
#### **Performance Summary - Capital**

9. There are 15 schemes within the portfolio. Ten of the schemes in delivery are rated green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan and one scheme is rated amber, indicating that there is an issue but that it could be dealt with by the project delivery team and three schemes is within their final retention phase. One scheme is rated red, indicating that there are significant issues requiring corrective action and a further 3 schemes are within their final retention phase. An update on the progress of the schemes not rated green are detailed in the table below:

Scheme	RAG Status at Dec 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
Broadbridge Heath	RED	Cost pressures and scope change		New site layout to be issued to tenants for review. Planning submission April 2023
Horsham Enterprise Park	AMBER	Time delay due to planning application	AMBER	A Reserved Matters Application (Water Neutrality) has been made to Horsham District Council.

## **Finance Summary - Capital**

- 10. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £8.636m for 2021/22. Budget of £0.293m originally profiled to spend in 2022/23, was accelerated into 2021/22, revising the capital programme to £8.343m.
- 11. Since this time, the profiled spend has decreased overall by £3.052m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £5.291m. Of this increase, -£3.233m relate to slippage, -£0.263m relates to underspending and £0.444m relates to projects where funding has been accelerated from future years.



Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget.

Additional Budget – Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 12. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: (-£3.233m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£3.233m)
    - Broadbridge Heath Park: (-£3.000m). This project has been delayed addressing water deposition whilst also undertaking a value engineering exercise due to increasing costs in construction and labour. The anchor tenant has also sought to revise their retail store size, resulting in substantive additional works and delays in negotiations.
    - Gypsy and Travellers Improvement Programme (-£0.203m).
       Surveys are currently being carried out to review the works required at the different sites. Programme of works has been reprofiled into future years as there will be a lead in time to carry out any works proposed.
    - Horsham Enterprise Park (-£0.030m). Small reprofiling based on the updated estimates for 2022/23 expenditure.
  - Underspending: (-£0.263m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£0.263m)

- Crawley County Buildings Demolition: (-£0.190m). Project has completed under budget; therefore, the remaining funding has been returned to Capital Improvements.
- Chichester High School Demolition: (-£0.033m). Project has completed under budget; therefore, the remaining funding has been returned to Capital Improvements.
- Hop Oast Fencing: (-£0.040m). Reduced costs due to the installation being less complex than the original estimate; therefore, the remaining funding has been returned to Capital Improvements.
- Acceleration: £0.444m. Movement since Q2 report: £0.370m
  - Martlets Building Renovation (County Hall Chichester): £0.370m. £0.370m has been approved to renovate The Martlets building into formal and informal meeting spaces, including safe and secure areas for Children's Service case conferences. The project is funded from £0.275m Capital Improvements, £0.085m Climate Change Fund and £0.010m Accessibility.
- 13. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

14. The following table summarises the risks within the corporate risk register that would have a direct impact on the portfolio. Risks to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections.

Risk No.	Risk Description	Previous Quarter Score	Current Score
CR22	The <b>financial sustainability of council services</b> is at risk due to uncertain funding from central government and/or failure to make the required decisions to ensure the budget is balanced. This has been compounded further with the Covid-19 crisis, and the recent Ofsted and HMICFRS reports.	20	20

15. Further details on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.

# **Highways and Transport Portfolio - Summary**

## **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
  - In the third quarter, we completed consultation on a strategic active travel scheme for Oving Road, Chichester that will inform next steps for the project. We also worked with Transport for the South East to finalise their Strategic Investment Plan that sets out investment priorities for the next 30 years which aim to address socio-economic and environmental challenges.
  - A successful launch of our new online reporting forms has made it simpler and quicker for members of the public to report faults on the highway network so they can be repaired. The new system also allows reporters to track the progress of their report from initial investigation to completion.
  - A successful bid to government for the Bus Service Improvement Plan with an indicative £17.4m investment over three years was confirmed.
  - Active Travel England have invited the County Council to bid for up to £0.237m to support our capacity and capability to deliver active travel across the county.
  - A new WSCC Speed Limit Policy was formally adopted in December 2022 to support active travel and improve road safety in line with the Highway Code that was revised during 2022.
  - Over 65% of the Highway, Transport and Planning Delivery Programme for 2022/23 has been completed. The Programme details planned schemes on our roads and footways, including bridges, traffic signals and public rights of way.
  - Construction works on the A259 (Littlehampton) to widen approximately 2km of the existing single carriageway to a dual carriageway are continuing to progress well with works programmed to complete in February.
  - A284 Lyminster Bypass (North) construction works to provide a new carriageway and shared footway/cycleway facility commenced in October. As part of these works a new viaduct will be constructed over Black Ditch and its associated flood plain to ensure no increase in flood risk.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

Highways and Transport	2022/23 Target	Performance (	Over The Last 3 Pe	riods Do	оΤ	Year End Forecast
Measure: Length of new cycle infrastructure across the County (CC)		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22	2	
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Accumulative	30km by 2025 = 7.5km per year	16.3 km	19.3km	19.4km	7	G

- nance Analysis: Dec-22: Iwo small-scale projects below were completed in Q3
  - New Toucan crossing on A283 Steyning Road, Shoreham plus associated new/improved cycling infrastructure (0.04km i.e., 40m)
  - New Toucan crossing on A259 Bognor Road, Merston plus associated improved cycling infrastructure (0.7km i.e., 70m)

Actions: We continue to work towards our 2025 target (30km over a 4-year period) with the provision of a high-quality

Measure: Percentage length of A and B roads that require		2020/21	2021/22	2022/23		
maintenance	14.0%				7	R
Reporting Frequency: Annually (October)		14.7%	15.6%	15.8%		

Performance Analysis: Dec-22: From the most recent National Road Condition data we have the following results:

- 69.1% Good condition and no planned maintenance
- 15.1% Fair condition, requiring maintenance soon
- 15.8% Poor condition and in need of maintenance

18

19

The current Corporate KPI target for this measure is for an annual reduction of 0.5% in these roads requiring maintenance. The combined percentage of the A & B road network in West Sussex that requires maintenance has been slowly rising since 2014. However, overall, the figures have remained fairly static this year and it is likely to take another year to see improvement. Along with this the overall condition for all our roads continues to improve.

Actions: The capital investment is the funding source which delivers proactive maintenance, directly contributing to condition scoring. It is this where we have seen increase in investment over the last 2-3 years. Unfortunately, with the cycle of condition survey, this is a lagging indicator. This year sees a £19m investment in our carriageways, all of which should help to improving on our target.

Measure: Highway defects repaired within required time scale		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-22		
	6.0%	99.5%	99.6%	96.8%	7	A

Performance Analysis: Dec-22: The target has been exceeded in December. However, given the adverse weather in December and January, the volumes of safety defects are at exceptionally high levels. Whilst the contractor is resourcing to accommodate the additional work, there is risk to meeting this target over the next few months, especially given the high number of more urgent safety repairs which need to be made within, 2 hours, 24 hours and/or 5 days.

There are circumstances, outside of the contractor's control, where the contractor cannot be reasonably expected to meet target times for example where roads are flood and potholes are underwater or parked cars are present. A formal contractual process is in place to review safety works which exceed target times to consider whether there are valid reasons for the delay.

**Actions:** The service continues to closely monitor contract performance.

	Measure: Killed and seriously injured casualties per billion vehicle		2019	2020	2021		
41	miles  Reporting Frequency: Annually (September)	103	121	<b>127</b> (2020 Target: 112)	<b>118</b> (2021 Target: 107)	Κ,	A

Highways and Transport	2022/23 Target	Performance Over The Last 3 Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: The latest available data is for 2021, was previously reported in Q2 2022-23 of the PRR and shows results of 118 per billion miles travelled, a 15% drop on 2020. This is an annual measure and results from the Department for Transport for 2022 will not be available until Autumn 2023.

In the meantime, we can report the following supplementary data - The KSI outturn for 2021 was 469, this is down 7% on 2020. There were 396 KSIs between  $1^{st}$  January 2022 and  $30^{th}$  September 2022. This is up 13% on the same period in 2021 and up 2% of the average, for the same period, over the last 5 years.

Ongoing Road Safety Projects include:

- Major Road Network (MRN) Project an assessment of the West Sussex MRN against the iRAP route safety assessment methodology has been completed, providing a "STAR rating" demonstrating the potential level of harm road users may be subject to on those routes. The results will be analysed and used as a guide for potential road safety schemes.
- Cluster site analysis we continue to monitor sites with clusters of collisions across West Sussex to help determine future priorities.
- Route analysis we continue to monitor routes with high collision numbers across West Sussex to help determine future priorities.
- School Zig Zags project In early 2023 we intend to partake in a behavioural change project for school zig zags at specific sites (yet to be confirmed) across West Sussex.

Actions: Our on-going road safety engineering schemes, education, training, and publicity include:

- Our partnership with The Sussex Safer Roads Partnership, promoting a wide range of behavioural change programmes.
- Provision of Bikeability training to about 9000 year 6 pupils.
- Approximately 35,000 offenders undertaking driver training courses each year.
- Our Road Safety Facebook page, which allows us to engage with the community on road safety issues, run educational campaigns and generates discussion and dialogue between road users.
- 13 locations were treated last year as part of an annual local safety programme that looks to make road improvements to areas that have historically higher number of road traffic accidents. Measures ranged from signing improvements, resurfacing with high skid resistant materials, to altering junction layouts. Four schemes have been delivered this year and a further 34 are at feasibility or detailed design stage.

## **Finance Summary**

## **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic forecast expenditure – National Concessionary Fares and final 2021/22 pandemic related costs	£0.541m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£0.541m)	
Street Lighting PFI – Increase in energy prices less one-off backdated energy rebate	£3.400m	Reduced uptake in National Concessionary Fares	(£1.800m)	
Traffic Signals - Energy prices	£0.300m	Additional Income - Highways Street Works	(£0.600m)	
Highway Maintenance - Inflation	£0.400m	Additional Income - Road Safety Training and Local Transport Improvements	(£0.150m)	
In house Transport Provision - Increased demand and cost	£0.500m	Additional Income - Highways Agreement (Adoption of Roads)	(£0.350m)	
		Highways Service – Staffing vacancies	(£0.100m)	
Highways & Transport Portfolio - Total	£5.141m		(£3.541m)	£1.600m

# Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 4. As at December, the Highways and Transport Portfolio is projecting a £1.6m overspend, an increase in overspending of £0.5m when compared to September. Inflationary cost pressure remains the major issue within the budget this year.
- 5. **Street Lighting PFI** Projected electricity costs for the winter period have increased by £0.8m due to higher than expected unit rates. Information received from our LASER purchasing consortium suggests the relief received through the national "Energy Bill Relief Scheme" will be lower than initially expected now that the complexities of its calculation and application are better understood. The potential for further variation remains.
- 6. The impact of this is partly offset by a one-off £0.4m reconciliation credit received relating to the winter 2021/22 period. The year-end overspending against the budget is now projected at £3.4m
- 7. **Traffic Signals.** The electricity price increases have also affected the traffic signals budget, where an overspending of £0.3m is projected.
- 8. **Highways Maintenance.** Inflationary cost increases have been lower than expected in some areas, which has reduced the projected year-end overspending from £0.6m to £0.4m.
- 9. **In House Transport Provision.** An overspending of £0.5m is now projected within the In-House Transport budget. The increase of £0.2m reflects continuing increased demand for internally provided home to school transport and inflationary pressure on running costs.
- 10. **National Concessionary Fares.** An increase of £0.2m to the general reimbursement cost estimate is projected, reducing the projected year-end underspending against the budget by £0.2m, from £2.0m to £1.8m.
- 11. Following consideration of revised Department for Transport (DfT) guidance, bus operators will continue to be reimbursed based on pre-pandemic patronage (adjusted for reduced service mileages) for the remainder of the financial year. Previous projections had reflected an expected return to reimbursement being based upon actual patronage from January 2023, however, uptake is recovering more slowly than anticipated and remains at around 60-70% of prepandemic levels. The approach adopted will increase reimbursement by £0.5m and provide support to allow further time for patronage to continue to recover, running alongside WSCC's "Bus It" campaign to attract pass holders back to using local buses. The projected £0.5m impact will be met by the non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant.
- 12. **Additional Income Generation.** Income generation across the portfolio has exceeded budgeted assumptions in recent years and this is expected to continue, with an estimate of £1.1m included within the current projection. This includes income from street works charges to utility and telecommunication providers as well as income from highways fees and charges.

13. **Highways Service Staffing Vacancies.** Staffing cost projections have reduced by £0.1m due to continuing staff vacancies within the Highways Service.

#### **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

14. Within the Highways and Transport Portfolio, a commitment to fund £0.5m of bus operator reimbursements, following recent revised Department for Transport (DfT) guidance that bus operations should continue to be reimbursed on pre-pandemic patronage (adjusted for reduced service mileages) is included with the non-ringfenced grant commitments, alongside the £0.040m of final invoices relating to 2021/22 Covid-19 highways costs.

#### **Savings Delivery Update**

15. The portfolio has a number of savings outstanding from previous financial years. Details of these savings are included in the table below:

Saving Activity	Savings to be Delivered in 2022/23 £000	December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
On street parking	376	376	G	Covid related pay and display income loss and newly extended controlled parking zones continued at a reduced level during 2021/22 and a similar level is currently projected in 2022/23. The impact of this will be mitigated in the short term through use of the On Street Parking Reserve, however, the position will continue to be monitored as post pandemic parking behaviours settle.	А
Charge for monitoring travel plans	50	50	G		G



## **Capital Programme**

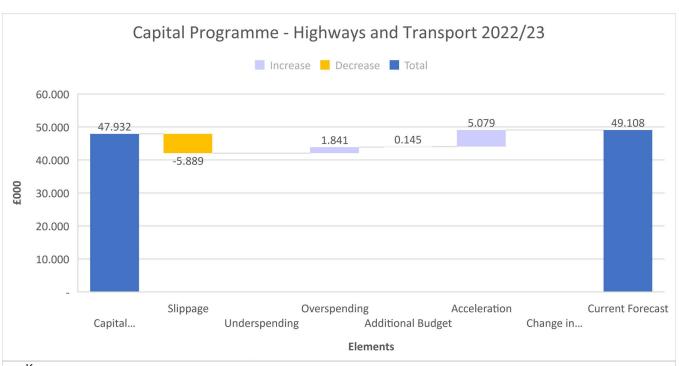
#### **Performance Summary - Capital**

16. There are 22 schemes within the portfolio. 18 of the schemes in delivery are rated green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan. Two are rated as amber, indicating that there is an issue but that it can be dealt with by the project delivery team, one scheme is reporting as red, indicating that there is a significant issue requiring corrective action and one scheme is within its final retention phase. An update on the progress of the schemes not rated green are detailed in the table below:

Scheme	RAG Status at Sep 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
A29	RED	Cost pressure	RED	Options being considered
A259 Phase 1 (Littlehampton Corridor)	AMBER	Time delay due to bad weather	AMBER	Timeline reset to be considered at next Board meeting
A259 Major Road Network	AMBER	Cost pressure	AMBER	Options being considered
LED Streetlight Conversion	AMBER	Protracted legal PFI Contract negotiation and associated Deed of Variation.		Awaiting DfT clarification on final point in the Deed of Variation.

## **Finance Summary - Capital**

- 17. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £49.790m for 2022/23. Budget of £1.858m originally profiled to spend in 2022/23 was accelerated into 2021/22, revising the capital programme to £47.932m.
- 18. Since this time, the profiled spend has increased overall by £1.176m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £49.108m. Of this increase, -£5.889m relates to slippage, £1.841m relates to overspending, £5.079m relates to projects where funding has been accelerated from future years and £0.145m of additional budget.



Key:

Capital Programme - The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget.

Additional Budget - Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast - Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 19. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: (-£5.889m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£5.889m).
    - A284 Lyminster Bypass (-£3.788m). Construction start date had been delayed previously and now the programme has further delayed due to archaeology issues and recent extreme weather conditions.
    - Street Lighting LED (-£1.490m). The Deed of Variation continues to be delayed while agreement is sought between all parties. As a result of this, the works are not likely to commence until February 2023 therefore funding has been profiled into future years.
    - A29 Realignment, Arun Phase 1 (-£0.470m). Ongoing license discussions have led to delays with the nursery demolition works therefore funding has been reprofiled into future years.
    - A259 Bognor to Littlehampton Corridor Enhancement, Arun –
       (-£0.141m). Outline Business Case development started late due to
       the professional services framework contract renewal therefore
       funding has been reprofiled into future years.
  - Overspending: £1.841m. Movement since Q2 report: £1.841m.
    - A259 Corridor Capacity Enhancement, Arun £1.841m. An additional £1.841m has been added to the budget funded from the corporate contingency budget line to deal with the inflation pressures on this project.
  - Acceleration: £5.079m. Movement since Q2 report: £4.500m.
    - Annual Works Programme £3.500m Acceleration of budget reflects work activity underway in the Delivery Programme across various workstreams ahead of schedule.
    - Active Travel Fund £1.000m Acceleration of funding reflecting works have started on the A24 in Findon, A259 Bognor to Chichester and the A259 in Shoreham.
- 20. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

21. There are no corporate risks assigned to this portfolio. Risks allocated to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections. Further detail on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary.

22. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee</u> <u>Agenda</u> website.

## Leader Portfolio (including Economy) - Summary

## **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlight to report this quarter:
  - West Sussex County Council, bidding as part of a South-East consortium, has been successful in securing funding from the Department of Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS) to deliver the Create Growth programme across the county. West Sussex is part of only six successful bids nationally. £1.275m has been provided to the consortium to provide support for high-growth potential businesses in the creative industries to grow including through developing the knowledge and skills they need to access private sector investment. Additional grant funding of £7.0m is provided nationally and will be open to creative businesses in West Sussex. The programme is launching early in 2023.
  - The Experience West Sussex Partnership, made up of all the West Sussex local authorities and hosted by the County Council, generated more than 16,000 leads for businesses through Shop Sussex activity over the festive season. The first campaign aimed at attracting staying visitors to the county during 2023 launched on Boxing Day and includes a new campaign video `Celebrate in Sussex` featuring West Sussex vineyards, glamping, events, water sports, dog-friendly activities, and local food and drink.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

15

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

Leader	2022/23 Target	Performance O	ver The Last 3 Pe	riods	DoT	Year End Forecast
<b>Measure:</b> Enterprises supported to start, revive, innovate and grow		Mar-22	Jun-22	Sep-	22	
Reporting Frequency: Quarterly, Accumulative. Reported a quarter in arrears.	1,760	2,385	1,751	2,169	7	G

**Performance Analysis:** Sep-22: A key focus of the council's Economy Plan is to provide support to enterprises, encouraging successful start-ups and helping established businesses to revive, innovate, and grow. Seven initiatives make up the KPI, which are The Track creative digital hub in Bognor Regis; partnership programmes Experience West Sussex supporting tourism enterprises, and Business Hot House, RISE, and LoCASE providing business support, innovation support, and grants to enterprises; and a programme to support enterprises to reduce their carbon footprint and become more sustainable. One further programme is in development being led by the County Council on behalf of the West Sussex local authorities to support enterprises to adopt digital technology and services to help achieve business goals. Overall programmes are progressing broadly on target and the KPI is exceeding target for the year.

**Actions:** All initiatives to continue as part of Economy Plan headline actions for 2022/23.

	Leader	2022/23 Target	Performance Ov	ver The Last 3 Pe	riods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	Measure: Percentage of premises able to access gigabit-capable connectivity by 2025 (working		2019/20	2020/21	2021,	/22	
	towards government target of 85% by the end of 2025)	55.0%	8.8%	21.2%	50.3%	7	G
20	Reporting Frequency: Annually (April)		3.6 70	21.270	30.3 %		

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: Working with DCMS (Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport) and suppliers within the county with commercial plans or Voucher schemes. Market engagement is now completed to obtain feedback from suppliers regarding the Intervention Area Project Gigabit.

**Actions:** The Project Gigabit procurement is due to be launched January 2023.

Measure: Number of growth deals in place with district and boroughs		2019/20	2020/21	2021/	/22	
Reporting Frequency: Annually (April)	7	7	7	7	<b>\</b>	G

**Performance Analysis:** Dec-22: Two successful Brownfield Land Release Fund bids announced, totalling approximately £1.0m. Littlehampton Town Centre Public Realm Improvement works have commenced on site and Southwick Square public realm improvements have been approved for capital allocation of up to £0.6m.

**Actions:** Works are due to commence in Wivelsfield as part of the Phase One Burgess Hill Place and Connectivity Programme. Additionally, planning permission has been submitted for two projects in Crawley which will be reviewed in Q4.

## **Finance Summary**

## **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
		Staffing vacancies within the portfolio	(£0.300m)	
Leader Portfolio - Total	£0.000m		(£0.300m)	(£0.300m)

## **Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

4. As at December, the Leader portfolio is projecting a £0.300m underspend. This underspend has arisen due to a number of in-year staffing vacancies.

## **Savings Delivery Update**

5. The portfolio has no named savings target for 2022/23.

## **Capital Programme**

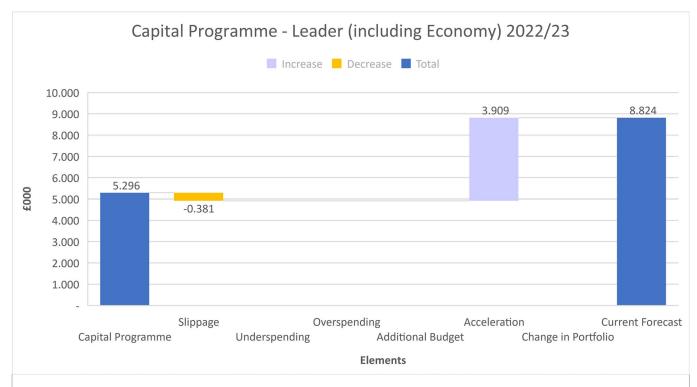
#### **Performance Summary**

6. There are 12 schemes within the portfolio. Seven of the schemes in delivery are rated green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan. Two schemes are rated as amber, indicating that there is an issue but that it can be dealt with by the project delivery team and three scheme are within their final retention phase. An update on the progress of the schemes not rated green are detailed in the table below:

Scheme	RAG Status at Dec 2022	Reason	Latest RAG Status	Updated Position
Burgess Hill Phase 1 - Stations	AMBER	Time delay due site issues	AMBER	Contractors' timeline to be revised
Worthing Public Realm – Railway Approach	AMBER	Cost pressure on build.	AMBER	Awaiting figures from Worthing Borough Council.

## **Finance Summary – Capital**

- 7. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £2.956m for 2022/23. Budget of £2.340m originally profiled to spend in 2021/22 was slipped into 2022/23, revising the capital programme to £5.296m.
- 8. Since this time, the profiled spend has increased overall by £3.528m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £8.824m. This increase relates to -£0.381m of slippage and £3.909m of projects where funding has been accelerated from future years.



#### Key:

Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022.

Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years.

Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects.

Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget.

Additional Budget – Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time.

Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years.

Current Forecast – Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 9. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Slippage: (-£0.381m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£0.381m).
    - Worthing Railway Approach (-£0.150m) Following a review of the scheme it has currently been put on hold, profiles have been reprofiled as construction is now due to begin somewhen in 2023/24.
    - Bognor Regis Esplanade (-£0.231m) Discussions on local development proposals, scheme concepts and inclusion in highway and urban realm schemes has resulted in delayed agreement on preliminary design scope.

#### Risk

10. The following table summarises the risks within the corporate risk register that would have a direct impact on the portfolio. Risks to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections.

Risk No.	Risk Description	Previous Quarter Score	Current Score
CR68	The government have placed restrictions and imposed requirements on Local Authorities to support in the management of the Covid-19 pandemic. If local (county or district) responsibilities are prolonged or additional measures imposed, there is a risk services will fail to deliver existing work plans due to staff responding to the impact of the pandemic, or staff shortages due to sickness.	10	10
CR7	There are governance systems which inhibit effective performance and a culture of <b>non-compliance</b> and also a lack of standardisation in some <b>systems and processes</b> . Skills and knowledge of systems inadequate and excessive effort required for sound decisions and outcomes.	8	8

11. Further details on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.



## **Public Health and Wellbeing Portfolio - Summary**

## **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
- Member Development Session Public Health in West Sussex. A County Council Member Development Session focused on Public Health in West Sussex took place on 4<sup>th</sup> November 2022. Hosted by the Cabinet Member for Public Health and Wellbeing and led by the Director of Public Health and members of her leadership team, the session provided an opportunity for members to learn about public health and how it is delivered locally in West Sussex. This included statutory duties, key themes, funding and public health contributions to improving the impacts and outcomes of the four Council priorities. The session also outlined the role of the West Sussex Health and Wellbeing Board and its strong links with the new Integrated Care System for Sussex. There will be opportunities for further learning on public health topics for members at future Member Development Sessions.
- **Stoptober.** Organisations in the <u>Smokefree West Sussex Partnership (PDF, 1MB)</u>, led by the County Council, supported the annual national stop smoking campaign by engaging with smokers through a range of media channels, with an emphasis on targeting smokers aged 25 to 50 from lower socio-economic groups who work in routine and manual jobs. Evaluation of the campaign locally is underway. Between 1 September and 16 October there were over 1,150 unique page views of the stop smoking services page on the West Sussex Wellbeing website an increase of 135% from the same period last year. Those living and working in West Sussex can continue to access support to stop smoking from <u>West Sussex Wellbeing</u> and stop smoking support tools are available on the <u>Better Health website</u>.
- Autumn Covid-19 Booster Programme and Flu Vaccination
  Programme. Led by NHS Sussex, delivery of the Covid-19 Booster
  Programme and flu vaccination programme across the county has continued
  throughout the winter period, following their roll-out in September 2022. The
  County Council is supporting both vaccination programmes, through proactive
  communications to those eligible, to increase uptake, reduce inequalities, and
  improve the health of our local population. They are also offering a free flu
  vaccination voucher to staff and Elected Members who are not eligible for the
  NHS offer.
- Social Media Campaign Mental Health Support. The County Council ran a social media campaign from the end of summer and through autumn, to promote mental health support available locally and nationally, ranging from emotional wellbeing, through to support in a crisis, and support for local businesses. The series of 12 messages included key dates, such as World Mental Health Day (10 October 2022), and were also disseminated during the national period of mourning following the death of Queen Elizabeth II. While each post promoted a different service, the series of messages as a whole had an ongoing focus on cost-of-living pressures, each message reiterating that help is available for our residents and communities.

Sussex Integrated Care Strategy - With oversight of the Sussex Health and Care Assembly, the Sussex Integrated Care Strategy has been developed, following a period of co-production and suggestions for content, capitalising on opportunities created by being part of an Integrated Care System. The draft strategy was circulated to the West Sussex Health and Wellbeing Board virtually for comments, before the final strategy was presented to the Sussex Health and Care Assembly in December for sign-off, where it was unanimously supported. As per the statutory requirement of the Health and Social Care Act 2022, following approval from the Sussex Health and Care Strategy, the final strategy was received by the NHS Sussex Integrated Care Board on 4 January 2023. NHS Sussex and each local authority are required to respond to the strategy, including preparing a joint forward plan (JFP) before the start of each financial year. Systems are encouraged to use the JFP to develop a shared pan-system delivery plan for the Integrated Care Strategy supported by Joint Local Health and Wellbeing Strategies (JLHWSs), as outlined in draft national quidance.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

	Public Health and Wellbeing	2022/23 Target	Performance (	Over The Last 3 P	eriods	DoT	Year End Forecast	
			2020/21	2021/22	2022/	23		
	<b>Measure:</b> Uptake of flu vaccine in over 65s or at risk	75.0%	83.7%	85.0%	80.1%	K	G	
5a	West Sussex was comparing well again  Actions: The Director of Public Health support and promote uptake across the in Public Health chairs West Sussex Co South East Vaccine Equality Network a	n is a member of e system includi vid-19 and Influ	f Sussex Covid-19 a ng and bringing in l lenza Placed Based	nd Influenza Vaccir ocal authority invol Cell and represents	ation Progra	amme Bo	oard to . Consultant	
	Measure: Update of flu vaccine in		2020/21	2021/22	2022/	23		
	'at risk' groups  Reporting Frequency: Annually	50.0%	56.7%	58.5%	46.9%	K	Α	
5b	<b>Performance Analysis:</b> Dec-22: As a West Sussex was comparing well again this measure is rated 'Amber' as data in	nst the national	averages of 42.7%	and exceeding this				
	<b>Actions:</b> The Director of Public Health is a member of Sussex Covid-19 and Influenza Vaccination Programme Board to support and promote uptake across the system including and bringing in local authority involvement and support. Consultant in Public Health chairs West Sussex Covid-19 and Influenza Placed Based Cell and represents the County Council at the South East Vaccine Equality Network and NHS England Immunisation Programme Board.							

						ection	1 0	
	Public Health and Wellbeing	2022/23 Target	Performance (	Over The Last 3 P	eriods	DoT	Year End Forecast	
	<b>Measure:</b> Healthy weight of 10–11-year-olds	Top Quartile in South	2019/20	2020/21	2021/	22		
	Reporting Frequency: Annually	East (66.1%)	69.8%	63.2%	<b>65.7%</b> (Target: 63%)	7	G	
6	Performance Analysis: Sep-22: 65.	1 7% prevalence (	of healthy weight in	Year 6.				
	Actions: The latest data continues to Year 6 children for 2022/23. Obesity is a family targeted approach, working a Reception and Year 6 for 2022/23 is or	s a complex issu- cross all age gro	e affecting all ages, ups. The National C	which emphasises Child Measurement I	the importar	nce of th	ne need for	
	Measure: Healthy life expectancy for men	66 Years	2017/18	2018/19	2019/	20		
	Reporting Frequency: 3 Year Rolling Average	(Pre- Pandemic Levels)	64.6 Years	66.0 Years	63.8 Years	7	A	
31	2019, HLE for men has decreased by 2 impact of Covid-19 continues, and then Actions: Analyses have detailed the r such as smoking, diet (including those a population level approach agreed at Partner Member, the Director of Public on the population of Sussex (East Susseeds of our population across the are	re may be ongoi main causes of il high in salt, low West Sussex He Health presente sex, West Susse	ng direct and indire  I health, disability a  in fibre, and fruit a  alth and Wellbeing  d a paper at the in  x, Brighton & Hove	ect effects of the parameter and death, and also and vegetables) and Board and with loca augural meeting of outlining what are	the underlying the underlying to be sity. The language of the	ealth. ng risk i is work n their o Board i	factors, is informing capacity as n July 2022	
	Measure: Healthy life expectancy for women	64.8 Years	2017/18	2018/19	2019/	20		
	Reporting Frequency: 3 Year Rolling Average	(Pre- Pandemic Levels)	64.3 Years	64.8 Years	63.9 Years	7	A	
32	Performance Analysis: Sep-22: Upor released, which includes the first year 2019, HLE for women has decreased be impact of Covid-19 continues, and the	of the Covid-19 y 0.9 years to 6	pandemic (2020). 3.9 years (2017-20	This shows that sind 19 64.8 years). It	ce the last da is important	ata perio to note	od 2017-	
	<b>Actions:</b> Analyses have detailed the main causes of ill health, disability and death, and also the underlying risk factors, such as smoking, diet (including those high in salt, low in fibre, and fruit and vegetables) and obesity. This work is informing a population level approach agreed at West Sussex Health and Wellbeing Board and with local partners. In their capacity as Partner Member, the Director of Public Health presented a paper at the inaugural meeting of NHS Sussex Board in July 2022 on the population of Sussex (East Sussex, West Sussex, Brighton & Hove) outlining what are the most important health needs of our population across the area, based on the latest evidence available.							
	<b>Measure:</b> Number of people completing evidence-based falls				2021/	22		
	prevention programmes  Reporting Frequency: Annually	400	New Measure - No Data	New Measure - No Data	354	7	A	
35	<b>Performance Analysis:</b> Jun-22: 354 strength and balance falls prevention pare for older people at significant risk of	programmes in 2	2021-22 delivered tl	hrough West Sussex	x Wellbeing.	These p	rogrammes	

**Actions:** It is important to highlight that NHS services also provide falls prevention programmes and therefore, it is likely that the number of older people completing these programmes across the county is higher than the West Sussex Wellbeing data reported here. It is also acknowledged that the pandemic response continued during 2021-22, impacting on both service delivery and older people's engagement with services. The County Council will explore opportunities to work with local authorities and health and care partners to coordinate and maximise our approach to falls prevention programmes across the county.

## **Finance Summary**

#### **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 – Contain Outbreak Management Fund projects and expenditure	£3.651m	Covid-19 Contained Management Outbreak Fund Grant. Unspent grant to be C/F into 2023/24	(£3.651m)	
Public Health and Wellbeing Portfolio - Total	£0.000m		(£0.000m)	£0.000m

## **Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising**

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 4. Local Authority Public Health (LAPH) is funded by a ring-fenced Public Health Grant (PHG). Accordingly, the County Council is required to carry forward any underspending at the end of the financial year, so it remains available to spend in accordance with grant requirements. At the end of 2021/22 the amount carried forward into 2022/23 £3.1m.
- 5. A number of elements have contributed to this position, mainly arising from the impact on services following the lockdown periods during the pandemic, additional operational pressures affecting the capacity for services to pick-up activity and changes in the way residents prefer to access and use the services differently, highlighting the need in some services, to review the model of delivery.
- 6. Activity levels within a range of areas within Public Health continue to see fluctuations and have yet to return to pre-pandemic levels. This includes demand-led areas like NHS health checks and sexual health services, which saw lower than usual volumes during earlier phases of the pandemic. This remains the pattern in 2022/23, which makes it likely that the value of the Public Health Grant carry forward will have increased further by the end of the financial year. It is currently forecast, based on known activity, to increase by a further £2.8m.
- 7. In-line with strict grant requirements, the Public Health Grant can only be spent on meeting public health outcomes for our local population, enabling the local authority to discharge its statutory public health functions. Therefore, the County Council is working to ensure any funds are utilised in the most effective way to meet these outcomes, including to address Public Health issues that have emerged over the last two and a half years and the impacts of the Covid-19 pandemic. As at the time of writing this report, the Public Health Grant allocation for 2023/24 still remains unknown.

#### **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

- 8. As the pandemic continues, there remains a need to provide quality services and assistance to residents. Within the Public Health portfolio, work is continuing to support residents and businesses in containing outbreaks and managing Covid-19 and addressing the impacts of the virus on health outcomes and health inequalities.
- 9. £3.651m from the Contain Outbreak Management Fund was brought forward from 2021/22 and with the majority of this funding expected to be utilised during the financial year. In December 2022, the UK Health Security Agency wrote to councils to confirm that any unspent grant could be carried forward into 2023/24. It is currently forecast that £1.6m will be available in 2023/24 to help control any further outbreaks of Covid-19 and its consequences and any on-going costs that are being incurred.

#### **Savings Delivery Update**

10. The portfolio has no named savings target for 2022/23, however there is a direct link to the Support Services and Economic Development saving – Use of Uncommitted Public Health Grant (PHG). This saving has occurred due to the Help at Home contract being decommissioned in July 2021. This has allowed £0.088m of other eligible spend to be funded through the Public Health Grant.

## **Capital Programme**

11. There are currently no capital projects for the Public Health and Wellbeing Portfolio.

#### Risk

- 12. There are no corporate risks assigned to this portfolio. Risks allocated to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections. Further detail on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** Corporate Risk Register Summary.
- 13. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee</u> <u>Agenda</u> website.



## Support Services and Economic Development Portfolio - Summary

## **Performance Summary**

- 1. The Portfolio has a number of performance highlights to report this quarter:
  - Progress continues for the Digital Connectivity Infrastructure (DCIA) pilot, funded by the department of Digital Culture, Media and Sport (DCMS) to deploy an online platform to streamline acquisition of public sector assets by Mobile Network Operators (MNOs) to site equipment upon. This includes successful user acceptance testing with the local authorities and streamlining workflows. The platform will capture in one place the demand from MNOs making it easier to process requests. MNOs that have seen the platform have provided feedback to further improve and add value. All West Sussex district and borough councils are supportive of the pilot. We are proactively engaging with MNOs and Infrastructure Providers although it is becoming apparent that the lack of available streetlights/signposts is currently a barrier to encourage investment across the area as well as the lack of assets available from the county council results in a poor offering from the local authority.
  - Building Digital UK (a division of DCMS) has now launched the procurement for Project Gigabit in West Sussex (nationwide procurement of gigabit-capable broadband services for hard-to-reach areas). We form part of a joint lot with East Sussex, with a proposed Intervention Area covering approx. 62,000 premises with a value of £100 million, although the Intervention Area does not absolutely guarantee inclusion in any eventual contract, as this will be subject to a competitive procurement process. The Selection Questionnaire stage is due by February with an aim to sign the contract in September 2023.
  - Mobile 4G connectivity is increasingly becoming a focus in providing online connectivity in areas where broadband speeds are slow or non-existent. We have successfully trialed a bespoke 4G solution with selected businesses in rural areas in Chichester and Mid Sussex. We are now applying learning to the development of a 4G self-help guide to share with other rural businesses, and also preparing to make funding available to eligible businesses, which qualify for a bespoke 4G connectivity solution, through a '4G Mobile Broadband Voucher Scheme'. Progress is underway to procure a supplier for this scheme after Rural Project Board agreed a £30k pilot funding, with the intention to commit up to £0.140m if there is evident demand.
  - We are collaborating with District and Borough Councils on our 'Connected Spaces WiFi Project' to deploy freely available outdoor WiFi at key economic and tourist centres within the County. We've awarded a contract to a supplier, North, to design and provide the technology solution. The publicly available Wi-Fi will help to support each area's businesses and events by allowing outdoor online transactions and innovative digital ways of working. We expect it also to assist in marketing services to attract more visitors as they can share their experience online and promote the locations to new users. Site surveys have been completed, and detailed design is underway.

- We have welcomed our first cohort of internationally recruited Social Workers. So far, we have recruited 35 qualified social workers to work in Children's Social Care in addition to the 10 within Adults Social Care. We have also secured additional resource to create additional capacity in the Resourcing Team funded by the Non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant. This means the team will be able to provide a more pro-active service than it has to date.
- The results of the Workplace Health and Wellbeing Assessment, which was undertaken across the whole Council, are now available. These results will be used to develop service-based action plans to support staff wellbeing and, in turn, assist with retention.

#### **Our Council Performance Measures**

Please note - the performance measures relating Economy are reported under the Leader (including Economy) Portfolio in **Section 8**.

2. The following section provides updates of the performance KPIs agreed in Our Council Plan and the action taking place, comprising a wider performance view, with KPI measures comparing performance over the last three periods - this may be quarterly, annually or other time periods (depending on how regularly data is released); however, each measure will explain the reporting period.

:	Support Services and Economic Development	2022/23 Target	Performance	e Over The Last 3	Periods	DoT	Year End Forecast
	Measure: County Councillors have the learning and development needed to enable them to carry out		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	22	
	their roles well and it is delivered effectively. A programme design that meets member needs and delivery that works well. a) Attendance Reporting Frequency: Quarterly.	50.0%	47.0%	47.0%	44.0%	Ŋ	А
45a	Performance Analysis: Dec 22: Eight all-member development sessions were held in Q3, with average attendance levels of 44%, and satisfaction levels of 93%.  It is not unusual to see a reduction in attendance at member training and development mid-electoral term; this is likely to be as a result of members elected in 2021 feeling more confident in the role and, in general, individual members attending only the sessions they feel they need to that add to their knowledge.  Actions: The Member Development Group (MDG) continuously assesses attendance at, and satisfaction with, the member training and development programme. MDG will consider any measures needed to help increase attendance, including through ensuring the sessions reflect corporate priorities and meet members' identified training and development needs.						
	<b>Measure:</b> County Councillors have the learning and development needed to enable them to carry out		Jun-22	Sep-22	Dec-2	22	
45b	their roles well and it is delivered effectively. A programme design that meets member needs and delivery that works well. b) Satisfaction levels  Reporting Frequency: Quarterly	91.0%	100.0%	95.0%	93.0%	7	G

**Support Services and Economic** 2022/23 **Year End** Performance Over The Last 3 Periods DoT Development Target Forecast Performance Analysis: Dec 22: Eight all-member development sessions were held in Q3, with average attendance levels of 44%, and satisfaction levels of 93%. Satisfaction ratings are based on the scores given by members who provide feedback, which is usually around 30-35% of those who have attended an event. Actions: The Member Development Group (MDG) continuously assesses attendance at, and satisfaction with, the member training and development programme. MDG will consider any measures needed to help increase attendance, including through ensuring the sessions reflect corporate priorities and meet members' identified training and development needs Measure: Leadership and management - percentage positive May-21 Nov-21 May-22 response to the question: "I am part of a supportive team where we regularly reflect on our successes 78.0% G and challenges enabling us to improve continuously' 82.4% 81.2% 81.0% Reporting Frequency: Bi-Annually (November, May) 47 Performance Analysis: Dec-22: In September, staff were asked to take part in our Health and Wellbeing Survey to gather views about the physical and mental health of workforce and how it relates to their work. We received 1,679 completed surveys (27% response rate). These results and accompanying action plans are currently being reviewed by ELT. Due to this survey, it was agreed to not run a Pulse Survey in October as there was a substantial overlap in questions/timeframe and we wanted to ensure staff didn't experience survey fatique. Actions: We are using this pause in delivery of the Pulse survey to undertake a review of frequency, questions, and overall purpose to ensure that it still fits the needs of the organisation, as since our last review we have had the Covid-19 pandemic, causing one of the largest changes in the way of working our workforce has seen for many years. Measure: Wellbeing, values and ways of working - Percentage May-21 Nov-21 May-22 positive response to the question: "I am treated with dignity and respect by my work colleagues" 87.0% G 7 90.6% 89.2% 91.0% Reporting Frequency: Bi-Annually (November, May) Performance Analysis: Dec-22: In September, staff were asked to take part in our Health and Wellbeing Survey to 48 gather views about the physical and mental health of workforce and how it relates to their work. We received 1,679 completed surveys (27% response rate). These results and accompanying action plans are currently being reviewed by ELT. Due to this survey, it was agreed to not run a Pulse Survey in October as there was a substantial overlap in questions/timeframe and we wanted to ensure staff didn't experience survey fatigue. Actions: We are using this pause in delivery of the Pulse survey to undertake a review of frequency, questions, and overall purpose to ensure that it still fits the needs of the organisation, as since our last review we have had the Covid-19 pandemic, causing one of the largest changes in the way of working our workforce has seen for many years. Measure: Percentage of digital Jun-22 Sep-22 Dec-22 services available from WSCC to support self-service 70.0% Α 65.0% 64.0% 64.0% Reporting Frequency: Quarterly Performance Analysis: Dec-22: Percentage of digital services available from WSCC to support self-service is currently 51 sitting at 64%. Since June we have embarked on our Digital journey with the first step of replacing the Capita telephony system. This is now bedding in and the procurement of further tools to support our performance measure will commence in January with a view to tools being deployed by December 2023. Actions: Measure is changing to a more targeted approach to channel shift which will be discussed at Full Council in February.

## **Finance Summary**

## **Portfolio In Year Pressures and Mitigations**

Pressures	(£m)	Mitigations and Underspending	(£m)	Year end budget variation (£m)
Covid-19 pandemic forecast expenditure – Undelivered saving for the reduction in legal costs for child protection and HR recruitment project expenditure	£0.709m	Covid-19 Grant – Assumed funding	(£0.709m)	
Customer Experience – Additional costs associated with the Children's statutory complaint process	£0.130m	Democratic Services – staffing vacancies and continued reduction in Member travel and expenses.	(£0.081m)	
Other minor variations	£0.065m			
Support Services and Economic Development Portfolio - Total	£0.904m		(£0.790m)	£0.114m

## Significant Financial Issues and Risks Arising

3. There are no significant issues to raise this quarter.

#### Financial Narrative on the Portfolio's Position

- 4. As at December, the Support Services and Economic Development Portfolio is projecting a £0.114m overspend, a decrease of £0.157m when compared to September.
- 5. **Customer Experience Team.** This service is projecting a £0.130m overspend which relates to additional expenditure incurred following an update from the Local Government and Social Care Ombudsman on how local authorities handle complaints under the children's services statutory complaints process.
- 6. **Staffing Vacancies and Travel.** There are vacancies within the Democratic Services Team and a reduction in members travel and expenses as a direct result of savings made from the continuation of some on-line virtual meetings. This has resulted in a projected underspend of £0.080m.

#### **Covid-19 Expenditure Update**

- 7. £0.5m of non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant has been committed to fund short-term additional capacity within the HR Resourcing Team to provide a solution to the current recruitment challenges the Council is experiencing, particularly in relation to securing qualified social care staff.
- 8. In addition, £0.2m of the Covid-19 grant has been used to offset the nondelivery of the legal costs for child protection cases saving which is not expected to be achieved this year due to the continuing need to employ agency

legal staff to clear the backlog of childcare cases in the courts. This saving is expected to be delivered in 2023/24.

#### **Savings Delivery Update**

9. In addition to the £0.338m of 2022/23 planned savings, there remains £0.700m of savings from the 2021/22 financial year which were not delivered on an on-going basis. To ensure that these savings are monitored and delivered, all of these savings are detailed in the table below:

Saving Activity	Saving to be Delivered in 2022/23 (£000)	December 2022		Narrative	2023/24
Licencing savings following re- procurement of ERP Solution	400	400	G	Due to revised implementation date of the Oracle system, it is unlikely that this saving will be achieved as originally envisaged in 2022/23. Other opportunities to cover this saving in 2022/23 have been identified.	G
Reduction in legal costs required for child protection cases	200	200	G	External counsel fees have been used to clear the backlog of childcare cases in the courts created by the Covid-19 pandemic, which has made this saving undeliverable in this financial year. This saving has been mitigated in-year through the use of the non-ringfenced Covid-19 grant.	G
Review of mileage, allowances and apprenticeship levy	100	100	В	Saving delivered.	В
IT Service Redesign	250	250	В	Saving delivered.	В
Public Health - Use of uncommitted Public Health Grant	88	88	В	Saving delivered.	В

Savings Key:		
R Significant Risk A At Risk	G On Track	<b>B</b> Delivered

## **Capital Programme**

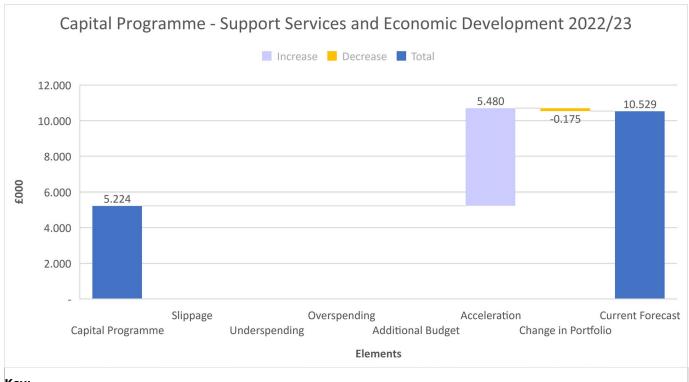
## **Performance Summary**

10. There are six schemes within the portfolio. One of the schemes in delivery is rated green, indicating that the project is reporting to plan. The other five schemes are funded from Business Pool Rates and report directly to the West Sussex Councils' Chief Executives' and Leaders' Board.

## **Finance Summary**

11. The capital programme; as approved by County Council in February 2022, agreed a programme totalling £9.106m for 2022/23. Budget of £3.882m

- originally profiled to spend in 2022/23 was accelerated into 2021/22, revising the capital programme to £5.224m.
- 12. Since this time, the profiled spend has increased overall by £5.305m, to give a current year end projection for 2022/23 of £10.529m. This increase relates to the acceleration of funding from future years.



#### Key:

Capital Programme – The revised planned expenditure for 2022/23 as at 1st April 2022. Slippage – Funding which was planned to be spent in 2022/23 but has since been reprofiled into future years. Underspending – Unused funding following the completion of projects. Overspending - Projects that require further funding over and above the original approved budget. Additional Budget – Additional external funding that has entered the capital programme for the first time. Acceleration – Agreed funding which has been brought forward from future years. Current Forecast - Latest 2022/23 financial year capital programme forecast.

- 13. Details of the financial profiling movements within the capital programme between October and December are as follows:
  - Acceleration: £5.480m. Movement since Q2 report: £5.280m.
    - Transformation Project £5.000m Funding has been accelerated to align to the latest estimated spend for Smartcore.
    - Gigabit Voucher Scheme £0.280m Works have progressed quicker than first anticipated therefore funding has been accelerated from 2023/24 into 2022/23.

- Change in Portfolio: (-£0.175m). Movement since Q2 report: (-£0.175m).
  - Transformation Projects (Waste): (-£0.175m). Budget has transferred to Environment and Climate Change following a realignment of projects.
- 14. The latest Capital Programme Budget Monitor is reported in **Appendix 3** and full details of all individual schemes are set out in the <u>Budget Report</u> published in February 2022.

#### Risk

15. The following table summarises the risks within the corporate risk register that would have a direct impact on the portfolio. Risks to other portfolios are specified within the respective portfolio sections.

Risk No.	Risk Description	Previous Quarter Score	Current Score
CR11	There is a risk that the Council will not be seen as an attractive place to work by current and potential employees. This will result in problems <b>recruiting and retaining staff</b> in key skills areas.	25	25
CR39a	As a result of failing to maintain and ensure the correct use of our security systems and protocols, there is a risk of a successful <b>cyber-attack</b> directly from external threats; or indirectly as a consequence of staff accessing unsafe links from external sources and unauthorised/insecure website browsing. This will lead to significant service disruption and possible data loss.	25	25
CR39b	Data protection responsibilities. The Council is a Data Controller and has obligations and responsibilities arising from that role. Council needs resources, skills, knowledge, systems and procedures to ensure obligations are met.	9	9
CR50	WSCC are responsible for ensuring the health and safety at work of its staff and residents. There is a risk that if there is a <b>lack of Health and Safety</b> awareness and accountability by directorates to capture and communicate in accordance with Council governance arrangements, it will lead to a serious health and safety incident occurring.	9	9

16. Further details on all risks can be found in **Appendix 4** - Corporate Risk Register Summary. Full details of the latest Risk Register, including actions and mitigations can be found under the County Council's <u>Regulation</u>, <u>Audit and Accounts Committee Agenda</u> website.



	Approved budget	Latest budget for year	Projected outturn variation
Sources of Finance	£000	£000	£000
Precept	-532,646	-532,646	0
Business Rates Retention Scheme	-87,264	-91,922	0
Collection Fund Deficits	4,818	4,327	0
Covid-19 Income Loss Compensation	0	0	0
New Homes Bonus Grant	-1,959	-1,960	0
Revenue Support Grant	0	-13	0
Services Grant	-5,464	-5,464	0
Social Care Support Grant	-25,827	-25,827	0
Total Financing	-648,342	-653,505	0
	Approved budget	Latest budget for year	Projected outturn variation
Analysis of Expenditure	£000	£000	£000
Portfolio Budgets			
Adults Services	215,876	216,645	0
Children and Young People	139,318	140,707	12,600
Community Support, Fire and Rescue	45,110	46,181	-66
Environment and Climate Change	62,078	64,097	-2,980
Finance and Property	25,131	24,171	-423
Highways and Transport	41,372	38,744	1,600
Leader	2,892	3,056	-300
Learning and Skills	29,056	28,922	841
Public Health and Wellbeing	0	0	0
Support Services and Economic Development	41,487	41,813	114
Sub-total	602,320	604,336	11,386
		•	
Non-Portfolio Budgets			
Capital Financing - Repayment (MRP)	12,090	12,904	-25
Capital Financing - Interest	17,579	18,912	80
Revenue Contribution to Capital - Business Rates Pilot	4,614	4,614	0
Revenue Contribution to Capital - Other	2,255	2,297	0
Investment Income	-2,970	-2,970	-4,300
General Contingency	9,156	4,747	0
Transfers to/(from) Reserves - Business Rates Pilot	-4,614	-4,614	0
Transfers to/(from) Other Earmarked Reserves	7,912	12,757	0
Transfer DSG Deficit to Unusable Reserves	0	522	0
Sub-total	46,022	49,169	-4,245
Total Net Expenditure	648,342	653,505	7,141
Total Forecast Variation - overspending			7,141

Memo: Contingency	£000
Original Budget	9,156
Part Year National Insurance Saving	601
NJC & HAY Pay Award Allocations	-5,010
Available Contingency	4,747
Potential Commitments	
Fire Pay Award Estimate	-900
Tuped (Capita) Employees Pay Award Estimate	-200
Towards Projected Portfolio Overspend - Including Inflation Pressures	-3,647
	-4,747

Agenda Item 3

Appendix 1	Balance at	Projected	Projected	
Balances and Reserves	31-March-22 £000	Balance at 31- March-23 £000	Annual Movement £000	Detail on Projected Annual Movements >£500k
	2000	2000	2000	
Earmarked Reserves:				
Adult Social Care Reform Risk	-4,963	-19,963	-15,000	£15m reallocated to reserve to support anticipated future social care financial pressures.
Ash Dieback	-1,200	-1,200	0	
Budget Management	-61,657	-40,370	21,287	£31m reallocated to other earmarked reserves offset by £4.7m transfer as part of approved 22/23 budget plus additional £5.1m to reflect final settlement/Ctax/NNDR post budget approval.
Business Rates & Collection Fund Smoothing Reserve	-460	-10,460	-10,000	£10m reallocated to reserve to protect against shortfalls in council tax and business rate income.
Business Rates Pilot Fund	-17,380	-16,367	1,013	$\pounds$ 1.0m applied to capital programme for Gigabit (Voucher Schemes 1 & 2 plus District/Borough projects).
Covid-19 Fund	-15,976	-6,684	9,292	£1.7m applied to capital programme per approved 22/23 budget, £3m set aside for Hardship Fund, and continuing support to communities £4.6m.
Economic Growth	-1,984	-1,672	312	
Highways Commuted Sums	-5,165	-7,542	-2,377	£3.0m forecast sums receivable by Planning Services during year; offset by £0.4m applied to eligible Highways Maintenance schemes.
Highways On-Street Parking	-1,397	-897	500	On-street parking expenditure expected to exceed income generated by £0.5m in year.
Inflation Contingency	-4,969	-1,475	3,494	To support 22/23 service inflationary pressures.
Infrastructure Works Feasibility	-1,930	-1,953	-23	Initial estimated transfer from the reserve to fund 22/23 feasibility studies.
Insurance Reserve	-3,329	-5,697	-2,368	£5.0m increase following a review of funding required in future years offset by 2022/23 insurance claim payments; and forecast revenue shortfall (schools income) following change from Schools SLA recharges to de-delegated arrangements.
Interest Smoothing Account	-2,778	-2,778	0	
Miscellaneous Service Carry Forwards	-1,311	0	1,311	Anticipated drawdowns for IT, independent case reviews, and Trading Standards.
Recycling & Waste PFI	-10,362	-10,198	164	
Schools Sickness & Maternity Insurance Scheme	-1,403	-1,403	0	
Service Transformation Fund	-13,346	-9,855	3,491	£1m reallocated to reserve. Estimated £4.5m to be spent in 2022/23 supporting transformation projects.
Social Care Pressures (Adults and Children's)	0	-5,028	-5,028	£5.0m residual balances of 22/23 Services and Social Care Support grants not applied to finance commitments in approved budget.
Statutory Duties	-2,246	-2,182	64	
Street Lighting PFI	-22,953	-22,911	42	
Unapplied Revenue Grants	-2,805	-807	1,998	Drawdown of 2021/22 carry forward funding.
Waste Materials Resource Management Contract	-23,497	-22,097	1,400	$\pounds 1.4$ m applied to Environment and Climate Change portfolio per approved budget for estimated in-year lifecycle expenditure.
Other Earmarked Reserves	-2,280	-1,675	605	Social Care and Fire Improvement Funds transferred to support revenue costs.
Earmarked Reserves (Excluding Schools)	-203,391	-193,214	10,177	
School Balances _	-27,740	-27,575	165	
Total Earmarked Reserves	-231,131	-220,789	10,342	
General Fund	-20,286	-20,286	0	
Capital Grants Unapplied	-21,229	-1,444	19,785	Unringfenced grants applied to finance the overall capital spend.
Capital Receipts Reserve	-4,789	-4,789	0	
Total Usable Reserves	-277,435	-247,308	30,127	

# Service Transformation and Flexible Use of Capital Receipts Summary – Q3 2022/23

## **Service Transformation Summary**

- 1. At the start of the year, the balance within the Transformation Reserve stood at £13.3m. In addition, the County Council's 2022/23 Flexible Use of Capital Receipts Strategy details that it has flexibility to fund up to £10.0m of qualifying transformation expenditure. The County Council will review transformational expenditure during the year and, if expenditure meets the Flexible Use of Capital Receipts statutory guidance conditions, will consider applying capital receipts funding. However, any final decisions will be taken at the year end.
- 2. There are a number of transformation projects currently underway which include the Smartcore Programme, Insourcing and Procurement of IT Services, Better Use of Technology within Children Services, Support Services Programme, Smarter Ways of Working Programme, Adult Services Professional Services Support and other smaller projects.

#### **Smartcore Programme**

3. Work is underway to replace our existing SAP system with Oracle Fusion as part of the SmartCore Programme. This is a complex programme which when implemented and fully embedded will improve processes in Finance, Payroll, HR and Procurement. The programme is at the Systems Integration Testing (SIT) phase and work towards a go-live date continues.

#### **Insourcing and Procurement of IT Services**

- 4. All prerequisites for transition to a hybrid cloud compute environment were completed during the third quarter. These prerequisites included rationalisation and subsequent targeted refresh of the Windows server estate to support transition to the desired hybrid cloud model and to facilitate the potential move of primary datacentre to smaller premises
- 5. In parallel with supporting the return of the Capita SSO contract, the IT Service concluded the review of key architectural components to inform imminent procurement activity to train and embed new cloud management skills within the inhouse IT operations team. These new skills will support implementation of a new Azure landing zone, new expertise will include tenant management (for multivendor tenants), group policy and enhanced security management as well as conversational artificial intelligence and knowledge/cognitive services to support the Council's digital agenda.

#### Better Use of Technology within Children's Services

6. A decision was taken by the Cabinet Member for Children and Young People in August 2021 to procure a recording system for Children, Young People and Learning. The contract commenced on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2022 for an initial period of two years, with an option to extend by up to two years. The implementation project

involves significant resource from across the Council for a period of 18 months. This will include business input, IT resource, training and project management.

- 7. Rationalising data systems in this way offers a major benefit to children, young people and families in terms of the better coordination of evidence-based services delivered to them.
- 8. Implementation of the recording solution (Synergy and Core+) is now underway. Admissions moved to using Synergy in September 2022 and Youth Justice are due to complete the move to Core+ in March 2023. Other work areas are on track to move to the new systems by September 2023.

#### **Support Services Programme**

- 9. The County Council's ten-year contract with Capita for internal support services ended on 30 September 2022, with Accounts Payable, Business Services Administration, Operational Procurement, Online Service Delivery (web team) and the Customer Service function moving to the Council. Employment Services, (including Payroll, Shared HR Services and HR Services to Schools), had already transitioned as planned in June.
- 10. The Graphic Design printing procurement concluded and the new service is in place. The induction of over 300 staff is well underway with a focus on maintaining service continuity and supporting the aims and objectives of the organisation as set out in the wider Council Plan.
- 11. Costs relating to the completion of the work within the programme to support the move of the services to the Council have now been finalised. These include legal support to award new contracts and novate the existing 3<sup>rd</sup> party agreements, transition costs and commercial consultancy support.

#### **Early Years Property Support Project**

12. Following the implementation of the revised Early Help model in West Sussex during 2021/22, a number of one-off and temporary costs have been incurred associated with the clearance and holding of properties. Work continues during 2022/23 to re-assign or dispose of vacated buildings, reduce holding costs and deliver savings in running costs across the estate.

#### **Smarter Ways of Working Programme**

- 13. The County Council continues to build on the learning and experience gained from the pandemic to help shape future working practices.
- 14. The first phase of this programme has been completed and the second phase of work is underway. The aim of the programme is to enable the Council to provide services from a reduced number of cost-effective workspaces with a significantly reduced carbon footprint, located and sized to meet the needs of our smarter working practices, our staff, our services and our customers.
- 15. Work is currently underway to redesign the floor layout at County Hall, building on the success of the Bridge House interior refit and reflecting industry best

practice. The revised layout will allow the Council to move staff from The Grange and Northleigh buildings, which is on course to be completed by the end of 2023

## **Adults Services - Professional Services Support**

- 16. A programme of work has been agreed to oversee the delivery of the commitments made in Our Council Plan (2021-25) and the Adult Social Care Strategy (2022-25).
- 17. The programme is being delivered collaboratively with a combination of external resources with skills and experience in delivery of ASC programmes and inhouse staff in the three core business areas (Commissioning, Operations and Safeguarding, Planning and Performance).
- 18. As at December, a number of workstreams within the programme have delivered the following:
  - The production of a Market Sustainability Plan and the completion of a cost of care exercise, which has been submitted to the Department for Health and Social Care, a requirement of all local authorities;
  - A review of current Section 75 arrangements with a clear commitment from the County Council and NHS Sussex to work collaboratively in the development of a new agreement during 2023/24;
  - The transfer of commissioning functions to allow for statutory activity to sit with the relevant responsible senior leadership;
  - The drafting of a new transition to adulthood pathway and revised protocol for young people with disabilities and young people with mental health issues;
  - Workstreams developed to enable future delivery of the adult social care charging reforms
  - Work has begun to agree a new model of care in respect of an integrated reablement service;
  - Business process mapping has been undertaken across the service to understand service processes and identify any areas for improvement;
  - Further development of community design, communications, engagement and co-production.
- 19. Collaboration between external resources and officers within Adults Services in delivering the outcomes above has been integral, as this will allow Adults Services to sustain the changes made over the longer term.

## **Waste - New Service Model (Recycling Credits)**

20. In 2019/20, Cabinet allocated £2m to support District and Boroughs who commit to implement a New Service Model for refuse and reducing collections, to a specification and timetable agreed with the County Council, including separate food waste collections or alternative approaches which will improve performance and reduce costs.

- 21. Whilst the pandemic has impacted on the ability to drive this work forward, the County Council has continued to explore and incentivise household recycling and reduce demand pressure on the Council's waste services. A successful trial for segregation and disposal of food and absorbent hygiene products in Arun has now concluded and a further trial is underway in Mid Sussex. Other projects underway include:
  - A collection service to gather kerbside waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) in many areas including Adur and Worthing, Crawley and Horsham.
  - Flat improvement project. The identification of potential flats in Crawley to understand barriers of waste minimisation and increase recycling quality.

#### **Transformation Project Overview**

Table 1 – Transformation and Capital Receipt Budget Allocations - Overview of Current Projects

Project	Total Transformation/ Capital Receipt Project Budget Allocated	Project Spend Forecast	2022/23 Expenditure - As At 31 <sup>st</sup> December
Smartcore Programme*	£14,070,000	£14,070,000	£2,855,694
Insource of Procurement and IT Services	£2,750,000	£2,300,000	£256,721
Better Use of Technology – Children's Services	£1,748,000	£1,748,000	£362,880
Support Services Programme	£1,200,000	£1,200,000	£349,237
Early Years Property Support Project	£847,000	£847,000	£192,121
Smarter Ways of Working Programme	£1,916,000	£1,871,000	£143,413
Adults Services – Professional Services Support	£1,950,000	£1,950,000	£1,118,131
Waste – New Service Model (Recycling Credits)	£2,000,000	£2,000,000	£30,387

#### <u>Note:</u>

<sup>\*</sup>Smartcore Programme – Additional funding from schools to meet additional works to deliver their requirements (£0.857m) and one-off base budget (£0.250m) are not included in the budget allocation reported in this table.

#### 2022/23 CAPITAL MONITOR as at the end of December 2022

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) Variance
Portfolio	22/23 In-Flight Capital Programme (February County Council)	22/23 Pipeline Capital Programme (February County Council)	22/23 Total Capital Programme (February County Council)	Slippage/ (Acceleration) from 2021/22	Total 22/23 Revised Capital Programme	Actuals to Date	In-Flight Forecast for Remaining Period	Pipeline Forecast for Remaining Period	Full Year Forecast	Over/(Under) Spend
1 Gradulo	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Adults Services	127	0	127	0	127	48	79	0	127	0
Children and Young People	4,117	1,113	5,230	(3,273)	1,957	224	525	0	749	(1,208)
Community Support, Fire and Rescue	9,725	0	9,725	(2,534)	7,191	12,636	3,740	0	16,376	9,185
Environment and Climate Change	4,034	0	4,034	(116)	3,918	4,103	1,662	0	5,765	1,847
Finance and Property	8,161	475	8,636	(293)	8,343	2,091	3,200	0	5,291	(3,052)
Highways and Transport	49,790	0	49,790	(1,858)	47,932	28,090	21,018	0	49,108	1,176
Leader	2,656	300	2,956	2,340	5,296	6,194	2,630	0	8,824	3,528
Learning and Skills	28,774	2,000	30,774	2,286	33,060	19,829	15,886	0	35,715	2,655
Support Services and Economic Development	9,106	0	9,106	(3,882)	5,224	113	10,416	0	10,529	5,305
Total Capital Programme	116,490	3,888	120,378	(7,330)	113,048	73,328	59,156	0	132,484	19,436

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# **Corporate Risk Register Summary - December 2022**

**CR11** 

Current Score

25

**Target** Score

8

Initial Score Risk Change

Unchanged

20

Risk Description

As a result of skill shortages across various sectors, and less attractive employment offers in comparison to other organisations and locations (amplified by the current cost of living situation), there is a risk that we will not be able to recruit and retain sufficient numbers of qualified/experienced staff to manage and deliver quality services.

Date Risk Raised 01/03/2017

Risk Owner

Director of Human Resources & Org Dev

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date
Benchmarking of salaries against peers across neighbouring LA's focussed on attracting and retaining talent for key areas.	ongoing
Conduct planning session with HR team to review current recruitment practices, and meet with key stakeholders to develop comprehensive plan to address areas needing improvement.	ongoing
Develop alternative arrangements to attract candidates for hard to recruit to roles including the use of specialist third party search agencies.	01/02/2023
Development and regular communication of comprehensive employee value proposition to support recruitment and retention.	01/03/2023
Longer term strategies for addressing recruitment issues e.g. apprenticeships, growing our own.	ongoing
Produce Directorate Workforce Plans, in collaboration with services, to identify skills, capacity and capability requirements (current and future). Including succession planning for key roles, and defining training and career pathways to support recruitment and retention.	ongoing
Restructure of HR Resourcing function to ensure it better fits how recruitment now needs to be undertaken	01/03/2023

**CR58** 

Current Score

Target Score

Initial Score

25

Risk Change

Unchanged



25

9

Risk Description

The care market is experiencing an unprecedented period of fragility, particularly due to staff shortages and increasing demand. This has been further exacerbated by COVID19. If the current and future commercial/economic viability of providers is not identified and supported, there is a risk of failure of social care provision which will result in funded and self-funded residents of West Sussex left without suitable care.

Date Risk Raised 05/09/2018

Risk Owner

Director of Adults and Health

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date	9
Review capacity of residential and non-residential services to ensure service availability and to support identification of contingencies if needed.	ongoing	
Regular review of care homes business continuity arrangements to address government vaccination directive.	ongoing	
Provision of regular support and communication to care homes to monitor financial sustainability (increased engagement during COVID-19 pandemic to monitor Infection Control Grant).	ongoing	
Produce and receive approval for final version of the Market Sustainability Plan.	01/02/2023	
In the event of an incident, ensure the consistent implementation of Emergency Response Plans, including a full de-brief and lessons learned.	ongoing	Αþ
Financial analysis of high risk provision - due diligence checks.	ongoing	per
Collection of market information on Firefly. Analysis of information and appropriate level of quality assurance response.	ongoing	Appendix 4

CR39a

Current Score

25

Target Score

16

Initial Score

20

Risk Change

Unchanged

Risk Description

Cyber threat is an evolving, persistent and increasingly complex risk to the ongoing operation of County Council.

There is a risk of a successful cyber attack directly from external threats; or indirectly as a consequence of members or staff falling prey to social engineering or phishing attacks. The potential outcome may lead to significant service disruption and possible data loss.

Date Risk Raised 01/03/2017

Risk Owner

Director of Finance & **Support Services** 

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date	$\circ$
Conduct tests including penetration, DR and social engineering. (conducted 6 monthly)	ongoing	enc
Ensure that cyber-attack is identified early, that reporting & monitoring is effective, and recovery can be prompt.	ongoing	enda Item pendix 4
Improve staff awareness of personal & business information security practices & identification of cyber-security issues. Continued actions due to evolving threats.	ongoing	ω
Maintain IG Toolkit (NHS) & Public Service Network security accreditations.	ongoing	
Provide capacity & capability to align with National Cyber-Security centre recommendations.	ongoing	
Regular review, measurement and evaluation of corporate (technological/process) / organisational (behavioural) response to current and emerging cyber threats, where applicable to undertake pertinent actions to mitigate risks identified.	ongoing	
Transition to a controlled framework for process and practice.	ongoing	

CR22

Risk Description

Current Score

Score

Target

Initial Score

16

Risk Change

Unchanged

Risk Control/Action



20

The financial sustainability of council services is at risk due to uncertain funding from central government and economic conditions (mainly inflation and interest rates) impacting on service delivery, and/or failure to make the required decisions to ensure the budget is balanced. This has been compounded further with the COVID-19 pandemic and the now cost of living crisis which is making economic

conditions uncertain, and impacting on the cost of

council services and demand for services.

Date Risk Raised 01/03/2017

Risk Owner

Director of Finance & **Support Services** 

Risk Strategy

Treat

RISK CONTROL/ACTION	larget Date
Continue to lobby for fairer funding for Local Government through annual settlements, the Fair Funding Review, Levelling Up Agenda and Business Rates reset.	ongoing
Financial impacts arising from the Covid-19 national emergency need to be reflected and addressed within the PRR and MTFS as appropriate. Jan 23 - removed on change of risk ownership	ongoing
Financial Planning sessions with EMT and JLT taking place to ensure officers and Members understand and own the financial challenge.	ongoing
Monitor the use of additional funds made available to improve service delivery.	ongoing
Monthly monitoring of the financial position in 2022/23 and 2023/24 and reported to ELT and Cabinet Member for Finance to ensure pressures are visible and mitigating action put in place. This includes reporting on the delivery of savings in year.	ongoing
Publication of annual MTFS (Revenue and Capital) across a five year planning period aligned to the Council Plan. The budget gap for 2024/25 remains challenging - currently estimated at £40 to £50m over the medium term that will require a long term approach to financial planning and a different approach to identifying cost reductions and income generation (aligned to the Council Plan and priorities limited resources).	ongoing
Pursue additional savings options to help close the budget gap. Jan 23 - removed on change of risk ownership	ongoing

Target Date

Current Score Target Score

10

Initial Score Risk Change

Unchanged

25

Risk Description

A 'serious incident' occurs resulting in the death or serious injury of a child where the Council is found to have failed in their duty to safeguard, prevent or protect the child from harm.

Date Risk Raised 01/06/2019

Risk Owner

Director of Children, Young People and Learning

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date
Implement Practice Improvement Plan (PIP). Improvement Plans include management development and HCC intervention.	ongoing
Provide proactive improvement support to services to assure effective safeguarding practices.	ongoing

**CR69** 

Current Score

15

Target Score

Initial Score

25

al Risk Change

Unchanged



Risk Description

If the council fail to make the necessary improvements to progress from the previous 'inadequate' rating, there is a risk that children's services will fail to deliver an acceptable provision to the community.

Date Risk Raised 01/03/2020

Risk Owner

Director of Children, Young People and Learning

Risk Strategy

**Treat** 

Target Date
ongoing
ongoing
ongoing
01/03/2023

Agenda Item 3 Appendix 4

Current Score

15

Target Score

10

Initial Score Risk Change

Unchanged



Risk Description

The overdue re-procurement of care and support at home services has been further postponed, meaning the contractual arrangements are non-compliant, inefficient to manage, difficult to enforce and present a risk of challenge and CQC criticism. The delay is to enable more time for the market to stabilise, to complete service reviews and to allow imminent legislative changes to take effect.

Date Risk Raised 01/04/2022

Risk Owner

Director of Adults and Health

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date	
Focus resource onto managing provider relationships to improve contract management.	ongoing	enda bend
Regular communication and engagement with providers on programme development/progress, and strategic direction/consequences of changes.	ongoing	i Item lix 4
Service commitment to undertake re-procurement if and when required	ongoing	ω
Subject to appropriate approvals, opening up the Contingency Contract wider for providers to work with the Council in the interim	ongoing	

**CR72** 

Current Score

12

Target Score

8

Initial Score

Score 20

Risk Change

Unchanged



Risk Description

The government have stipulated that from 9 Sep 2021 children in care under 16 will not be allowed to be accommodated in unregistered placements. This has strengthened existing regulations that stipulate that all children and young people who require residential care must be placed within registered children's homes. Due to a local and nationwide shortage of registered provision there is a risk that these children and young people will not be cared for in settings that best meet their needs, which could lead to safeguarding concerns and enforcement action against the providers of unregistered homes and local authorities.

Date Risk Raised

01/08/2021

Risk Owner

Director of Children, Young People and Learning

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date
Develop and publish a market position statement to be sent out to care providers and other LA's to engage them in placements and requirements, in line with the needs of children.	01/03/2023
Escalate to Assistant Directors and Exec Director any situation where a child or young person is at risk of being without a registered provision when they require one.	ongoing

Current Score

2

Target Score

8

Initial Score Risk Change

Unchanged

Risk Description

If there is a failure to adequately prioritise, finance and resource our efforts to deliver on WSCC Climate Change commitments (e.g. 2030 Carbon Neutrality), there is a risk that there will be insufficient capacity and capability to complete the necessary actions within the required timeframes. This will lead to prolonged variations in weather and adverse impacts on WSCC service provision.

Date Risk Raised 01/01/2022

Risk Owner

Director for Place Services

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date
Align pipeline of projects for existing and future funding opportunities	ongoing
Built into county-wide Business Planning and budgeting process	ongoing
Clear prioritisation of CC Strategy delivery within Our Council Plan	ongoing
Existing estate & infrastructure made climate change resilient & future developments designed to be as low carbon & climate change resilient	ongoing
Recruitment and training policy to ensure all staff & elected members are suitably informed on climate change issues & that specialist skills are embedded through recruitment & training to enable delivery	ongoing
SMART programme of actions based on clear definitions and metrics	ongoing

**CR68** 

Current Score

10

Target Score

10

Initial Score

25

Risk Change

Unchanged



Risk Description

The government have relaxed COVID-19 restrictions, however there are still requirements for Local Authorities to support the management of the COVID-19 pandemic. If there is a resurgence in COVID-19 infections and local (county or district) responsibilities are prolonged or additional measures imposed, there is a risk services will fail to deliver existing work plans due to staff responding to the impact of the pandemic, or staff shortages due to sickness.

Date Risk Raised 01/03/2020

Risk Owner

**Chief Executive** 

Risk Strategy

Tolerate

	Risk Control/Action	Target Date
	Develop communications when required to manage expectations of staff and residents on WSCC response position.	ongoing
	Regular engagement with MHCLG and ensure information and direction is discussed and implemented through the Strategic Coordinating Group (SCG-Gold) and Tactical Coordination Group (TCG-Silver).	ongoing
	Review and update business continuity and service critical plans.	ongoing
	Services to consider impacts should government impose restrictions (via tier system) at a district level as opposed to county.	ongoing
	To continue to lobby government groups to influence funding decisions.	ongoing

Agenda Item 3 Appendix 4 CR39b

Current Score

9

Target Score

9

Initial Score

20

Risk Change

Unchanged

Risk Description

Data protection responsibilities. The Council is a Data Controller and has obligations and responsibilities arising from that role. Council needs resources, skills, knowledge, systems and procedures to ensure obligations are met. Date Risk Raised 01/03/2017

Risk Owner

Director of Law & Assurance

Risk Strategy

Tolerate

Risk Control/Action	Target Da	App App
Adopt ISO27001 (Information Security Management) aligned process & practices.	ongoing	enc
Enable safe data sharing, including using appropriate data standards & appropriate anonymization techniques.	ongoing	genda Item opendix 4
Ensure that access to sensitive data and information is controlled.	ongoing	ω
Ensure the skills and knowledge is available to support Caldicott Guardian in ASC.	ongoing	
Maintain IG Toolkit (NHS) & Public Service Network security accreditations.	ongoing	
Review IT systems implemented prior to 25 May 2018 to confirm compliance with updated regulations.	ongoing	
Test the effectiveness of DPIA	ongoing	
Undertake Data Privacy Impact Assessments (DPIA) when systems or processes change and carry out resulting actions.	ongoing	

**CR50** 

Current Score

Target Score

6

Initial Score

20

Risk Change Unchanged

Risk Description

WSCC are responsible for ensuring the HS&W of its staff and residents. There is a risk that if there is a lack of H&S awareness and accountability by directorates to capture and communicate in accordance with Council governance arrangements, it will lead to a serious health & safety incident occurring.

Date Risk Raised 01/03/2017

Risk Owner

Director of Human Resources & Org Dev

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date
Conduct a training needs analysis, produce gap analysis to understand requirements and produce suitable courses as a consequence.	ongoing
Develop and introduce a more comprehensive risk profile approach and front line service based audits.	ongoing
Incorporate HS&W information into current performance dashboard.	ongoing
Purchase, develop and introduce an interactive online H&S service led audit tool.	ongoing
Regular engagement with other LA's on best practice and lessons learned.	ongoing
Regular engagement with services to ensure H&S responsibilities continue to be fully understood and embedded in BAU activities.	ongoing

Current Score

8

Target Score

4

Initial Score Risk Change

Unchanged

16

Risk Description

There are governance systems which inhibit effective performance and a culture of non-compliance and also a lack of standardisation in some systems and processes. Skills and knowledge of systems inadequate and excessive effort required for sound decisions and outcomes.

Date Risk Raised 01/12/2019

Risk Owner

Director of Law & Assurance

Risk Strategy

Treat

Risk Control/Action	Target Date
Audit plan focussing reviews on key corporate support systems to identify areas in need of improvement.	ed ongoing
Data on areas of non-compliance used to inform Directors to enforce compliance with standards.	n ongoing
Guidance to CMT on governance. Schedule and deliver associated training	ongoing
Regular compliance monitoring and active corporate support when non-compliance happens to establish better practice.	ongoing

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## Workforce Information - Q3 2022/23

Leadership & Man	agement	Indicator 2022/23	Q3 2022/23	Q2 2022/23
Leadership	Percentage of Senior Management positions filled by permanent WSCC employees (Excluding Vacancies)	95%	100%	100%
Stability	Rolling 12-month turnover percentage for permanent positions at HAY Grade (or equivalent) and above	11%	11.4%	11%
Resourcing & Tale	nt	Indicator 2022/23	Q3 2022/23	Q2 2022/23
Employed workforce (Includes all staff directly employed by WSCC.	Total Employed Headcount (total number of people employed over reporting period)	Not Applicable	6,019	5,689
Excludes casuals, agency, outside bodies, pensioners & partners)	Employed Headcount (at the end of the reporting period)	Not Applicable	5,875	5,475
& partifers)	Employed FTE (at the end of the reporting period)	Not Applicable	5,250	4,911
	Number of new Apprentice starters since the start of the financial year (excluding Schools)	113	74	52
Acaray (Matrix)	Total contract spend with Matrix	Not Applicable	£6,117,539	£5,638,185
Agency (Matrix)	Agency (Matrix) % of Employed workforce	Not Applicable	8%	9%
Staff Turnover	Rolling 12-month turnover rate	Between 9% & 13%	12.9%	14%
Performance & De	evelopment	Indicator 2022/23	Q3 2022/23	Q2 2022/23
Performance	Percentage positive response to the Pulse Survey question: "I have regular meaningful conversations with my manager about my performance, wellbeing and support needs"	78%	79% (May 2022 Survey)	79% (May 2022 Survey)
Learning & development	Percentage positive response to the question: "I have good opportunities to develop my skills and knowledge in line with my role and my aspirations"	70%	71% (May 2022 Survey)	71% (May 2022 Survey)
	Staff induction completion rates	90%	92%	80%

Wellbeing, Values	& Ways of Working	Indicator 2022/23	Q3 2022/23	Q2 2022/23
Behaviours & Values	Percentage positive response to the Pulse Survey question: "I am treated with dignity and respect by my work colleagues"	87%	91% (May 2022 Survey)	91% (May 2022 Survey)
Ways of Working	Percentage positive response to the Pulse Survey question: "I am part of a supportive team where we regularly reflect on our successes and challenges enabling us to continuously improve"	78%	81% (May 2022 Survey)	81% (May 2022 Survey)
Working	Percentage positive response to the Pulse Survey question: "My ideas and opinions are valued and are used to help shape the way we work and our future planning"	73%	74% (May 2022 Survey)	74% (May 2022 Survey)
Level of sickness absence (May retrospectively change due to late reporting of sickness)	Rolling 12-month average number of calendar days lost due to sickness absence per FTE	15 Calendar Days p.a.	16.0	16.1
	Number of calendar days lost due to short term sickness absence (less than 21 calendar days)	Not Applicable	8,224	5,659
	Top reason for short term absence (less than 21 calendar days)	Not Applicable	Cold, Flu, Cough	Coronavirus
	Number of calendar days lost due to long term sickness absence (21 or more calendar days)	Not Applicable	13,932	12,966
	Top reason for long term absence (21 or more calendar days)	Not Applicable	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health	Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health
Diversity & Inclusion		Indicator 2022/23	Q3 2022/23	Q2 2022/23
Employee Disclosure Rate	Disclosure rate for self- declaration of an employee's: disability; sexual orientation; race/ethnicity; religion	40%	30.2%	30.7%



## **Workforce Summary Narrative**

- Of the 12 KPIs with a RAG status indicator, nine are reported as Green, two are Amber and one is Red. Last quarter there were eight Green and four Amber KPIs.
- 2. The KPI which is reporting as Red relates to the 'Employee declaration disclosure rate' for diversity data\*. This KPI has changed from Amber because the declaration rate is 30.2% which is 9.8% below the indicator level for this financial year of 40%. This compares to 30.7% reported last quarter. The slight fall in the percentage is again due to a higher number of leavers who had declared all four Protected Characteristics, than have been replaced by new starters, who so far, have not declared their Protected Characteristic data. The communication campaign to encourage all staff to provide their diversity data is continuing. This multifaceted campaign will run over the next 6-12 months. The success of the campaign is being tracked and it is clear that a more targeted approach to Directorates, Services and Teams was needed and this is being implemented. This is also being tied-in with communications on Smartcore around the need for individuals to check and update their personal data. The declaration rate for the four individual Protected Characteristics is: 60% for Ethnic Origin; 45% for Disability; 42% for Sexual Orientation; and 32% for Religion/Belief – these are the same as the previous quarter expect Ethnic Origin which was 61% in Q2.
  - \* This KPI combines four Protected Characteristics (Disability; Ethnicity; Sexual Orientation; and Religion) and provides the percentage of the workforce who have provided their data across all four Protected Characteristics.
- 3. The two KPIs which are rated as Amber for Q3 are:
  - i. 'Number of new Apprentice starters since the start of the financial year (excluding Schools)'. The end of year indicator for this KPI is 113 but the Q3 figure is 74. Based on the number of learners who have recently applied or are going through the enrolment process, there will be 100 apprenticeship starters this year (if they all start before the end of March). There is the possibility of additional applications during the next quarter, but this might be offset by delays in some planned apprentices not starting by the end of the financial year, putting the achievement of the indicator at risk.
  - ii. 'Rolling 12-month average number of calendar days lost due to sickness absence per FTE'. The Q3 figure is 16.0 calendar days which is 0.1 days lower than the previous quarter, but still one day above the indicator level of 15 calendar days. Coronavirus accounts for 1,866 absence days of the total sickness absence for Q3 which is 8.4% (1,726 and 9.3% in Q2 respectively). If Coronavirus is excluded from the sickness absence data, then the rolling 12-month average number of calendar days sickness per FTE drops from 16.0 to 14.2 calendar days (14.3 in Q2). This would be below the indicator range and would result in this KPI being rated as Green.
- 4. The two KPIs which were reported as Amber in Q2 but are Green this quarter are:

- i. 'Rolling 12-month turnover rate'. The rate has changed from 14% to 12.9% which brings it within the indicator range of 9-13%. The fall in the percentage is mainly due to the large increase in headcount following the insourcing from Capita. This is because the calculation for this KPI is total leavers over the period divided by average number of employees, so the increase in the number of employees increases the average and therefore lowers the overall %. Another factor in the reduction is the rolling nature of the KPI, so for this quarter there were 137 leavers, whereas in the same quarter in 2021 (which is being replaced in the 12-month calculation) there were 180 leavers again, this lowers the overall percentage of this KPI. The rolling 12-month turnover for Children, Young People & Learning is 15.8% and for Adult Services and Health it is 11.5% (17.2% and 14.2% respectively for Q2)
- ii. 'Staff induction completion rates'. Last quarter this KPI was reporting 80%, significantly below the indicator level of 90%. The fall last quarter was predominantly due to the reduction of the completion rate in the Children, Young People and Learning Directorate (CYPL), which fell from 87% in Q1 to 74% last quarter. The overall County Council rate is now 92% which is back above the indicator level and the completion rate in CYPL this quarter has increased to 94%. This significant increase is the result of action undertaken by the Learning and Development Team which involved robust messaging around the importance of induction and supporting managers whose staff were not completing their induction training within required timescales. Another Directorate which had a reduced completion rate last quarter was Place Services where the completion rate had fallen from 93% in Q1 to 73% in Q2. The completion rate for Place Services this quarter has increased to 82% but this still remains below the indicator level.
- 5. The five KPIs based on the Pulse Survey remain the same as last quarter as there has been no re-run of the Pulse Survey during this quarter (last survey was in May 2022). The Pulse Survey is currently being reviewed and this might result in changes to the survey questions and/or the frequency the survey is conducted. Any changes affecting the current KPIs sourced from the Pulse Survey will be included in future reports to the committee.
- 6. Employee Headcount has increased from 5,475 in Q2 to 5,875; a rise of 400. Employed FTE also increased from 4,911 to 5,250, a rise of 339. Both increases are largely related to the last tranche of insourcing of staff from the Capita Shared Services contract (334 headcount and 276.4 FTE).
- 7. Total sickness absence has increased from 18,625 in Q2 to 22,156, an increase of 3,531 calendar days. The increase has been in both short-term sickness absence (less than 21 days absence) which has increased from 5,659 to 8,224 calendar days (+2,565) and long-term sickness which has increased from 12,966 to 13,932 calendar days (+966). In comparison with the same quarter in 2021, the number of absence due to sickness is almost identical with 22,256 calendar days in 2021, compared to 22,156 this quarter. However, with the significant increase in headcount, the value of comparing back to the same quarter a year ago is not as informative as previously reported quarters.
- 8. Despite the increase in total sickness absence, the rolling 12-month average number of calendar days sickness per FTE, which is our main indicator for

- sickness absence, has fallen again to 16.0 days (from 16.1 days in Q2). This anomaly is mostly due to the significant increase in employee headcount following the insourcing of people from Capita. The increased headcount means sickness absence is spread across a wider employment base compared to previous quarters.
- 9. There has been a change to the top reason for short-term sickness absence (less than 21 calendar days). Last quarter the top reason was Coronavirus but this quarter the top reason for absence is 'Cold/Flu/Cough' with 2,163 calendar days. Short-term sickness absence attributed to Coronavirus is at a slightly lower level than the previous quarter (1,291 calendar days this quarter compared to 1,726). For long-term sickness absence (21 or more calendar days) the top reason for sickness is 'Anxiety, Stress, Depression, Mental Health' which is the same as the previous quarter.
- 10. During the discussion of the Q2 workforce information, Members asked for a breakdown of sickness by Directorate. The table below provides this breakdown for Directorates, plus the main Service in our two biggest Directorates (Adults & Health and CYPL). The overall organisation figure (WSCC) from the main KPI table is provided for context. The KPI reported in Table 1 is the 'Rolling 12-month average number of calendar days lost due to sickness absence per FTE'. This KPI has been selected because it provides an average per FTE which enables a direct comparison between organisational units which have considerably different headcounts/FTEs.

Table 1 - Rolling 12-month average number of calendar days lost due to sickness absence per FTE by Directorate

Organisation Level	Rolling 12-month average number of calendar days lost due to sickness absence per FTE		
	Q3 2022/23	Q2 2022/23	
WSCC	16.0	16.1	
Adult Services & Health	21.9	21.4	
Adult Services	21.3	20.9	
Children, Young People & Learning	16.9	17.3	
Children & Family Services	20.1	20.5	
Chief Executive's Office	4.4	6.1	
Finance & Support Services	9.0	6.6	
Fire & Rescue Service	10.7	12.6	
HR & Organisational Development	6.5	7.3	
Law & Assurance	8.2	6.4	
Place Services	16.2	15.0	

- 11. Members also requested officers consider providing figures in relation to the cost of sickness absence. In summary, this is complex and would require new data recording processes to be designed and implemented. The main issues are:
  - Not all absence has a monetary cost but rather one of lower productivity through reduced capacity.
  - Where there is a financial impact to the absence, due to agency usage or overtime payments for example, it is often difficult to directly link this to

- a single member of absent staff and therefore challenging to identify the additional cost being incurred.
- Depending on an employee's terms and conditions and length of service, they may receive different and lower rates of pay whilst absent. It is therefore difficult to provide an "average" figure for a staff member based purely on their grade as there are other factors to consider.
- 12. Given the above issues, it would take significant work to establish a mechanism for collating the necessary data and report on any meaningful cost of absence, if indeed the data could be identified. With such complexity, there is a risk of providing information that is potentially misrepresentative and distracts from the overall aim of managing sickness absence through support to employees to return to work as soon as they can.